

HARBOUR-LINK GROUP BERHAD

[Registration No. 200201025239 (592902-D)]

# RIDING THE NEW WAVE OF GROWTH

ANNUAL REPORT 2022





Established in 2002, Harbour-Link Group Berhad consolidated all related business activities and was officially listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 6 January 2004. With its roots firmly planted in the shipping, marine and integrated logistics services as well as engineering and construction industry for the past 47 years, Harbour-Link Group has grown steadily and built multi-disciplinary industry expertise covering a comprehensive range of services to fulfil its client's needs. Today, Harbour-Link Group's business footprint extends across the Intra-Asian region and it has successfully established itself as a reputable brand-name within the industries that it operates in.

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Form of Proxy

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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Dato Yong Piaw Soon**Chairman and Group Managing Director

**Wong Siong Seh** *Executive Director* 

**Dato' Toh Guan Seng** Executive Director

# **Bin Lay Thiam**

Independent Non-Executive
Director

**Datuk Pau Chiong Ung**Independent Non-Executive
Director

# **Khoi Hoay Ling**

Independent Non-Executive
Director

Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak ndependent Non-Executive

Independent Non-Executive Director



# AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Bin Lay Thiam *(Chairman)*Datuk Pau Chiong Ung
Khoi Hoay Ling
Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak *(Appointed on 25 May 2022)* 

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Datuk Pau Chiong Ung *(Chairman)* Bin Lay Thiam Khoi Hoay Ling

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Datuk Pau Chiong Ung *(Chairman)* Bin Lay Thiam Khoi Hoay Ling

# **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Lim Seck Wah (MAICSA 0799845) M. Chandrasegaran A/L S.Murugasu (MAICSA 0781031)

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Wisma Harbour
Parkcity Commerce Square
Jalan Tun Ahmad Zaidi
97000 Bintulu, Sarawak
email :info@harbour.com.my

#### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd Level 15-2, Bangunan Faber Imperial Court, Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : (03) 2692 4271 Fax : (03) 2732 5388

email: info@megacorp.com.my

## **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young PLT Chartered Accountants 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Wisma Bukit Mata Kuching Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman 93100 Kuching Sarawak, Malaysia

# **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Malayan Banking Berhad AmBank Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Name : HARBOUR Stock Code : 2062

#### **WEBSITE**

www.harbour.com.my

# **CORPORATE** STRUCTURE

As at 1 October 2022



# HARBOUR-LINK GROUP BERHAD

[Registration No. 200201025239 (592902-D)

# **SHIPPING AND MARINE DIVISION**



# HARBOUR IVORY SDN BHD

[200601018496 (738249-M)]



## HARBOUR-LINK NAVIGATION SDN BHD

[200501001514 (678560-X)]



## HARBOUR HORNBILL SDN BHD

[200601013788 (733539-X)]



# HARBOUR-LINK LINES SDN BHD

[200601018501 (738254-T)]



## HLG PETROLEUM SDN BHD

[200601003074 (722821-K)]

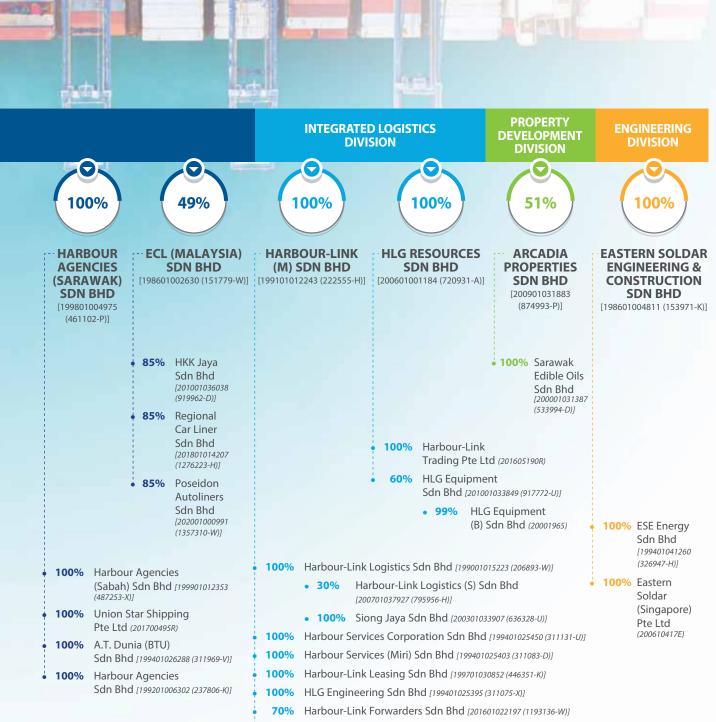
- **100%** Harbour Challenger Sdn Bhd [200501002334 (679380-P)]
- **100%** Harbour Eagle Sdn Bhd
- **100%** Satun Shipping Sdn Bhd [200501004913 (681960-T)]
- **100%** Harbour-Link Marine Services Sdn Bhd [200601018500 (738253-H)]
- **100%** Harbour Agencies (Sibu) Sdn Bhd [199401006065 (291744-P)]
- **100%** Harbour Services (Kuching) Sdn Bhd [199501024940 (354145-A)]
- **100%** Harbour Xtra Sdn Bhd [201501021029 (1146365-W)]
- **100%** Navasco Shipping Sdn Bhd [199601037065 (409418-A)]
- **85%** Harbour-Link Shipping Sdn Bhd [200601018499 (738252-M)]
- **85%** Harbour Ruby Sdn Bhd [201501028263 (1153587-X)]
- **85%** Harbour Zenith Sdn Bhd [201501028026 (1153350-W)]
- **100%** Harbour Gemini Sdn Bhd [200601013791 (733542-X)]
- **85%** AM Lines Sdn Bhd [201601002993 (1173919-X)]
- **85%** Harbour Frida Sdn Bhd [202001042661 (1398982-P)]

54.79% Advance Mariner Lines Sdn Bhd [201601002851 (1173777-U)]

- 100% AML Shipping Sdn Bhd [201601003022 (1173948-H)]
  - 49% T&T Forwarding Sdn Bhd [200801027434 (828760-P)]
- 100% AML Shipping (Singapore) Pte Ltd (201620045G)
- 51% AML Shipping (Sabah)
  Sdn Bhd
  [201601033269
  (1204210-A)]
- 100% Harbour-Link Lines (S) Pte Ltd (201423615W)
- **100%** Harbour Jupiter Sdn Bhd [200701001232 (759230-A)]
- 100% Harbour-Link Lines (KK) Sdn Bhd [200601019811 (739564-H)]
- **90%** Harbour-Link Lines (JB) Sdn Bhd [200601019807 (739560-D)]
- 100% Harbour-Link Lines (KCH) Sdn Bhd [200601019812 (739565-T)]
- **60%** Harbour-Link Lines (PK) Sdn Bhd [200601019809 (739562-P)]
  - **40%** Smart Shipping
    Sdn Bhd [200501010748
    (687795-U)]
- **100%** Harbour-Link Lines Limited (2701216)
- 55% Harbour-Link Lines (B) Sdn Bhd (00007861)

# **CORPORATE STRUCTURE**

As at 1 October 2022 cont'd



Best Success Bonded Store Supply Sdn Bhd [201101027491 (955626-T)]

Serimaju Konsortium Sdn Bhd [201501026371 (1151695-K)]

A & H Project Services Sdn Bhd [200001022344 (524951-W)]
Harbour Services Sdn Bhd [198901008653 (185955-A)]

Harbour Global Logistics Co. Ltd (455-81-01421)

Harbour Global Forwarders Sdn Bhd [201501038954 (1164275-P)]

60%

100%

50%

19.5%

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

# **Dato Yong Piaw Soon** *Chairman and*

Group Managing Director

# Wong Siong Seh Executive Director **Dato' Toh Guan Seng** Executive Director **Khoi Hoay Ling Datuk Pau Chiong Ung** Independent Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director **Bin Lay Thiam** Independent Non-Executive Director Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak Independent Non-Executive Director

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

cont'd

# **DATO YONG PIAW SOON**

70

Chairman and Group Managing Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 27 December 2003. He is a founder member of Harbour-Link Group and his active involvement in the shipping and freight forwarding industry in East Malaysia since the early 1970s has distinguished him as one of the industry's pioneers. At the same time, he also ventured into timber export and other logging related activities. His astute business instincts and in-depth knowledge of the shipping and forwarding industry has positioned him well to spearhead and lead the business expansion and development of Harbour-Link Group throughout the years.

Under his leadership, Harbour-Link Group has grown to become a major player in the shipping and forwarding industry in the region. He has succeeded in elevating Harbour-Link Group to a higher level of business achievement and diversifying into Engineering, Shipping & Marine Services, Freight Forwarding & Logistic Services, Equipment Sales & Rental and Property Development & Construction. He has laid a good foundation for the future of the Harbour-Link Group of Companies. He sits on the Board of several subsidiary companies of Harbour-Link Group Berhad.

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# **WONG SIONG SEH**

60

Executive Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 27 December 2003 and is a founder member of Harbour-Link Group. He started his career in early 1980s working as an executive in a prominent shipping company in Sibu. His involvement in the shipping industry has earned him vast experience and exposure and, a sound understanding of the industry which includes ship management, freighting, chartering services and other related services. In 1983, he joined Antah Transact Sdn. Bhd. as an Operations Manager. He was attached to the company for nine (9) years where he was involved in providing logistic services in the oil and gas industry. He left Antah Transact Sdn. Bhd. in 1992 to join Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. and later was appointed as Director on 1 March

He is in charge of the Harbour-Link Group's shipping and container liner service operations, management and business development. He also sits on the Board of several subsidiary companies of Harbour-Link Group Berhad.

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

cont'd

# **DATO'TOH GUAN SENG**

67

Executive Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 27 December 2003 and is a founder member of Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn. Bhd. ("ESEC"). He has more than 40 years' experience in the oil and gas industry. He started his career as a Unit Group Leader with Jurong Engineering Pte. Ltd (Singapore) and later ventured into business by setting up his trading firm dealing with LPG safety equipments. In 1986, he founded ESEC and over the period of 34 years under his able leadership, ESEC Group has managed to penetrate into the oil and gas and petrochemical industries resulting in the gradual and steady growth of ESEC.

He is currently President of Federation of Malaysia Foundry & Engineering Industries Association (FOMFEIA), President of the Negeri Sembilan Foundry & Engineering Industries Association, and Executive Advisor of Negeri Sembilan Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry (NSCCCI).

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# **BIN LAY THIAM**

52

Independent Non-Executive Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 6 February 2014. He is also a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and was appointed as the Chairman of Audit and Risk Management Committee on 1 July 2016. He is a Chartered Accountant by profession and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants (MICPA).

Started his career at KPMG Peat Marwick, Kuala Lumpur in 1990 where he spent ten (10) years in audit division. Thereafter, he served few public-listed companies holding roles as Group Financial Controller and Chief Financial Officer from 2000 till 2020. During his tenure in these public-listed companies, he was principally involved in corporate reporting, statutory compliance and fund raising and responsible for the financial affairs, business development and treasury functions.

He is currently the General Manager, Finance of SWM Environment Sdn. Bhd.

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# **DATUK PAU CHIONG UNG**

70

Independent Non-Executive Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 13 January 2015 and is also a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee. He was appointed as the Chairman of Remuneration Committee on 22 November 2016 and re-designated as Chairman of Nomination Committee on 27 August 2018. He holds a technical certificate of wood working from Japan and has been engaged in timber and shipping industries for the last 30 years.

In his working experience, he has served as Shipping Manager, General Manager and Managing Director of several shipping, timber extraction and export companies. He is currently Director of various private companies involving in wood manufacturing and shipping. He was appointed and served as Senator of Malaysian Parliament for a period of six (6) years from 2007 to 2013. He is also the Chief Executive Officer of Timberwell Berhad.

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

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# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

cont'd

# **KHOI HOAY LING**

52

# Independent Non-Executive Director - Malaysian/Female

She was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 1 May 2018. She is also a member of the Audit and Risk Management, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. She is an accountant by profession and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants (MICPA).

She is currently the General Manager, Finance of Peremba (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. and is responsible for the financial, tax and corporate related matters of the Peremba Group. Prior to joining the Peremba Group in 1995, she was with KPMG Peat Marwick since 1990. She has vast experience in audit, accounting, tax and corporate finance.

She attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

## **DATU IR. HAJI MOHIDDEN BIN HAJI ISHAK**

70

Independent Non-Executive Director - Malaysian/Male

He was appointed to the Board of Harbour-Link Group Berhad on 25 February 2021 and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee on 25 May 2022. He is a member of the Institution of Engineers Malaysia and registered with the Board of Engineers Malaysia.

He has over 25 years of extensive leadership experience; from his early days as the General Manager of Bintulu Development Authority (from July 2003 to April 2015) to managing his own engineering business and he was on the Board of Sarawak Consolidated Industries Berhad (from September 2015 to February 2022). He is currently Director of various private companies in the engineering services sector. His leadership skill is also extended towards non-profit institutions such as in the Malaysia Red Cresent Bintulu Chapter and Bintulu Muslim Charitable Board. He was on the Board of University Putra Malaysia from 2015 to 2018. Previously, he was also a Director in Bintulu Port Authority, BDA Properties Sdn. Bhd., Laku Management Sdn. Bhd., Kemena Industries Sdn. Bhd. and Samalaju Properties Sdn. Bhd.

He attended all the four (4) Board of Directors meetings held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

#### (a) Other Directorship

None of the Directors hold any directorship in other public companies.

#### (b) Family Relationship

None of the Directors have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

#### (c) Conflict of Interest

The Company has entered into recurrent related party transactions with parties in which the Directors of the Company, namely Dato Yong Piaw Soon and Wong Siong Seh have direct and/or indirect interests. Save for the above-mentioned disclosure, none of the other Directors have any conflict of interest with the Company.

#### (d) Conviction of Offences

Other than traffic offences, if any, none of the Directors have any conviction for offences within the past five (5) years or any public sanction or penalty imposed by any relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# **KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### **SANDRA CHAN LEE HUNG**

Financial Controller

## Female | 51 | Malaysian

- Obtained professional accounting degree from Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA).
- Fellow of ACCA in 2003 and member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).
- 28 years working experience in related industry.
- Joined Harbour-Link Group in 1990 as Audit Supervisor.
- Promoted to Accountant in 2003.
- Promoted to Senior Account and Finance Manager in 2008.
- Appointed as Financial Controller in 2016.
- In charge of corporate and financial matters of the Group.

## **LEE SENG CHIONG**

Executive Director
Shipping and Marine Division

## Male | 63 | Malaysian

- Started career in 1981 as a Shipping Executive where he gained experience in shipping operations, marketing and management.
- Joined Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. and was appointed as Executive Director in 1994.
- Presently is in charge of the Bintulu region shipping operations, management and business development.
- Board member of several subsidiary companies of Harbour-Link Group Berhad.

#### **HII KWONG WUI**

Executive Director
Shipping and Marine Division

## Male | 60 | Malaysian

- 41 years working experience in shipping industry.
- Started career in Pan Sarawak Co. Sdn. Bhd. in 1981 as a Shipping Executive.
- Joined Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. in 1994 and was appointed as the Executive Director in charge of Sibu and Kuching region in 1996.
- Presently is in charge of both Sibu and Kuching regions' daily operations, management and business development.
- Board member of several subsidiary companies of Harbour-Link Group Berhad.

#### **LAU CHII HUNG**

Executive Director Shipping and Marine Division

# Male | 59 | Malaysian

- Obtained Bachelor Degree of Science major in Computer Science & Mathematics in 1984.
- 38 years working experience in related industry.
- Joined Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. in year 1994 and was appointed as Executive Director in 1996.
- In charge of business development and operation of shipping and marine services in Miri, Port Klang and Sabah region.
- Board member of several subsidiary companies of Harbour-Link Group Berhad.

#### **HOOI YEN PENG**

Executive Director
Engineering and Construction Division

# Male | 71 | Malaysian

- Co-founder of Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn. Bhd.
- Appointed as Executive Director of Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn. Bhd. in 1985.
- In charge of project estimation, contract administration and project execution of the Division.

#### **KHEW WEE YEAP**

General Manager Engineering and Construction Division

## Male | 51 | Malaysian

- Obtained Bachelor Degree (BSc) in Mechanical Engineering in 1993.
- Obtained Master of Business Administration (MBA) in 1999.
- Registered member with IEM and BEM.
- Joined Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn Bhd in 1994 and appointed as General Manager in 2016.
- 28 years of working experience in the related industry.
- Oversee day-to-day operation and all technical and commercial aspect related to project.

# **KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

cont'd

#### **LIM SIN SANG**

Executive Director
Container Shipping Unit/Shipping and Marine Division

## Male | 54 | Malaysian

- 32 years working experience in the related industry.
- Joined Harbour-Link Group in 2006 as Executive Director of Harbour-Link Lines (PK) Sdn. Bhd.
- In charge of business development and operation of container liner services of Harbour Link Lines in Port Klang.

#### **ONG KHOON SENG**

Executive Director
Container Shipping Unit/Shipping and Marine Division

## Male | 57 | Malaysian

- Member of Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA), UK and Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).
- 33 years working experience in related industry.
- Joined Harbour-Link Group in 2016 as Executive Director of Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary companies.
- In charge of running AML brand and its related business units.

#### **TING SING HONG**

Senior Manager Freight Forwarding/Integrated Logistics Division

## Male | 65 | Malaysian

- Obtained professional degree in Bachelor of Art in Business Administration.
- 43 years working experience in related industry.
- Joined Harbour-Link Group in 1995 as Assistant Manager under Freight Forwarding unit.
- Promoted to Manager in 1998.
- Head of the business unit in 2007 until now.
- CMILT holder.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

(a) Other Directorship

None of the Key Senior Management holds any directorship in other public companies.

(b) Family Relationship

None of the Key Senior Management has any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the Company.

(c) Conflict of Interest

None of the Key Senior Management has any conflict of interest with the Company.

(d) Conviction of Offences

Other than traffic offences, if any, none of the Key Senior Management have any conviction for offences within the past five (5) years or any public sanction or penalty imposed by any relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.



cont'd

## (2) KEY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following discussion and analysis compares the Group's financial condition and results of operations for the year ended 30 June 2022 with those of the previous years.

#### **Financial Review**

	2022 (RM'000)	2021 (RM'000)	2020 (RM'000)	2019 (RM'000)	2018 (RM′000)
Group Revenue	907,503	609,001	617,250	593,951	615,800
Group Operating Profit	204,502	88,609	40,060	44,788	61,606
Profit before tax	200,307	82,943	35,038	41,908	59,506
Profit after tax	179,467	74,739	23,639	29,232	41,698
Group net profit attributable to shareholders	149,740	60,577	25,920	24,987	35,909
Operating cash flow	211,570	93,247	79,056	27,924	65,568
Earnings per share (EPS) (sen)	37.57	15.19	6.47	6.24	8.98
Return on equity (ROE) (%)	24.31	12.75	6.18	6.28	9.55
Net Gearing (%)	-	-	2	10	6

# (3) FINANCIAL RESULT

# (i) Revenue

In 2022, Group revenue has increased by RM298.5 million from RM609 million reported in 2021. The major contributor of the increase in the revenue is from shipping and marine segment. The shipping and marine segment recorded revenue of RM610.44 million which is RM214.42 million or 54% higher than the preceding financial year ended 30 June 2021 of RM396.01 million. The increase in the revenue by 54% is due to increase in ocean freight rates for Intra Asia trade.

#### Revenue by business divisions:

Group Revenue by Business Division	Investment Holding (RM'000)	Shipping and Marine Services (RM'000)	Integrated Logistics (RM'000)	Engineering Works (RM'000)	Property Development (RM'000)
2022	-	610,436	249,056	42,050	5,962
2021	-	396,014	168,982	35,666	8,338
Increase/(Decrease)	-	214,422	80,074	6,384	(2,376)
%	-	54%	47%	18%	(28%)

## (ii) Profit after tax

Profit after tax for 2022 has increased by more than 100% to RM179.47 million against the RM74.74 million the previous year. Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders has increased by more than 100% to RM149.74 million in 2022. In tandem, earnings per share for 2021 increased to 37.57 sen from 15.19 sen in 2022.

Profit before tax was higher in 2022 mainly attributed from the shipping and marine division. The reason for the significant increase in the profit before tax is due to improvement in the freight rate and better utilization of shipping space from Intra Asia trade and also one-off reversal of impairment of vessels of RM5.97 million.

cont'd

#### (3) FINANCIAL RESULT (CONT'D)

#### (ii) Profit after tax (cont'd)

Profit before tax by business division:

Group Profit /(Loss) before Tax by Business Division	Investment Holding (RM'000)	Shipping and Marine Services (RM'000)	Integrated Logistics (RM'000)	Engineering Works (RM'000)	Property Development (RM'000)
2022	20,290	168,964	31,507	1,982	2,512
2021	7,198	68,407	14,228	4,248	3,226
Increase/(Decrease)	13,092	100,557	17,279	(2,266)	(714)
%	>100%	>100%	>100%	(53%)	(22%)

#### (iii) Financial position

The Group net assets have increased of RM165.89 million as compared to previous year from RM548.98 million to RM712.67 million mainly due to increase in net earnings of the Group. As at 30 June 2022, the Group has cash at bank of RM304.20 million and net borrowings of RM62.81 million (2021 RM67.06 million). The net gearing ratio is NIL (2021: NIL).

## (iv) Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group generally has been financing its operations through internal generated funds and bank borrowings.

# (iv) Capital Expenditures

The Group's capital expenditures for the financial year 2022 was RM92.70 million and future commitments of RM5.77 million are mainly comprising of additional purchases of transport and handling equipment. The investment shall be financed by the Group's internal resources and bank borrowings.

#### (4) REVIEW OF OPERATION

#### 4.1 Shipping and marine division

### 4.1.1 Container shipping liner service

Harbour-Link provides container shipping liner service within the Malaysia and Intra Asia market. We have a total number of 12 container vessels of a total capacity of 6,100 teus. It is the ideal size that corresponds to the existing demands of its niche market within our achievable high rate of utilization. This division has operations offices in every calling port. These offices are located in Penang, Port Klang, Pasir Gudang, Kuching, Sibu, Bintulu, Miri, Kota Kinabalu, Tawau, Sandakan, Singapore, Muara, Hong Kong and China. The operation offices act on behalf of their principal mainly in matters related to sales & marketing, dealing with local authorities, managing the container inventories and providing ship husbandry services. For this financial year, this operation has contributed significantly to the Group's performance.

# 4.1.2 Tugboats and barges operations

Harbour-Link is actively involved in the sea transportation of timber products mainly sawn timber and round logs servicing within the Asean region namely Vietnam, Philippines and Thailand. We deploy 3 sets of tugboats and barges to service these operations. This operation has provided a stable stream of income to the Group over the years.

cont'd

#### (4) REVIEW OF OPERATION (CONT'D)

## 4.1 Shipping and marine division (cont'd)

# 4.1.3 Ship agency service

Harbour-Link has manned a well experienced team of shipping personnel with vast port operation expertise to handle all types of ships calling at every port in Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei, Hong Kong and China. Vessels that we are handling are mainly container ships, bulk carriers, oil tankers, tug and barges, car carriers and offshore supply boats.

Our shipping agency service provides inward and outward ship clearance, ship chandling and husbandry services, stevedorage and provision of food supplies and materials.

This operation has provided a stable stream of income to the Group over the years.

## 4.1.4 Ship management service

We have established a well experienced ship management team consisting of ship masters, marine engineers and superintendents to manage and monitor the daily performance of our fleet of vessels plying between the scheduled routes. These teams have managed to keep down time to minimum, avoid cost overruns and reduce frequency of ship's delays. This team of people ensure our vessels are fully managed in accordance with the International Maritime Organization standard and environmental compliances.

## 4.2 Integrated logistics division

## 4.2.1 Multimodal Transportation

Harbour-Link operates Multimodal Transportation under the licence registered with the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") as Multimodal Transport Operator ("MTO"). We offer third party logistics ("3PL") with customized supply chain solutions to oil and gas industries, as well as manufacturing sectors. Multimodal transport systems have become the backbone of International Trade - with the objective of reducing overall transport and handling cost within the supply chain while responding to the demand for just-in-time Door-to-Door cargo services.

Our dedicated and well experienced team manages our in-built IT systems and related facilities, with high standard operating skill and efficiency. We operate from our offices in Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong, China and Korea and are linking to our global network.

# 4.2.2 Haulage activities

Harbour-Link operates a fleet of transport vehicles including container trailers, prime movers, cargo lorries, and dump trucks for carriage of containerised cargoes, minerals and ores within the state of Sarawak, Sabah and Labuan. Due to the influx of foreign investors in the heavy manufacturing industry, we see an uptrend in demand for haulage activities.

## 4.2.3 Project cargo logistics

Harbour-Link has a dedicated logistics team with vast experiences in project cargo handling, shipping arrangement and engineered heavy transport solutions. We also own a fleet of specialized lifting and transport equipment to cater for the transportation, plant erection and installation. With the recovery of the economy, it has allowed us to participate in new project opportunities in this region.

cont'd

#### (4) REVIEW OF OPERATION (CONT'D)

#### 4.3 Engineering division

Our Engineering and Construction division is operated under a wholly owned subsidiary namely Eastern Soldar Engineering and Construction Sdn. Bhd.("ESEC"). ESEC is renowned as one of the best EPCC Contractor in this region in the engineering and construction of petroleum and chemical storage tanks, marine terminals and piping work. We have completed numerous projects in Pengerang, Kemaman, Port Dickson, Tanjung Bin, Singapore and many other locations since its inception.

## 4.4 Property division

We have temporarily put on hold our Kidurong Gateway Development due to a sluggish market. Remaining units of shophouses from the last project are still available for sale. Hopefully, the market will recover in early 2022.

We still have around 90 acres of industrial land in Tanjung Kidurong, Bintulu for future development.

## (5) OUTLOOK AND PROSPECT

The container shipping industry has enjoyed the occasional good year in the past, but it never saw anything like 2021. Carriers in 2021 did more than merely recover from their pre-pandemic slump; they posted results unprecedented in the history of the industry. As recent rate negotiations demonstrate, container liners are taking full advantage of their pricing leverage while it lasts. And it should last for a while longer—barring unforeseen disruptions.

While liners are making the most of their current prosperity, the good times will come to an end someday—and possibly sooner than many expect. Concern is mounting that today's supply–demand mismatch could flip, possibly beginning as soon as 2023. (Adopted from AlixPartners 2022 Container Shipping Outlook March 2022)

Some of these concerns are as follows:

#### (i) Expanded capacity

As noted earlier, orders for new vessels have climbed steeply after a decade of low cash availability. In fact, the 2021 orderbook more than doubled from 2020's record low level. Liners have renewed their fleets and slowed demolitions, with the aims of improving efficiency, facilitating compliance with new emissions regulations, and expanding capacity, the supply of vessels is on the rise and will likely increase 23% by 2025, exerting downward pressure on rates.

# (ii) Materials costs

The prices of inputs such as steel, steel scrap, and components have more than doubled from pre-pandemic levels and give no indication of easing in 2022. Newbuild prices themselves rose 26–28% in 2021. And prices of secondhand vessels rose 200% during the same period. Container prices are also on the upswing. The rising prices could discourage carriers from overordering and exert a steadying influence on rates.

## (iii) Regulatory pressure on emissions

The International Maritime Organization (IMO), economic blocs, and programs like the Energy Efficiency Existing Ship Index (EEXI)—a technical standard for measuring fuel consumption and emissions—are ratcheting up pressure on carriers to reduce the carbon and sulfur emissions produced by their operations. The addition of larger, more efficient vessels to existing fleets plying key trade lanes will go some distance toward reducing the industry's carbon intensity per TEU. As for sulfur emissions, the industry is already moving away from high-sulfur bunker fuel, driven in part by IMO sulfur limits imposed in 2020 but to a larger degree by the coming implementation in 2030 of much tighter IMO limits on sulfur emissions, an event known in the trade as IMO 2030. Volume in the marine fuel market, in which 5 million barrels a day are traded, is already shifting toward higher grades.

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## (5) OUTLOOK AND PROSPECT (CONT'D)

## (iv) Heavyweights yen, yuan both tumble as fed hikes boost dollars

Asian markets risk a reprise of crisis-level stress as two of the region's most important currencies crumble under the onslaught of relentless dollar strength. The yuan and yen are both tumbling due to the growing disparity between an <u>uber-hawkish</u> Federal Reserve and dovish policy makers in China and Japan. While other Asian nations are digging deep into foreign-exchange reserves to mitigate the dollar's damage, the yuan and yen's slump is making things worse for everyone, threatening the region's mantle as a <u>preferred destination</u> for risk investors. China has been the <u>largest trading partner</u> of Southeast Asian nations for 13 straight years, according to a Chinese government statement. Japan, the world's third-biggest economy, is a major exporter of capital and credit. The tumble in the currencies of the region's two largest economies may swell into a <u>full-fledged crisis</u> if it spooks overseas funds into pulling money out of Asia as a whole, leading to massive capital flight. Alternatively, the declines may set off a <u>vicious cycle of competitive devaluations</u> and a slide in demand and consumer confidence. (Adopted from Bloomberg dated 26th September 2022)

# **General Economic Conditions**

A tentative recovery in 2021 has been followed by increasingly gloomy developments in 2022 as risks began to materialize. Global output contracted in the second quarter of this year, owing to downturns in China and Russia, while US consumer spending undershot expectations. Several shocks have hit a world economy already weakened by the pandemic: higher-than-expected inflation worldwide—especially in the United States and major European economies—triggering tighter financial conditions; a worse-than-anticipated slowdown in China, reflecting COVID- 19 outbreaks and lockdowns; and further negative spillovers from the war in Ukraine.

The risks to the outlook are overwhelmingly tilted to the downside. The war in Ukraine could lead to a sudden stop of European gas imports from Russia; inflation could be harder to bring down than anticipated either if labor markets are tighter than expected or inflation expectations unanchor; tighter global financial conditions could induce debt distress in emerging market and developing economies; renewed COVID-19 outbreaks and lockdowns as well as a further escalation of the property sector crisis might further suppress Chinese growth; and geopolitical fragmentation could impede global trade and cooperation. A plausible alternative scenario in which risks materialize, inflation rises further, and global growth declines to about 2.6 percent and 2.0 percent in 2022 and 2023, respectively. (Adopted from Jul 2022 - International Monetary Fund)

# **Malaysia Economic Outlook**

The Malaysian economy registered a strong growth of 8.9% in the second quarter of 2022 (1Q 2022: 5.0%). While growth was lifted to some extent by the low base from the Full Movement Control Order (FMCO) in June 2021, growth in April and May 2022 was particularly robust, underpinned by the continued recovery in labour market conditions and policy support. The improvement also reflected normalising economic activity as the country moved towards endemicity and reopened international borders. Exports remain supported by strong demand for E&E products. In terms of economic activity, the services and manufacturing sectors continued to drive growth. On a quarter-on-quarter seasonally-adjusted basis, the economy increased by 3.5% (1Q 2022: 3.8%). (Adopted from BNM Quarterly Bulletin – 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter 2022)

# 5.1 Shipping and marine division

Container liner service shall remain the key contributor to this division.

We shall foresee ocean freight and shipping charges to weaken slightly due to lower cargo volume and increase of shipping space due to expanding capacity in our Intra-Asia shipping routes from other competitors. A worse-than-anticipated slowdown in China, reflecting COVID- 19 outbreaks and lockdowns in certain Chinese ports are affecting our shipping volumes too.

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#### (5) OUTLOOK AND PROSPECT (CONT'D)

## Malaysia Economic Outlook (cont'd)

### 5.1 Shipping and marine division (cont'd)

Domestics shipping between East and West Malaysia are more stable with consistent cargo volume and favorable freight rates due to supported by both the export and domestic-oriented industries. Furthermore, the consumer cluster grew at a faster pace, supported by strong domestic spending activities. This was mainly supported by a robust growth in private expenditure amid further normalization of economic activity, as well as improving labour market conditions. On the external front, demand for Malaysia's exports particularly for E&E products, remained strong.

With the International Maritime Organization (IMO), economic blocs, and programs like the Energy Efficiency Existing Ship Index (EEXI)—a technical standard for measuring fuel consumption and emissions—are ratcheting up pressure on our fleets to reduce the carbon and sulfur emissions produced by our operations. This will increase our operation cost. But fortunately, we have a well experienced ship management team who are able to manage, support and comply with all the statutory and regulatory requirements whilst still maintaining our service with high utilization and cost effectiveness.

Harbour-Link has adopted a concept of strategic alliance with partners in the "slot exchange" method in order to reduce cost and overcapacity on a "win-win" concept. It has proven its effectiveness and viability.

Overall, we need to be cautious and monitor closely the development of the world economic and local demands. We have to be flexible and innovative in our mode of operations and marketing strategies in utilizing our present fleet of vessels and equipment. We have intentions to acquire additional vessels and equipment when the prices are favorable.

## 5.2 Integrated logistics division

Export performance for Malaysia remained strong with gross exports increased reflecting a broad-based expansion across manufactured products, supported by external demand. Meanwhile, gross imports grew, driven by the growth in domestic demand which may benefit our integrated logistics activities.

Signs of increasing activities in the oil and gas upstream and downstream industries have created more jobs to our 3PL operation team in handling project cargo logistics and haulage as well as heavy equipment sales and rental services.

With favourable market situation, we foresee our integrated logistic division will continue to deliver a positive performance. However, Harbour-Link is wary of the fluctuation of oil prices which may impact on our profit margin.

# 5.3 Engineering and construction division

As above mentioned, the oil and gas sectors have shown recoveries. Lately our engineering and construction division has secured few projects in the construction and erection of petroleum products storage tanks and auxiliary works. In addition, we expect those projects that have been postponed will be revived and provide us with more job activities. We foresee our engineering and construction division shall be active in this coming year.

## 5.4 Property division

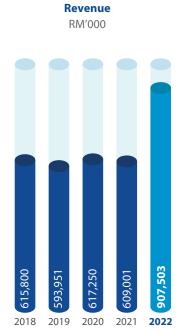
Market on commercial shophouse is still sluggish, but industrial building is still having market demand. Harbour-Link's property division has intended to apply to the relevant authorities for our 3rd Phase of Kidurong Gateway Projects. The proposed project with area of 23.729 acres is consisting of 26 semi-detached industrial buildings and 8 detached lots of various sizes.

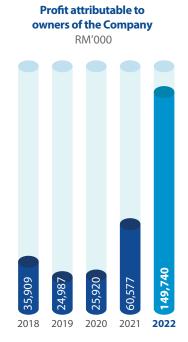
We shall commence construction immediately after receiving the approval from the relevant authorities.

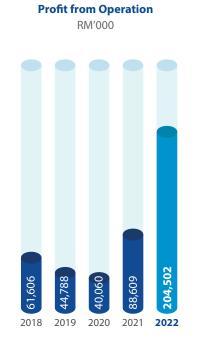
Hence, for our financial year 2023, the Board expect to be challenging but we shall exercise caution and keep abreast on the current economic situation while monitoring cost control and operation efficiency. At the same time, we are looking for other business opportunities that will bring positive stream of income to our Group.

# **GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

	2018 RM'000 (After Audit)	2019 RM'000 (After Audit)	2020 RM'000 (After Audit)	2021 RM'000 (After Audit)	2022 RM'000 (After Audit)
Revenue	615,800	593,951	617,250	609,001	907,503
Profit from Operation	61,606	44,788	40,060	88,609	204,502
Profit before taxation	59,506	41,908	35,038	82,943	200,307
Profit after taxation	41,698	29,232	23,639	74,739	179,467
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	35,909	24,987	25,920	60,577	149,740
Total assets	631,254	651,175	673,830	733,314	962,001
Total liabilities	199,287	189,726	193,670	184,330	247,132
Total Borrowings	81,788	81,509	96,269	67,061	66,165
Per Share Data (sen)					
Net assets	107.99	115.36	119.92	118.68	179.28
Earning per share	8.98	6.25	6.47	15.19	37.57
Financial Ratios					
Gross profit margin (%)	15.74	13.97	16.76	22.33	28.22
Return on shareholders' funds (%)	9.55	6.28	6.18	12.75	24.37
Trade receivables' turnover (days)	77	84	78	96	84
Debt to equity	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-
Interest coverage (times)	12	8	6	22	56









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#### STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

As a company, we realise that our sustainability depends on both internal and external factors. No business can be successful without the support and collaboration of all its stakeholders. Through continuous engagements we endeavor to stay abreast of the concerns of influential stakeholders as they are essential to our business decisions, operations and growth.

Our engagement procedure uses a variety of platforms and organisational touch points to obtain relevant feedback for analysis and strategy formulation. We believe that maintaining strong stakeholder relationships improves our ESG impacts and strengthens our business growth.

In FY2022, we utilised secondary research, internal interviews and industry benchmarking in accordance with our corporate principles and Code of Business Conduct to identify potential material issues. We then prioritised these issues according to their importance to our stakeholders; employees, customers, shareholders and suppliers.

Item No	Type of stakeholders	Identifiable Issues	Engagement Process	Frequency of Engagement
1	Employee	Sustainable strategies and their	e-Bulletin board	Ad hoc
		<ul> <li>implementation</li> <li>Compensation, welfare, and employee care</li> </ul>	Top-management instructions at operating meetings	Every month
		<ul><li>Compliance</li><li>Service quality management system</li></ul>	Regular and ad hoc meetings	Every month, any time
		<ul> <li>Work environments safety and labor health protection</li> <li>Created COVID-19 microsite and sent leadership emails</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Company's Operating System</li> </ul>	Any time
			Telephone and e-mail	Any time
	to communicate the Group's response to the pandemic COVID-19 safety measures and SOPs at the workplace	Established COVID-19     Task Force Team		
2	Government/	Product risk	Telephone, letter	Ad hoc
	Regulators	<ul><li>Talents recruitment and training</li><li>Compliance</li></ul>	Visit, conference	Ad hoc
		<ul><li>Compliance</li><li>Emissions and management</li><li>Environmental impact and</li></ul>	Health and Safety regulations	
	• E	<ul> <li>ecological conservation</li> <li>Bursa Listing requirements</li> <li>Abide by health and safety regulations as per COVID-19</li> </ul>	Regulatory audits	
3	Supplier	Sustainable strategies and their	E-mail, telephone	Any time
		<ul><li>implementation</li><li>Sustainable supply chain</li></ul>	Meeting	• 1~2 times every year
	r • S • F • C	management	Supplier evaluation	Every year
		satisfaction survey	<ul> <li>Equipment efficiency statistics table</li> </ul>	Every month
		0	COVID-19 safety     measures and SOPs at     the workplace	Any time

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#### STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Item No	Type of stakeholders	Identifiable Issues	Engagement Process	Frequency of Engagement
4	Shareholder/ investor	Operating performance     Compliance	<ul> <li>Investor service area on the Company's website</li> </ul>	Any time
		<ul> <li>Corporate governance and ethical management</li> <li>Risk control</li> </ul>	The important financial and business information in MOPS	As specified by the competent authority
		Impact of COVID-19	Respond to investor inquiries	Ad hoc
			Annual reports in shareholders' meeting	Every year
5	Customer	Protection of customer privacy	E-mail, telephone	Any time
		Service quality and customer     satisfaction survey.	• Visit	Ad hoc
		<ul> <li>satisfaction survey</li> <li>Product risk</li> <li>Equipments and cargoes safety</li> <li>Service quality management</li> <li>Smooth business operations amidst COVID-19</li> </ul>	Company's website	Any time
6	Media	<ul> <li>Service quality management</li> <li>Compliance</li> <li>Talents recruitment and training</li> <li>Service quality and customer satisfaction survey</li> <li>Risk control</li> </ul>	Telephone/E-mail	Any time
7	Community and society	<ul> <li>Compensation, welfare, and employee care</li> <li>Labor-capital relations</li> <li>Emissions and management</li> <li>Talent recruitment and training</li> <li>Environmental impact and ecological conservation</li> </ul>	Personal visit	Ad hoc
8	Social group and non-profit organisation	<ul> <li>Emissions and management</li> <li>Talents recruitment and training</li> <li>Compensation, welfare and employee care</li> <li>Labor-capital relations</li> <li>Environmental impact and ecological conservation</li> </ul>	Telephone, E-mail, personal visit, management meeting	Ad hoc

Harbour-Link conducted its Materiality Assessment processes in 2019 followed by Stakeholder Engagement activities which managed to cover a global view of its main stakeholders on the perceived importance of different sustainability topics. The assessment aimed to identify the most relevant topics that we need to report on, and to better understand the specific environmental, social and economic issues that have an impact on Harbour-Link's value chain i.e. what are the main concerns and priorities of our stakeholders regarding sustainability.

The assessment confirmed that many of our material aspects are consistent with previous years. In 2022, one of our priorities is to continue monitoring our sustainability issues, in order to earn the trust of our stakeholders worldwide throughout our ongoing dialogue and engagement. We will review our policies and practices and provide our employees with the tools they need to make ethical decisions.

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# **STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)**

Material priorities for Harbour-Link 2022:

ltem no	Important issues	Meaning to Harbour-Link	Main Impact	Corresponding section
1	Service quality management	A flexible business strategy is crucial to the continued operations of our companies in a changing business environment.	Harbour-Link	Business and Operational Strategies
2	Sustainable strategies and their implementation	Harbour-Link will integrate sustainable practices into the business operations throughout it group practices.	Harbour-Link	Business and Operational Strategies
3	Compliance	Compliance forms the basis of business operations so a complete system has been put in place by Harbour-Link to ensure full compliance.	Harbour-Link, competent authorities	Business and Operational Strategies
4	Risk control	Complete identification and control of potential operational risks so that Harbour-Link can respond to external changes in a timely manner.	Harbour-Link	Business and Operational Strategies
5	Operating performance	Harbour-Link always strives to deliver a sound operating performance as it is our way of responding to shareholders' expectations.	Harbour-Link, shareholder/ investor	Business Status and Operating Strategies
6	Service quality and customer satisfaction survey	Harbour-Link hopes to listen to our customers and satisfy their needs through high-quality service.	Harbour-Link, customer, supplier	Customer Management
7	Emissions and management	Harbour-Link is keenly aware of our industries's impact on the environment so strict emissions management is enforced.	Harbour-Link, community and society	Environmental Protection and Sustainable Business
8	Equipments cargoes safety	No compromises on equipments and cargoes safety are Harbour-Link commitment to our employees and customers.	Harbour-Link, customer	Training of Talents and Employee Care
9	Work environment safety and labor health protection	The safety and health of employees is an essential part of Harbour-Link operations.	Harbour-Link	Training of Talents and Employee Care
10	Corporate governance and ethical management	The building of a sound governance system and ethical corporate culture are important business policies at Harbour-Link.	Harbour-Link, shareholder/ investor	Business Status and Operating Strategies
11	Health and Safety regulation on COVID-19	The COVID-19 preventive measures and corresponding actions	Harbour-Link	Health and Safety regulations

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#### **MANAGEMENT OF IMPORTANT ISSUES**

Management has put systems in place for the monitoring and evaluating of all sustainable material issues. Follow-ups are done on an annual basis and future goals are set aiming to make improvements in all aspects every year.

Important	Important	Impact	Boundary	Management	Measurement and management	2022 Performance	Future goals
issues	Topics	Internal	External	policies	system	Highlights	i atait goals
Service Quality Management	Service Quality Management	Harbour- Link	Customer, other logistics company	Ensuring satisfaction for our customers, we are offering customers tailored solutions based on technological expertise and the highest service standard and sustainable business growth by building customer loyalty, retention and referrals, while also providing opportunity to develop our people.	Conduct our regular customer review helps us to identify potential improvements in service quality and to give customers the opportunity to share their opinion with us. The voice of the customer is an opportunity to gain insights to our customer's experiences, challenges and perceptions. Thus, it facilitates more frequent discussion and provides opportunities for us to listen, learn and improve.	Review the attributes of other service provider of similar industries.	Satisfy customer demand for service and improve the competitiveness of our services.
Equipment and cargoes safety	Equipment and cargoes safety	Harbour- Link's employee	Harbour- Link's customer	Develop and enforce equipment and cargoes safety management systems. Implement and adhere to procedures on Safety Management System.	Convene safety review meetings to examine the performance on safety and environmental protection issues.  mplement nd adhere o procedures on Safety Management  Convene safety review meetings to examine the performance on safety and environmental protection issues.  Regular internal/ external audits and self-inspections.		Evaluate cases in the fleet and set annual safety goals.  Continue to engage with specialist personnel training to ensure the safety of our workforce and employees.
Compliance	Compliance related to environmental protection	Harbour- Link	Competent authority	Ensure that the equipment of the Harbour-Link meet the authorities requirements and regulations.	Provide appropriate reports to concerned departments for further arrangements according to the laws and regulations.	No serious violations of environmental protection regulations in 2022.	"Zero" violation of environmental laws or regulations.

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# **MANAGEMENT OF IMPORTANT ISSUES (CONT'D)**

Important	Important	Impact	Boundary	Management	Measurement and management	2022 Performance	Future goals
issues	Topics	Internal	External	policies	system	Highlights	
Compliance	Compliance in society and economics	Harbour- Link	Competent authority	Conduct educational and training programs to strengthen employee awareness on compliance with competition laws and Anti- Bribery and Corruption Law.	Monthly audit check on compliances and breaches of relevant laws.  Increasing awareness through meetings, orientation training for new employees, e-Bulletin board, complaints mailbox, and competition law notices.	Conducting Anti-Bribery and Corruption briefing to all the top management, management and supervisor levels.	Maintain a positive relationship with the competent authorities and provide an explanation of shipping practices.  Continue to engage in employee communications to strengthen compliance awareness.
Operating performance	Economic performance	Harbour- Link	Shareholder /investor	Conduct investment and capital management in accordance with internal management regulations and processes.  Provide detailed financial performance figures on a quarterly basis to its investors and the public.	Important investments or capital management shall be reported to the Board of Directors for approval and declared according to the relevant laws and regulations.	The financial report was submitted and important information was disclosed every quarter in 2022 according to the relevant laws and regulations.  In addition, quarterly analyst briefing with Q&A sessions were conducted. At the Annual General Meeting (AGM) our shareholders vote on issues of mutual interest according to statutory requirements.	Strict observance of the relevant laws and regulations as well as ensuring that financial and other related information is disclosed in a timely and transparent manner.

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# MANAGEMENT OF IMPORTANT ISSUES (CONT'D)

Important	Important	Impact	Boundary	Management	Measurement and management	2022 Performance	Future goals
issues	Topics	Internal	External	policies	system	Highlights	ruture goals
Work environment safety and labor health protection	Occupational safety and health	Harbour- Link	Competent	Compile the Harbour Link fleet safety and environmental protection manual to govern workplace safety, employee health and accident prevention measures.  Conduct safety and environmental education and emergency drills.	Regular internal/ external audits, safety, and health self-inspections, and the convening of safety management meetings.  Ad hoc inspections.  Reports on feedback from the fleet for continuous improvements to the safety management systems.	Audits and reports carried out in adherence to regulations.  Fleet exercises and training carried out in adherence to regulations.	Ensure the proper implementation of safety and environmental protection manuals throughout the fleet.  Continue to improve work safety and environmental and raising awareness among the staff for near misses, unsafe acts and unsafe conditions.
Health and Safety regulation on COVID-19	Health and Safety	Harbour- Link	Competent	Compile the Harbour-Link COVID-19 prevention measures.	Regular internal/ external audits, safety and health self-inspections, and the convening of safety management meetings.  Ad hoc inspections.  Reports on feedback for continuous improvements to the safety management systems.	Audits and reports carried out in adherence to regulations.	Ensure the proper implementation of preventive measure against COVID-19.  Continue to improve work safety and environmental and raising awareness among the staff for near misses, unsafe acts and unsafe conditions.



# BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES

- I. Company Profile
- II. Operating Strategies
- III. Corporate Governance and Compliance
- IV. Risk Control



cont'c

#### 01. BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES



# I. Company Profile

# A. History of the Harbour-Link

Established in 2002, Harbour-Link Group Berhad consolidated all related business activities and was officially listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 6 January 2004. With its roots firmly planted in the shipping, marine and integrated logistics services as well as the engineering and construction industry for the past 47 years, Harbour-Link has grown steadily and built multi-disciplinary industry expertise covering a comprehensive range of services to fulfill its client needs. Today, Harbour-Link's business footprint extends across the Intra-Asian region and it has successfully established itself as a reputable brand name within the industries that it operates in.

## **B.** Financial Performance of Harbour-Link

	2022 (RM'000)	2021 (RM'000)	2020 (RM'000)	2019 (RM'000)	2018 (RM'000)
Group Revenue	907,503	609,001	617,250	593,951	615,800
Group Operating Profit	204,502	88,609	40,060	44,788	61,606
Profit before tax	200,307	82,943	35,038	41,908	59,506
Profit after tax	179,467	74,739	23,639	29,232	41,698
Group net profit attributable to shareholders	149,740	60,577	25,920	24,987	35,909
Operating cash flow	211,570	93,247	79,056	27,924	65,568
Earnings per share (EPS) (sen)	37.57	15.19	6.47	6.25	8.98
Return on equity (ROE) (%)	24.31	12.75	6.18	6.28	9.55
Net Gearing (%)	-	-	2	10	6

cont'c

#### 01. BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES (CONT'D)

#### **II. OPERATING STRATEGIES**

### 1.0 SHIPPING AND MARINE DIVISION

# 1.1 Container shipping liner service

Harbour-Link provides container shipping liner service within the Malaysia and Intra Asia market. We have a total number of 12 container vessels of a total capacity of 6,100 teus. It is the ideal size that corresponds to the existing demands of its niche market within our achievable high rate of utilisation. This division has operations offices in every calling port. These offices are located in Penang, Port Klang, Pasir Gudang, Kuching, Sibu, Bintulu, Miri, Kota Kinabalu, Tawau, Sandakan, Singapore, Muara, Hong Kong and China. The operation offices act on behalf of their principal mainly in matters related to sales and marketing, dealing with local authorities, managing the container inventories and providing ship husbandry services.

## 1.2 Tugboats and barges operations

Harbour-Link is actively involved in the sea transportation of timber products mainly sawn timber and round logs servicing within the Asean region namely Vietnam, Philippines and Thailand. We deploy 3 sets of tugboats and barges to service these operations.

#### 1.3 Ship agency service

Harbour-Link has manned a well experienced team of shipping personnel with vast port operation expertise to handle all types of ships calling at every port in Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei, Hong Kong and China. Vessels that we are handling are mainly container ships, bulk carriers, oil tankers, tug and barges, car carriers and offshore supply boats.

Our shipping agency service provides inward and outward ship clearance, ship chandling and husbandry services, stevedorage and provision of food supplies and materials.

# 1.4 Ship management service

We have established a well experienced ship management team consisting of ship masters, marine engineers and superintendents to manage and monitor the daily performance of our fleet of vessels plying between the scheduled routes. These teams have managed to keep down time to minimum, avoid cost overruns and reduce frequency of ship's delays. This team of people ensure our vessels are fully managed in accordance with the International Maritime Organisation standard and environmental compliances.

# 2.0 INTEGRATED LOGISTICS DIVISION

# 2.1 Multimodal Transportation

Harbour-Link operates Multimodal Transportation under the license registered with the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") as Multimodal Transport Operator ("MTO"). We offer third party logistics ("3PL") with customised supply chain solutions oil and gas industries, as well as manufacturing sectors. Multimodal transport systems have become the backbone of International Trade, with the objective of reducing overall transport and handling cost within the supply chain while responding to the demand for just-in-time Door-to-Door cargo services.

Our dedicated and well experienced team manages our in-built IT systems and related facilities, with high standard operating skill and efficiency. We operate from our offices in Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong, China and Korea and are linking to our global network.

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#### 01. BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES (CONT'D)

#### II. OPERATING STRATEGIES (CONT'D)

## 2.0 INTEGRATED LOGISTICS DIVISION (CONT'D)

#### 2.2 Haulage activities

Harbour-Link operates a fleet of transport vehicles including container trailers, prime movers, cargo lorries, and dump trucks for carriage of containerised cargoes, minerals and ores within the state of Sarawak, Sabah and Labuan. Due to the influx of foreign investors in the heavy manufacturing industry, we see an uptrend in demand for haulage activities. We have outlayed a capital expenditure during the year to purchase new equipment to cater for this increase.

# 2.3 Project cargo logistics

Harbour-Link has a dedicated logistics team with vast experiences in project cargo handling, shipping arrangement and engineered heavy transport solutions. We also own a fleet of specialised lifting and transport equipment to cater for the transportation, plant erection and installation. With the recovery of the economy, it has allowed us to participate in new project opportunities in this region.

#### 3.0 ENGINEERING DIVISION

Our Engineering and Construction division is operated under a wholly owned subsidiary namely Eastern Soldar Engineering and Construction Sdn. Bhd. ("ESEC"). ESEC is renowned as one of the best EPCC Contractor in this region in the engineering and construction of petroleum and chemical storage tanks, marine terminals and piping work. We have completed numerous projects in Pengerang, Kemaman, Port Dickson, Tanjung Bin, Singapore and many other locations since its inception.

#### 4.0 PROPERTY DIVISION

We have temporarily put on hold our Kidurong Gateway Development due to a sluggish market. Remaining units of shophouses from the last project are still available for sale.

We still have around 90 acres of industrial land in Tanjung Kidurong, Bintulu for future development.

#### III. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE

The internal regulations governing the implementation of the anti-bribery/anti-corruption, anti-discrimination, and credible business operation are described below:

# 1. Corporate Governance Rules

Applicability	Board members			
Description	<ol> <li>Establish an effective corporation governance system</li> <li>Protect shareholder's equity</li> <li>Enhance the Board function</li> <li>Respect the stakeholder's rights</li> <li>Improve the transparency of information</li> </ol>			

cont'd

# 01. BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES (CONT'D)

# III. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE (CONT'D)

# 2. Processing of Internal Information

Applicability	Directors, managers and employees; other persons who know the important interna information of the Company due to their status, occupation, or control relationship.	
Description	Establish a good system for processing and disclosure of important internal information to avoid inappropriate disclosure of the information and ensure the consistency and correctness of the information that the company announces outwards.	

# 3. Code of Ethics for Management

Applicability	Directors, managers, employees, trustees, and the person who have substantial control capability.		
Description	<ol> <li>Observe relevant rules or other laws and regulations governing business practices.</li> <li>Conduct business activities fairly and transparently.</li> <li>Set up an independent reporting mailbox for internal and external personnel.</li> </ol>		

# 4. Code of Ethics for Employees

Applicability	Directors, managers, employees		
Description	<ol> <li>Observe moralities and persist in the principle of credibility</li> <li>Treat customers, competitors, and employees fairly</li> <li>Enhance moral awareness.</li> </ol>		

# **SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE**

The Board of Directors of Harbour-Link is ultimately responsible for governing sustainability matters. The Board is supported by the Sustainability Steering Committee, which oversees the formulation, implementation and management of Harbour-Link's sustainability initiatives.

Committee	Committee Responsibilities		
Board of Directors	<ul> <li>Approve and monitor the development of Management's corporate sustainability strategies, policies and performance.</li> </ul>		
Sustainability Steering Committee	• Is empowered by the Board to ensure that the strategic plan of the Group's supports long-term value creation and includes strategies on economic, environmental and social;		
	<ul> <li>Responsible for providing overall direction, leading strategic decision-making and driving execution for all of the Group's sustainability related matters;</li> </ul>		
	• Lead the implementation of sustainability strategies and policies within their respective departments;		
	<ul> <li>Monitor and provide regular updates to the Board regarding their department's sustainability performance, based on the strategic direction set out by the Board;</li> </ul>		
	• Identify, assess, evaluate, manage and report material sustainability risks and opportunities relevant to the Group's operations for approval; and		
	• Facilitate sustainability disclosures as required by laws and regulations, and subsequently recommend them for approval.		

cont'd

#### 01. BUSINESS STATUS AND OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES (CONT'D)

#### IV. RISK CONTROL

# **Operating risk management**

At Harbour-Link we believe an enterprise-wide risk management framework is essential for our success. The top-down approach ensures our risk management framework and policy are fully integrated at every level of the company. Harbour-Link has a formalised risk management structure that spans the entire organisation, from the Board right down to the operational level that comprises 12 Risk Management Committees ("RMC").

Our aim is to embed a risk aware culture in our day-to-day operations to ensure the risk management cycle (identification, assessment, analysis, mitigation and monitoring) essentially runs and re-runs itself. Through such structure, material risks from each segment of the business are represented and escalated to respective Division Head, the company Risk Officer and finally to the Board accordingly, providing a more rounded and all-inclusive approach in capturing and managing the Group's risks. The approach adopted by the Group is guided by the globally accepted standard for risk management; ISO 31000 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines for identifying, evaluating, managing and monitoring significant risks.

In line with this, we evaluate our risks on a regular basis and among the risks we undertake are strategic and reputational risk, operational risk, financial risk and regulatory risk. The Group's principal significant risks identified are outlined below:

- a. Stiff competition, not only from existing players but also new ones entering into the market; however, the Group has put in place various measures to counteract this risks. Amongst the measures taken are managing and maintaining good relationship with key customer, focusing on delivering quality services and cultivating a well experienced and dedicated team of employees to meet customer expectations.
- b. Uncertainty in the economy as we transition into the endemic phase of Covid-19 coupled with rising costs of transportation and inflation; however, the Management is closely monitoring the changes in the market and assessing its impact on the Group's business. In addition, having a lean and clear management structure has proved that the Group is able to efficiently manage and re-strategise as needed.



# SUPPLIER AND CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT

- I. Supplier Management
- II. Customer Management
- III. Cargo Safety



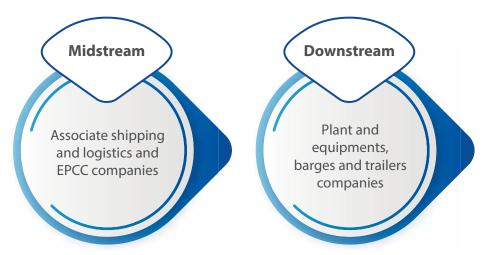
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#### 02. SUPPLIER AND CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT

#### I. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT

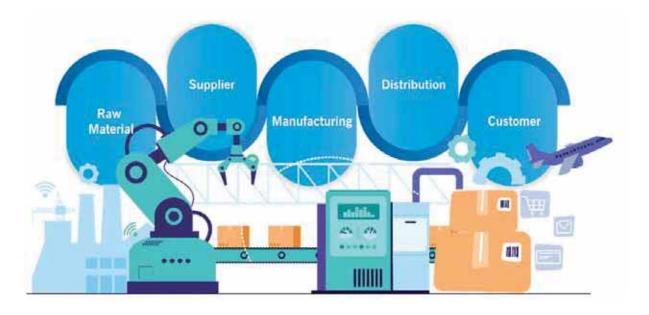
### A. Harbour-Link's value chain

Harbour-Link operates on both midstream and downstream services. Our suppliers are organised as follows:



Harbour-Link core suppliers remained the same as in previous years. These are mainly the shipbuilding company, port terminal machinery and equipment manufacturer, container manufacturer and leading company, trucking company etc.

As shown in the table below, Harbour-Link procures almost 100% of the purchasers and services locally so as to contribute to the local economy. We will strive where possible to procure even more purchasers and services to the local suppliers.



cont'c

#### 02. SUPPLIER AND CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

# I. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

# A. Harbour-Link's value chain (cont'd)

	Purchase information	Sales by Region	
Purchase category		Local (including West Malaysia)	Foreign
Trailer, Feeder, prime movers, cranes, port	Number of suppliers	30	2
related equipment	Local purchase amount (%)	94%	6%
Franchis contains a year of the ways and was six	Number of suppliers	20	13
Empty container yard (storage and repair)	Local purchase amount (%)	61%	39%
Container body, freezer manufacture,	Number of suppliers	-	5
container leasing	Local purchase amount (%)	-	100%
	Number of suppliers	37	1
Ship spares	Local purchase amount (%)	97%	3%
	Number of suppliers	5	1
Marine fuel and store	Local purchase amount (%)	83%	17%
	Number of suppliers	-	1
Ship vessels	Local purchase amount (%)	-	100%
	Number of suppliers	1	-
Terminal machinery	Local purchase amount (%)	100%	-
	Number of suppliers	109	-
General affair and office supplies	Local purchase amount (%)	100%	-

# B. Supplier evaluation

Harbour-Link has issued our own Procurement Policy and Standard Operating Procedure that provides the fundamental regulations for the sourcing of goods and services. The purpose of the Policy and Procedure is to reach uniformity and transparency regarding processes and the assignment of purchasing responsibility in Harbour-Link in order to identify costs saving potentials. The procedures are communicated to all participants of the purchasing process and are easily understandable and usable on daily basis. Our procurement team is responsible for the selection of suppliers, tender process, negotiation, prices, delivery and contractual agreements with suppliers.

cont'd

#### 02. SUPPLIER AND CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

## I. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### B. Supplier evaluation (cont'd)

On all levels, Harbour-Link monitors and evaluates the performance of suppliers. We strive to register our vendors into our own database and evaluate them on an annual basis. Harbour-Link conducts a Supplier Evaluation Vendor Program to evaluate our vendors in the areas shown in the diagram below:



#### II. CUSTOMER MANAGEMENT

#### A. Maintenance of customer relations

For Harbour-Link, satisfying our customers is a top priority. We offer our customers tailored solutions based on our customised logistics solutions and the highest service standards.

Our logistics and warehousing division provides our customers with customised comprehensive logistics solutions including security handling for high value items, mailroom operations management and logistics and distribution arrangement. Covering more than 18,000 sq ft of warehousing space, our freight forwarding and warehousing division is another important component in our drive to provide integrated logistical solutions to meet the evolving needs and requirements of our customers. This division handles the bulk handling of inbound and outbound goods as well as storage for temperature sensitive goods.

We promote a customer-centric work environment in the Group starting with our sales department which visits customers to canvass their cargo. Our robust customer service team ensures clients know that they are always the first priority in our operations. They diligently handle any problems faced in their exportation and importation matters and arrange irregular customer visits to understand customer requirements so as to provide a more professional and customised service. Our commitment to customers is targeted at providing each customer with a personalised, seamless experience right from the beginning of our customer relationship.

Our sales and customer service units will continue to drive this commitment by instantly taking corrective action to resolve any customer's dispute as well as to enhance customer satisfaction in our services.

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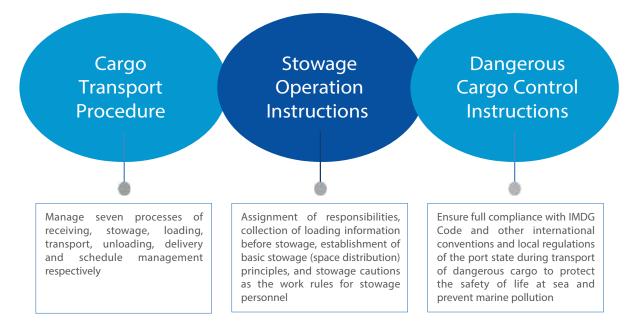
### 02. SUPPLIER AND CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### III. CARGO SAFETY

### A. Freight transport regulations

Harbour-Link aims to ensure the safety of all aboard including employees, cargo, and ship. With the 'zero accident' prerogative in mind, we load the containers that our customers deliver to us according to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) and the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships (MARPOL). We execute regular training sessions of personnel and reduce the likelihood of accidents by implementing effective risk management measures to ensure perfectly safe transportation.

We establish three loading instructions to optimise potential risks management.



### B. Management of dangerous cargo

This is a value-added service which includes correct labelling and proper handling of dangerous cargo. Doing it right is a two-pronged advantage to us as it prevents us from being fined by the port administration during the transport, and improves the Harbour-Link image on the market. Harbour-Link will continue to ensure all vessels comply with the necessary manifest when transporting dangerous cargo. Harbour-Link Group reported no untoward accident during the financial period.



# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABILITY







cont'd

#### 03. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABILITY

#### I. ENERGY MANAGEMENT

At Harbour-Link, we pride ourselves on our compliance with all local and international environmental protection conventions. We devote ourselves to preventing pollution, saving energy, reducing carbon emissions and protecting the earth. The Group has put in place strict standards and operation procedures for every environmental protection and pollution prevention scenario on the ship. We make use of the latest marine technology with the perspective of protecting the marine ecology, the safety of the port, and the greater good of humankind.

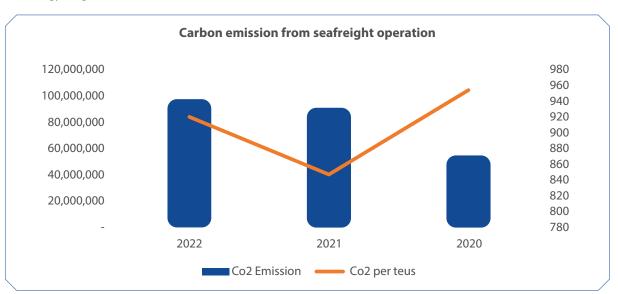
Harbour-Link strives to minimise energy use in all its business operations by implementing savings policies in all its branches as well as vessels. We will further refine our policies and implement a more sustainable approach towards our energy use.

### A. Use of energy and Green House Gas ("GHG")

### Reducing carbon emissions from sea freight operation

Harbour-Link reduces energy consumption, minimises pollution and GHG emissions via various management and operational measures including the design of its ships.

The energy usage of Harbour-Link vessels is tabulated as follows:-



The chart above depicts the calculation of Co2 emission from sea freight operations.

Harbour-Link understands the harmful impact of these emissions and that reducing these GHG emissions requires a long-term commitment as the effects of both cannot be realised instantly. Therefore, we strive to make meaningful reduction efforts by implementing reduction initiatives throughout our operations as this is important to Harbour-Link.

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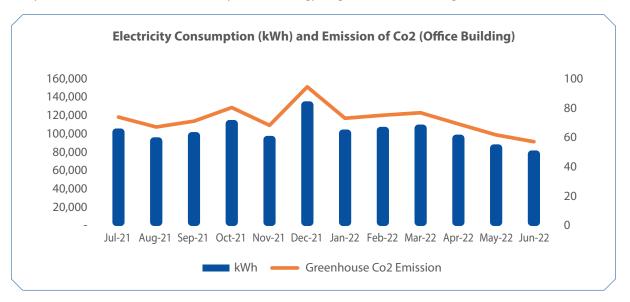
### 03. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

### I. ENERGY MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### A. Use of energy and Green House Gas ("GHG") (cont'd)

### Office Building

The energy used for the office building of the Bintulu is mainly from purchased electricity. The effect of replacing this with energy-saving lighting facilities, minimising air conditioner use and turning off unnecessary lighting devices at noon are ways Harbour-Link conserves and reduces energy consumption. Based on the table below, 545 tco2 an emission factor of 0.699 was used to determine the emission of co2 in Sarawak during the financial period (Greentech, Study on Grid Connected Basedline in Malaysia 2014). Energy usage in our office buildings is illustrated as follows:



Harbour-Link collects and analyses data on energy consumption to:

- Track progress toward corporate energy and carbon emission goals;
- Identify opportunities for improvement;
- Benchmark against past performance;
- Identify best practices that can applied across the operations

Data is analysed quarterly in each business and functional unit at corporate level and its reported to Harbour-Link Management.

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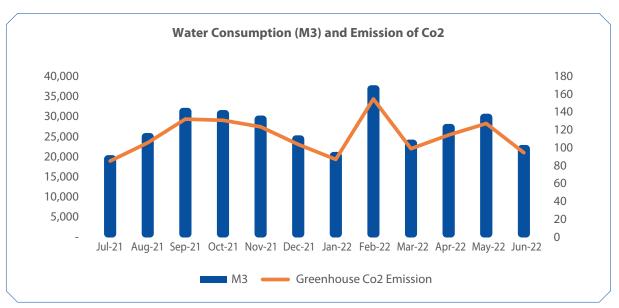
### 03. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

### I. ENERGY MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### A. Use of energy and Green House Gas ("GHG") (cont'd)

#### **Water Consumption**

Water consumption and water quality are very important elements in Harbour-Link's environmental protection programme. Improving water quality and reducing water wastage and consumption are of high priority to us. As a result, we continue to actively manage and work toward reducing our corporate water footprint. Harbour-Link's water management provides a framework instated across the Group which includes both general and specific elements for water management within the company. The sustainability standard in place requires Harbour-Link to comply with regulatory requirements by managing their water resources, understanding water consumption, reusing water where possible and reporting water usage. In line with this most of the water currently used in Harbour-Link is mainly for domestic uses such as cleaning, kitchens and bathrooms and washing of vehicles.



### Paper waste

Harbour-Link has a strict recycling garbage disposal system in all our operation locations. We endeavour to dispose of all our waste in a responsible manner so as to protect the environment. The table below illustrates the emissions from our paper waste which is disposed of at landfills:

	Investment Holding	Integrated Logistics	Shipping and Marine
Total Consumption (kg)	2,982.4	6,707.2	2,828.8
Co2 emission	14,315.52	32,194.56	13,578.24

cont'd

### 03. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

### I. ENERGY MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### B. Energy saving and carbon reduction measures

#### Ships on the sea

At the present moment, Harbour-Link does not have any requirements to comply with carbon reduction process but Harbour-Link will do its best in the following year to fulfill its commitments to the environmental protection and improve the energy efficiency by tracking and analyzing the energy consumption status of the ship. We will also look into the effectiveness of ship operations, which is another commitment of us in order to achieve the energy saving and carbon reduction goal.

Harbour-Link will endeavor to meet all the ships anchoring at or passing by any ports subject to the carbon emission monitoring from January 1, 2020. The second step is to set a specific emission reduction goal for the shipping industry and the third step is to take further medium-term and long-term measures, such as implementation of compulsory measures to the market.

Harbour-Link will strive to undertake two (2) measures for the emission reduction issue. The first one is to keep a registrar of all ship routes, lanes and shipping vessel details. This guide provides a credible basis for the sequential verification and allows timely execution of the audit and verification activities. The second one is training to all staff the requirements of the Harbour-Link objectives, establish implementation guidelines and monitoring plans, execute such plans, and make reports.

An assessment is conducted to understand existing data, whether the statistical methods used meet the requirements for full establishment of relevant measures. There is also a need for the construction and installation of a data retrieval system to monitor the compliance to the laws and regulations. These measures are beneficial for preparing the implementation and monitoring process to ensure adherences as well as maintain a record of our operating data. This will help us to execute centralised management, analyse the performance of the ship, and further improve the measures.

We take the following actions to reduce the CO2 emission rate:

- Slow down the speed of the ship and sail at a low speed.
- Monitor the consumption of the fuel oil and operation of the main engine all the time to ensure the propelling performance of the main engine.
- Use the weather navigation to provide the fleet with real-time weather information and the best sailing route to optimise the fuel efficiency.
- Improve the cargo loading and unloading efficiency and shorten the time for the ship to stay at the port.
- Plan the loading capacity of the ship appropriately to ensure the best economic benefits.
- Use special anti-pollution paint for the body of the ship.
- Replace old ships with new ones.

Harbour



# CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY



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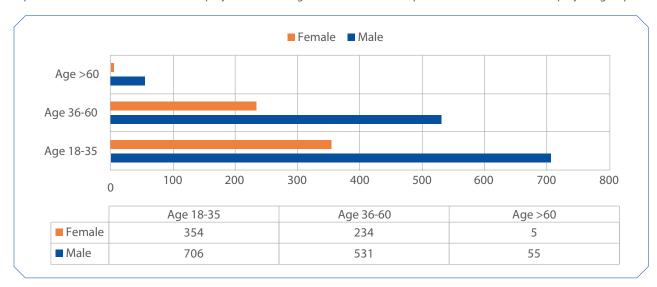
#### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY

### **Overview of Employees Structure**

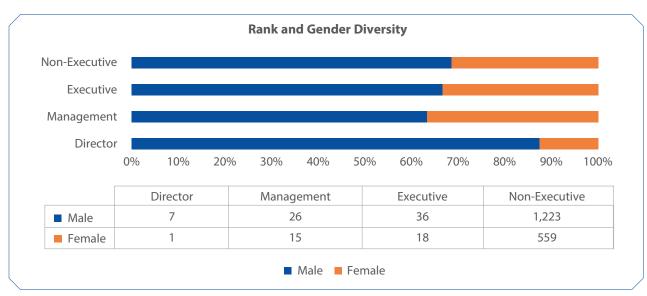
Harbour-Link believes that diversity means more than recruiting and fostering a diverse workforce. It is a way of thinking differently and making sure we are getting the best ideas, effort and performance from all our people regardless of religious belief, age, creed, ethnicity, marital status, gender, family status or any disability.

Our workforce currently stands at 1,885 employees. Harbour-Link Group has a young force and will strive to provide opportunities to local talent within the Group as well as support for the local community.

The graph below shows the segmentation of our employees according to age and gender. The age group between 18 to 35 represents almost 56% of our total employees whereas age between 36 to 60 represents 41% of the total employees' group.



The table below depicts Group's organisation structure ranking the employees according to hierarchy; Director, Management, Executive and Non-Executive levels respectively and by gender. It can be seen that Harbour-Link Group Berhad has a proportion between females and males at each level; Management, Executive and Non-Executive level.

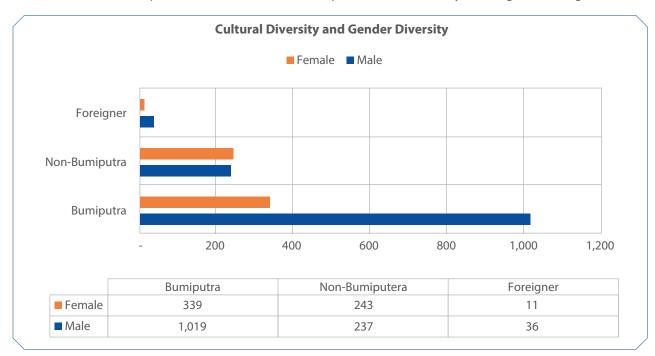


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#### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

### **Overview of Employees Structure (cont'd)**

Race diversity in our workforce has been a driver in our planning during the 2022 financial year. Harbour-Link Group Berhad has a total of 1,358 Bumiputra staff and 480 of non-Bumiputra staff which represents 97% of the total workforce. This is an increase from our 87% composition in 2021. The table below depicts the cultural diversity according to race and gender:



### Recruiting

At Harbour-Link, our recruiting procedures are quite rigorous and are constantly reviewed to ensure that individuals are recruited strictly on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities. Our job advertisements do not stereotype or use wordings that may discourage groups with a particular characteristics from applying.

Harbour-Link hired 307 new hires for 2022 as compared to 388 hires in 2021.

The breakdown of the new hires are as shown below:

Gender	Age Group			Total
Gender	18-35	30-60	>60	IOLAI
Female	69	8	0	77
Male	160	69	1	230
Total	229	77	1	307

Condon	Level				Total
Gender	Director	Management	Executive	Non-Executive	Total
Female	0	0	1	76	77
Male	0	0	1	229	230
Total	0	0	2	305	307

cont'd

### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

### Recruiting (cont'd)

Condon	Race			Tabel
Gender	Bumiputra	Non-Bumiputra	Foreign	Total
Female	48	29	0	77
Male	208	19	3	230
Total	256	48	3	307

### **Employee Relations and Human Rights Compliance**

Harbour-Link Group Berhad practices fair employment in all our operations and has adopted the following practices as listed

### **Fair Employment Practices**

To develop a safe and healthy workplace, we strive to provide our employees with a diverse and inclusive work environment where their human rights are respected. To uphold the human rights of our employees and prevent human rights violations, we have to put in place policies and procedures to ensure a healthy, safe and secure workplace.

The following are the key policies and procedures provided in our Code of Ethics policy statement as well as our employee handbook:

### a. Equal Employment Opportunity

In the appointment and recruitment process of Harbour-Link, we pride ourselves on being an employer that provides equal opportunities and continuously seeks to promote it regardless of religious belief, age, creed, marital status, gender, family status or any disability. Our commitment to that respect applies to all areas of the working environment for all the employees.

### b. Workforce Diversity

We believe in keeping one of our key stakeholders, i.e. our employees engaged with the aim to bring forth their full potential and enabling a satisfying career for each of them. At the same time, we are inclusive and mindful to encourage balanced participation of female employees in our business. We continue to promote and attract talents from the local community or within the same state in which we operate. We are proud to contribute to the local economies by creating employment in the communities in which we operate, majority of our office staff coming from the local communities.

### c. Adherence to Minimum Wages

We observe the Minimum Wages Order 2012 and its subsequent amendments and when announced by the government.

### d. Prohibition of Harassment

We are committed to providing a working environment that is conducive, safe and free of any form of harassment and unlawful discrimination. The Group views sexual harassment as a serious violation of our rules and regulations and work values. To prevent discrimination, we have a sexual harassment policy and a grievance procedure available to all and we ensure that employees are briefed about these.

During the reporting period, there were no recorded instances of discrimination. Any employee found guilty of such misconduct will be subject to disciplinary actions that may include dismissal.

cont'd

#### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

### **Employee Relations and Human Rights Compliance (cont'd)**

### Fair Employment Practices (cont'd)

### e. Prevention of Child Labour

We observe the Children and Young Persons (Employment) (Amendment) Act 2010. This is in line with the policies of the international labour organisation.

### f. Employees' Benefits and Compensation

We value the contributions of our diverse employees and continuously attract talents to join us by providing a supportive working environment as well as development opportunities. We provide an integrated welfare system and treat all employees equally on all of our sites.

The Group complies with the various local statutory requirements and regulations on wages and benefits such as minimum wage order, employees' provident fund, and SOCSO.

Other employee welfare bonuses include travel allowance, subsidies for hospitalisation and surgical insurance coverage and group personnel accident insurance, communications expenses, uniform, and personal protective appliances, application of residence permits for current employees, staff compensation leave, festive gifts, and events. This is to express our Group's commitment to optimal work-life integration and personal effectiveness.

### g. Training and Development

In building a strong workforce, we are committed to providing an environment for our employees to enhance their skills and knowledge within the industry. This will benefit not only the personal growth and development of our employees but also the company's growth as a whole.

Training is also very important to ensure that our employees have the required competencies to perform their work and deliver their best output. We, therefore, encourage our employees to expand their knowledge and to foster personal growth and development by taking on new roles and responsibilities.

### TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	
Director	
Virtual SSM National Conference 2021	2
Webinar: AOB's Conversation with Audit Committees	3
Webinar: Branding for Board Directors- Enhancing Your Profile for the Board	2
Webinar: Corporate Liabilities under S.17A of the MACC Act 2009, Migitation Guidelines & ISO 37001 (Anti Bribery Management system)	1
Webinar: Corporate Tax & Transfer Pricing	1
	9

cont'd

### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	Headcount
Management Level	
CIDB Green Card- Renewal	1
Construction Safety & Health Trainers	1
Critical Thinking for Executives	1
IN HOUSE: NIOSH OGSP-Refresher (Remote Online Learning)	1
IN-HOUSE: BASIC SAFE HANDLING OF FORKLIFT TRUCK	1
Online In House: Enhancing Interpersonal Skills Through EQ	1
Online Seminar Kesedaran dan Pematuhan Akta 520 (CIDB) Bersama Pihak Petronas	1
Webinar: Pengimportan & Pengsiekportan Buangan Terjadual	1
Webinar: NIOSH ISO: Interpretation & Implementation of Integrated Management Systems	7
Webinar: Mircrosoft Power Query (Briefing)	2
Webinar: Latest Update on Import/ Export Procedures & Tax Exemption	1
Webinar: Pandemic Disaster Recovery- Business Continuity Management	1
Webinar: Accident Investigation, Prevention & Reporting Training & Workshop	2
Webinar: Application of Life Cycle Perspective in Environmental Management System	1
Webinar: Basic Scheduled Waste Management	1
Webinar: BURSA- Sustanability Reporting Workshop	1
Webinar: Chemical Management System & SDS	1
Webinar: Developing Quality & Integrity As A Competent Person	1
Webinar: Empowering Our Environment- Sustainable Development and Green Building	1
Webinar: Environmental Compliance (Environmental Audit Under Section 33A, EQA 1974)	1
Webinar: EY- Malaysia Budget 2022	1
Webinar: FIATA Diploma Module 11- ICT in Fowarding	1
Webinar: FIATA Diploma- Module2_ Maritime Transport	1
Webinar: Finance for Non-Finance	1
Webinar: How to Develop An Effective Safety, Health & Environmental Induction Training program	1
Webinar: How To Implement HIRARC at Workplace	1
Webinar: Industrial Effluent System	1
Webinar: Introduction to the concept and mainstreaming of environmental flows into integrated water	1
resources management	1
Webinar: ISO 9001, ISO 14001 & ISO 45001 Awareness Webinar: Managing the Latest Amendments to Malaysia's Employment Act, Minimum Wage Order &	l
Occupational Health and Safety Act	1
Webinar: National Tax Conference 2021	1
Webinar: NIOSH - Awareness of Integrated Management Systems_ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001 & ISO 39001	7
Webinar: Pemahaman Akta Lain Yang Berkaitan Dengan Keselamatan & Kesihatan Pekerjaan	7
Webinar: Pematuhan Akta Lain Yang berkaitan Dengan Reselamatan & Resinatan Pekerjaan Webinar: Pematuhan Akta Kualiti Alam Sekeiling 1974 Siri 1: Buangan Terjadual	1
Webinar: Pengurusan Buangan Terjadual Webinar: Pengurusan Buangan Terjadual	-
<u> </u>	2
Webinar: Penyelaras Keselamatan & Kesihatan Pekerjaan (OSH Coordinator)	1
Webinar: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Usage for Field Work Webinar: Preparation of a Chemical Register	2

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### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	Headcount
Management Level (cont'd)	
Webinar: PTS 2- Industry & Sustainability: Life Cycle Assessment (ISO 14040)	1
Webinar: Quality Management System in Construction	1
Webinar: Recent MASB developments and amendments	1
Webinar: Road Traffic Safety Management System ISO 39001:2012	2
Webinar: Safety Lifting Operation	2
Webinar: Scheduled Waste Management	1
Webinar: Scheduled Watse Tracking System (eSWISS)	1
Webinar: sSWIS Pematuhan kepada Peraturan-Peraturan Kualiti Alam Sekeliling (Buangan Terjadual) 2005	1
Webinar: Strategic Human Resource Management Implementation	1
Webinar: Strategic Planning Theories, Tools & Practice for Businesses	1
Webinar: Sustainability Reporting Framework- Focus Group Session	1
Webinar: Transfer Pricing & Witholding Tax	1
Webinar: Transport Safety-Driver Fatigue Management	1
Webinar: Understand Environmental Law in Malaysia	1
Webinar: Understanding Occupational Safety & Law in Malaysia	1
Webinar: Vision Zero Siri 2: Profil Kemalangan Di Malaysia	1
Webinar: Withholding Tax in Malaysia: Principles & Latest Developments	1
	73

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	Headcount
Executive Level	
NIOSH- Tenaga Safety Passport	1
Online In House: Enhancing Interpersonal Skills Through EQ	2
Webinar: NIOSH ISO: Interpretation & Implementation of Integrated Management Systems	2
Webinar: Mircrosoft Power Query (Briefing)	1
Webinar: Latest Update on Import/ Export Procedures & Tax Exemption	1
Webinar: Certified Digital Skills for POST-COVID-19 Workplace	1
Webinar: Dangerous Good Regulation (DGR)-Recurrent Cat 6	1
Webinar: EY- Malaysia Budget 2022	1
Webinar: Managing Credit & Financial Debt Recovery	1
Webinar: Minimum Transfer Pricing Documentation (MTPD)	1
Webinar: NIOSH - Awareness of Integrated Management Systems_ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001 & ISO 39001	2
WEBINAR: NIOSH OGSP- NEW APPLICATION	1
Webinar: Recent MASB developments and amendments	1
Webinar: Top Class Leadership Harmonious Managment Skills	2
Webinar: Preparation of a Chemical Register	1
	19

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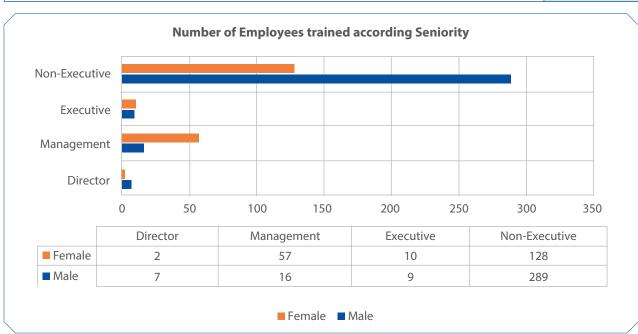
### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	Headcount
Non-Executive Level	
Basic H2S Training (OPITO)	25
Basic Hydrogen Sulphide (H2S) Course	3
Basic Occupational First Aid	2
Basic Rigging and Slinging	19
CIBD Green Card (Renewal)	20
CIDB Green Card (New Application)	20
Defensive Driving Course	5
Forklift Operator Safety course	2
Hydraulic Excavator Operator - Level 2	6
INCOTERMS 2020	1
IN-HOUSE Basic Safe Handling of Forklift Truck	19
IN-HOUSE: BASIC SAFE HANDLING OF FORKLIFT TRUCK	21
Kursus Ejen Kastam Eksekutif (Online)	1
Kursus Online "Perkeranian dan Pembantu Tadbir"	3
Lifting Supervisor	6
Mercury Awareness Course	5
New Employee Induction Program (Site Office)	18
NIOSH Oil & Gas Safety Passport (New Application)	14
NIOSH Oil & Gas Safety Passport (Refresher)	33
NIOSH-Tenaga Safety Passport	2
Online In House: Enhancing Interpersonal Skills Through EQ	26
Online Kursus Ejen Kastam Bukan Eksekutif	6
Online Kursus Ejen Perkapalan (KEP)	2
Webinar: NIOSH ISO: Interpretation & Implementation of Integrated Management Systems	18
Webinar: (Briefing): Mircrosoft Power Query	17
Webinar: Construction Site Supervisor (Civil & Structure)	1
Webinar: Latest Update on Import/ Export Procedures & Tax Exemption	1
Webinar: Accident Investigation , Prevention & Reporting Training & Workshop	5
Webinar: BOSS.NET EA & BIK 2021	4
Webinar: Customs Classification of Goods Under the Harmonized Coding System	5
Webinar: Fundamental of Construction Project Management	1
Webinar: How To Implement HIRARC at Workplace	6
Webinar: Hydrogen Sulphide H2S -Theory	20
Webinar: Impact of Interpersonal & Communication Skills at Work	2
Webinar: Kursus Ejen Kastam - Non Eksekutif	4
Webinar: mastering Incoterms 2020 in Import Export Management	2
Webinar: Meet & Greet HRD CORP + SOCSO Program Subsidi Upah 3.0	1
Webinar: Microsoft Excel-Intermediate Level	1

cont'o

### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

Summary of Training Program Conducted from Jul'21- Jun'22	Headcount
Non-Executive Level (cont'd)	
Webinar: NIOSH - Awareness of Integrated Management Systems_ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001 & ISO 39001	16
Webinar: Noise & Hearing Conservation	1
Webinar: Occupational Safety & Health Coordinator (OSH-C)	1
Webinar: Onboarding by HRD Corp	1
Webinar: OSH Talk-Safety Lifting Operation	3
Webinar: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Usage for Field Work	1
Webinar: Preparation of a Chemical Register	1
Webinar: Professional Email Writing	6
Webinar: Project Management Essentials	1
Webinar: Safety Lifting Operation	1
Webinar: Sarawak Labour Ordinance	1
Webinar: Top Class Leadership Harmonious Managment Skills	3
Webinar: Transport Safety-Driver Fatigue Management	3
Webinar: Understanding Marine Cargo & Liability Insurance	5
Webinar: Understanding the Sarawak Labour Ordinance & Its Regulation	4
Webinar: Preparation of a Chemical Register	16
Wheel Loader Operator - Level 2	6
	417



cont'd

### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

### **WELFARE AND DEVELOPMENT**

At Harbour-Link, we treat our employees as the most important assets of the Company. In addition to observing the relevant statutory laws in Malaysia, we consider our employee's welfare a priority. As such, we aim to provide a friendly workplace for the employees to work without endangerment to their safety.

No.	Type of Additional Benefits	Description
1	Holidays	Observe Statutory and gazetted holidays as specified by law.
2	Insurance	Medical insurance for all staff regardless of rank.
3	Health Care	Professional physicians give medical advise and general medical treatment. We also provide free physical examination.
4	Educational training	Extensive training provided to staff to keep abreast of present developments.
5	Year-end Bonuses	All staff will be appraised and be given year-end bonuses.
6	Uniform	To promote unity, all Harbour-Link staffs are provided uniform for work related purposes.
7	Harbour Clubs	Provide inter competition among shipping companies and recreational activities for Harbour-Link staff.

### **HEALTH PREVENTION PROGRAMS**

Education and training is provided to workforce members, their families and community members regarding serious diseases. This information is provided in the appropriate community language and pictorial formats during campaigns and roadshows. For example, in previous years we have conducted campaigns about Dengue Fever and proper waste disposal which involved educating the workforces and general public about practical preventative methods.

### **ASSET SAFETY PROGRAMS**

Harbour-Link Group has a number of assets which include our shipyard, ship navigation facilities and construction sites. We assess our assets regularly during their lifecycle to see what, if any, ESH improvements can be made. We also continuously assess our employees and conduct annual Health Safety Programs to make sure our employees are fully aware of the safety standards we adhere by as Harbour-Link.



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### 04. CARE FOR EMPLOYEES AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY (CONT'D)

### **HUMAN RIGHTS**

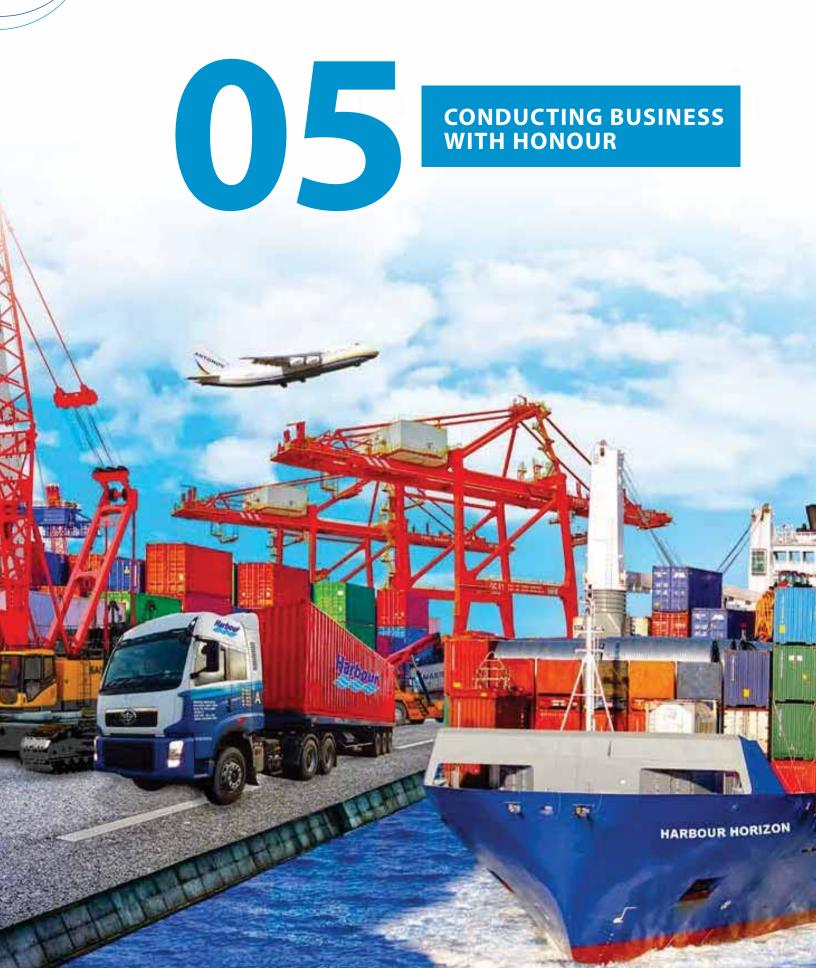
### **Respecting and Protecting Human Rights in Our Workforce**

Human Rights is an increasing area of concern from a wide range of stakeholders and as part of our SDG's effort, we will strive to comply with all necessary regulations and human rights policies in all the areas we operate.

In our reporting period, we have yet to implement a formal charter of the human rights policies. In addressing these issues holistically, Harbour-Group Link Berhad will strive to do so in the near term.

Harbour-Link Group Berhad believes it has a duty to respect the rights of all individuals regardless of race, color creed or nationality, including but not limited to, its employees and communities wherever it operates.

Ongoing general awareness sessions are being rolled out to raise awareness about fundamental Human Rights and their relevance to business for our management team.



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#### 05. CONDUCTING BUSINESS WITH HONOUR

### **Business Ethics & Anti-Corruption**

At Harbour-Link, we have deeply rooted values of integrity, honesty and commitment in delivering excellence which go back to our formation. As such, we strive to enforce good ethics at all stages of business, both internal and externally.

### **Corporate Governance**

Illustrated below is our pillar of corporate governance which best describes how we deal with risks such as anti-corruption, data leakage and fraud in our organisation:



### **Employees' Code of Conduct**

Every new employee of Harbour-Link is given a briefing on Harbour-Link's Code of Conduct. During their employment tenure we further continue to train our employees on proper confidential information practices where third parties are involved and ensuring that they abide with personal data protection regulations.

Harbour-Link abides by the Personal Data Protection Act ("PDPA"). Employees provide their consent for the use of their personal details for matters pertaining to their employment with the Company. As per our Company's Code of Conduct, we are committed to ensure the confidentiality of their data. In the event of the breach, we ensure critical incident reporting immediately in order to manage the situation and manage its detrimental impact across all relevant stakeholders.

### **Whistleblowing Policy**

We have implemented a Whistleblowing Policy to meet the Malaysia regulatory practices. This policy provides a safe channel for employees and any person providing services to, or having a business relationship with Harbour-Link to report any suspected misconduct within Harbour-Link. For reported cases, our internal audit team will be assigned to take up these cases and thoroughly investigates them while striving to protect the 'whistleblower' as much as possible. The aim of this policy is to provide an avenue for employees and others who have serious concerns about any suspected misconduct to come forward and voice those concerns.

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### 05. CONDUCTING BUSINESS WITH HONOUR (CONT'D)

### **Directors' Code of Conduct**

In promoting a corruption free work culture, we believe in the top-down approach which starts from the top management and cascades down to the floor. With that aspiration, Harbour-Link's Board of Directors observes the Code of Ethics for Company Directors established by the Companies Commission of Malaysia ("Code of Ethics"). The principles on which this Code of Ethics rely are those that concern transparency, integrity, accountability and corporate social responsibility (CSR).

Throughout this reporting period, Harbour-Link did not have any issues relating to corruption. There were no cases of staff dismissal, fines, disciplinary action or grievances on matters relating to corruption.

### **Customer Privacy**

Protecting customer privacy and data security is an important part of our commitment to our customers.

We comply with relevant privacy and data security legislation wherever we operate. When a customer or prospective customer provides their personal details either through the Harbour-Link's Group Berhad website or other relevant documents or channel, they are required to sign the PDPA Notice to ensure statutory compliance with PDPA.

Throughout this reporting period, Harbour-Link received no complaint regarding a breach of customer privacy.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement sets out the principal features of Harbour-Link Group Berhad ("Harbour-Link" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries' (collectively referred to as the "Group") corporate governance approach, summary of corporate governance practices during the financial year as well as key focus areas and future priorities in relation to corporate governance.

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement is made pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 (1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("MMLR") and guidance was drawn from Practice Note 9 of the MMLR and the Corporate Governance Guide (3rd edition) issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement is augmented with a Corporate Governance Report ("**CG Report**") based on a prescribed format as enumerated in Paragraph 15.25 (2) of the MMLR so as to provide a detailed articulation on the application of the Group's corporate governance practices vis-à-vis the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("**MCCG**") and is available on the Group's website, <a href="http://www.harbour.com.my">http://www.harbour.com.my</a> as well as via an announcement on the website of Bursa Securities.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement should also be read in tandem with other statements in the Annual Report namely Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control, Audit and Risk Management Committee Report and Sustainability Statement.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE APPROACH**

The Board of Directors of Harbour-Link ("Board") is committed towards achieving high standards of corporate governance practices, values and ethical business conducts and acknowledges the importance to set the appropriate tone from the Board level to across the entire Group. Corporate governance practices shall be the fundamental aspect in managing the business and affairs of the Group in a responsible and ethical manner.

In manifesting the Group's commitment towards sound corporate governance, the Group has complied with the provisions and applied the main principles of the MCCG for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 except for:

Practice 1.3	The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals
Practice 1.4	Chairman is not a member of any of the committees, but the board allows the Chairman to participate in any or all of the committees' meetings
Practice 4.4	Performance evaluations of the board and senior management to include a review of their performance in addressing the company's material sustainability risks and opportunities
Practice 4.5 (Step Up)	The Board identifies a designated person within management, to provide dedicated focus to manage sustainability, including the integration of sustainability considerations in the operations of the company
Practice 5.4 (Step Up)	The Board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years without further extension
Practice 5.9	The board comprises at least 30% women directors
Practice 8.2	Disclosure on a named basis of the top five Senior Management personnel's remuneration
Practice 12.2	Adoption of integrated reporting
Practice 13.6	Minutes of the general meeting circulated to shareholders no later than 30 business days after the general meeting

The explanation for the departure, the Company's intended actions and timeframe for the departure from the above practices are available in the CG Report.

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#### **PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS**

#### 1. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### 1.1 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Board recognises the key role it plays in charting the strategic direction of the Company and has assumed the following principal responsibilities in discharging its fiduciary and leadership functions:

- a) To review and adopt Harbour-Link's strategic plans to ensure that the plans support long term value creation and includes strategies on economic, environmental and social considerations underpinning sustainability;
- (b) To oversee the conduct of the Group's business and to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- (c) Be accountable to the shareholders to ensure the Group has good corporate governance culture that operates efficiently and transparently as well as reinforces ethical, prudent and professional behaviour;
- (d) Establishing a succession plan;
- (e) Working together with the management to take responsibility for the governance of sustainability in Harbour-Link including setting the Group's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets;
- (f) To approve annual budget;
- (g) To review budgetary control and conformance strategies;
- (h) To review and approve annual reports to the shareholders;
- (i) To ensure the integrity of the Group's financial and non-financial reporting;
- To identify principal risks and to ensure the implementation of appropriate systems that encourage enhancement of effectiveness in Board and management;
- (k) To keep pace with the modern risks of business and other aspects of governance that address material environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities relevant to the Group;
- (l) To review the adequacy and integrity of the Group's internal control system and management information systems, including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines;
- (m) To oversee the development and implementation of an effective communication with stakeholders; and
- (n) To work with senior management team on Sustainability Report.

To assist in the discharge of its stewardship role, the Board has established Board Committees, namely Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee to examine specific issues within their respective terms of reference as approved by the Board and to report to the Board with their recommendations. The ultimate responsibility for decision making, however, lies with the Board.

### **Board Charter**

The Board Charter was last reviewed on 29 August 2022. The Board Charter aims to ensure that all Board members understand their duties and responsibilities as well as the laws, regulations and best practices governing their conduct.

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#### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

### 1.1 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors (cont'd)

### **Board Charter (cont'd)**

The Board Charter is to be reviewed periodically and updated in accordance with the needs of the Company and any new regulations that may have an impact on the discharge of the Board's responsibilities. The Board Charter is accessible at the Company's website at <a href="https://www.harbour.com.my">www.harbour.com.my</a>.

The Board has also adopted the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy in line with MMLR of Bursa Securities.

#### Code of Ethics and Conduct

The Board has established the Code of Ethics of the Group on 25 November 2019, setting out the standards of conduct expected from Directors and employees to advocate good corporate behaviour with the intention of achieving the following aims:

- To establish a standard of ethical behaviour for directors based on trustworthiness and values that can be accepted, are held or upheld by any one person.
- To uphold the spirit of responsibility and social responsibility in line with the legislation, regulations and guidelines for administrating a company.

The Board recognises the importance of adhering to the Code of Ethics and has taken measure to put in place a process to ensure its compliance:

- sustainability;
- work environment;
- safety, health and environment;
- property of the Group;
- records and information;
- proprietary and confidential information;
- non-engaging in illegal activities;
- dealing with conflict of interests; and
- report of violations through Whistleblower Policy.

### **Whistleblower Policy**

The Board has adopted the Whistleblower Policy on 25 November 2019 and is committed to transparency, integrity and accountability in the conduct of its business and affairs. It expects wrongdoings such as fraud, corruptions, serious financial impropriety and gross mismanagement to be reported and actions to be taken where appropriate. The Board will address the disclosure in an appropriate, timely manner and given fair treatment to both whistleblower and the alleged wrongdoer. The whistleblower's identity is protected unless otherwise required by law or for the purpose of proceedings. The whistleblower will be protected from reprisal as a direct consequence of making a disclosure and to safeguard such person's confidentiality.

Both Code of Ethics and Whistleblower Policy are available on the Company's website at www.harbour.com.my.

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#### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

### 1.1 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors (cont'd)

### **Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy**

The Group has adopted and implemented the anti-bribery and anti-corruption policy on 24 February 2020 (revised on 5<sup>th</sup> July 2022) in line with the government's commitment to tackling corruption, improving integrity and implementing good corporate governance pursuant to Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (Amendment) Act 2018.

The Group is committed to conduct its business and operations on the concept of transparency, integrity and accountability, in compliance with the applicable laws and regulation.

### 1.2 Board Balance and Composition

The Board currently consists of seven (7) members, comprising of the Executive Chairman and Group Managing Director, two (2) Executive Directors and four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board has achieved the target of at least half of the board comprises independent directors in compliance with the MCCG and exceeding the minimum one-third (1/3) requirement as out in the MMLR.

The background of each Director is contained in the "Profile of Board of Directors" as set out in this Annual Report. The Directors, with their differing backgrounds and specializations, collectively bring with them a wide range of experience and expertise in areas such as accounting and audit; corporate affairs; and marketing and operations.

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy in formalising its approach to boardroom diversity. The Board policy has defined that diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age and ethnicity.

Currently, there is one (1) female member on the Board. The Board, from time to time undertakes a review of its composition to determine areas to strengthen and improve opportunities. The Group does not set specific numerical target for appointment of candidates belonging to particular demographic groups to the Board.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors provide unbiased and independent views in ensuring that the strategies proposed by the Management are deliberated and examined for the interest of shareholders and stakeholders. Independent Non-Executive Directors are essential in protecting the interests of shareholders and contribute significantly to the Company's decision by giving rational and fair judgement and to decide impartially. The Board recognizes the importance of establishing criteria on independence to be used in annual assessment of its Independent Non-Executive Directors. Although the definition of independence according to MMLR is used, the Board review and assess independence of its Independent Non-Executive Directors annually, based on substance of their conduct, ability to discuss matters objectively and make decision rationally and other independence criteria. The Board noted the recommendations of the MCCG that the tenure of an Independent Non-Executive Director shall not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. The Board must justify and seek shareholders' approval at general meeting if the Board intends to retain the Directors as Independent Non-Executive Director. The tenure of all the Independent Non-Executive Directors have not exceeded a cumulative term of nine (9) years.

With its diversity of skills, the Board has been able to provide clear and effective collective leadership to the Group. This has also brought informed and independent judgement to the Group's strategy and performance so as to ensure that the highest standards of conduct and integrity are always at the core of the Group.

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#### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

### 1.3 Roles and Responsibilities of the Chairman and Group Managing Director

Dato Yong Piaw Soon was appointed as the Chairman of the Company on 25 May 2022. Dato Yong is the founder and major shareholder of Harbour-Link.

The position of Chairman and Group Managing Director are held by the same person as the Board believes that for its current size, it is more expedient for the two roles to be held by the same person with clear defining role to ensure no overlapping. As long as there is pertinent check and balance by the Independent Non-Executive Directors which made up of 60% of the current Board's size, no one person in the Board has unfettered powers to make major decision for the Company.

The Chairman is responsible for leadership of the Board in ensuring the effectiveness of all aspects of his role, to lead the Group to achieve its mission and vision. The Chairman is in a better position in this aspect for he has many years of experience and in-depth industrial knowledge in its group of businesses. Decisions of the Board are made collectively during Board meetings. In order to ensure that meetings are properly facilitated, and the Board is properly led, the Chairman plays a crucial and pivotal leadership role in ensuring that the Board works effectively. Additionally, the Chairman of the Board is usually the presiding Chairman during General Meetings of the Company.

Chairman of the Board endeavours to create an environment which promotes constructive deliberations leading to effective contributions by each Board member during Board meetings. Furthermore, the Chairman must be able to manage personal conflicts and help to focus the Board on what really matters as oppose to simply ploughing through the agenda.

The Group Managing Director is responsible for ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the Board's governance process and acts as facilitator at Board meetings to ensure all Directors participate and deliberate at all Board meetings and that no Board member dominates the discussion. As the Group Managing Director, supported by fellow Executive Directors, he implements the Group's strategies, policies and decisions adopted by the Board and oversees the operations and business development of the Group.

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Group Managing Director are prescribed in the Company's Board Charter which can be assessed at the corporate website at www.harbour.com.my.

### 2. BOARD MEETING AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

Directors are supplied with relevant information and reports on financial, operational, corporate, regulatory, business development and audit matters, by way of Board reports or upon specific request, for decisions to be made on an informed basis and effective discharge of Board's responsibilities.

Good practices have been observed for timely dissemination of meeting agenda, including the relevant Board and Board Committee papers to all Directors prior to the Board and Board Committee meetings to facilitate informed Board decision and to deal with matters arising from such meetings. The Executive Directors and/or other relevant Board members will be furnished with comprehensive explanation on pertinent issues and recommendations by Management. The issues are then deliberated and discussed thoroughly by the Board prior to decision making.

In addition, the Board members are updated on the Company's activities and its operations on a regular basis. All Directors have access to all information of the Company on a timely basis to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

The Directors are provided with agenda of meetings and Board papers which contain operational report and financial information to be discussed, in sufficient time prior to every Board meeting to enable them to obtain further explanation, where necessary, in order to be properly informed before the meeting.

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### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 2. BOARD MEETING AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, highlights to the Board at each Board meeting of any salient matters noted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee that may require the Board's attention or direction.

The attendance of the Directors at the Board and Board Committee meetings during the financial year under review are tabled as below:

Name	Designation	Board	Audit and Risk Management Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	Group Managing Director	4/4	-	-	-
Wong Siong Seh	Executive Director	4/4	_	_	-
Dato'Toh Guan Seng	Executive Director	4/4	_	_	_
Bin Lay Thiam	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4	5/5	1/1	2/2
Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4	5/5	1/1	2/2
Khoi Hoay Ling	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4	5/5	1/1	2/2
Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4	-	-	-

As stipulated in the Board Charter, the Directors are required to devote sufficient time and efforts to carry out their responsibilities. The Board obtains this commitment from Directors at the time of their appointment. Each Director is expected to commit time as and when required to discharge their duties and responsibilities besides attending meetings of the Board and Board Committees.

All Board members are required to notify the Chairman on new directorships notwithstanding that the MMLR allow a Director to sit on the boards of 5 listed issuers. Such notification is expected to include an indication of time that will be spent on the new appointment.

### 2.1 The Roles and Responsibilities of the Company Secretary

The Directors are supported by an external qualified Company Secretary who is a fellow member of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators ("MAICSA"). The Company Secretary ensures that the Board is regularly updated on relevant regulatory requirements, codes or new statutes issued from time to time. The Company Secretary advises the Board on the corporate governance, rules and regulations to observe and ensure that the proceedings deliberation and resolutions reached at each Board meeting are recorded in the Minutes Book.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is under the purview of the Board.

The Company Secretary updates the Board at regular intervals regarding regulatory requirements.

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### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 3. BOARD SELECTION AND ASSESSMENT

A Nomination Committee has been established, with specific terms of reference, by the Board, comprising exclusively Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:

Cha	airman	Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	Independent Non-Executive Director
Mei	mbers	Bin Lay Thiam	Independent Non-Executive Director
		Khoi Hoay Ling	Independent Non-Executive Director

The Nomination Committee is primarily responsible for recommending suitable appointments to the Board, taking into consideration the Board structure, size, composition and the required mix of expertise and experience which the Director should bring to the Board.

Appointments to the Board are based on merit, having regards to the contribution of the candidates to the Board as a whole. The Board believes that merit-based appointments will best enable the Group to serve its shareholders and stakeholders. The final decision on the appointment of a candidate recommended by the Nomination Committee rests with the Board. The Board is entitled to the services of the Company Secretary who would ensure that all appointments are properly made upon obtaining all necessary information from the candidates.

The Nomination Committee also assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees and the contribution of each Director, including Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee evaluates the Board components based on its diversified mix of skills and experience. It is delegated with the overall responsibility for implementation, monitoring and periodic review of the Board Diversity Policy.

The breakdown of the Board by gender, age and ethnicity as at 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Gender		Age		Ethnicity (Malaysia)	
Male	6	Above 50	7	Chinese	6
Female	1			Malay	1

During the financial year, the Nomination Committee met once on 27 September 2021, attended by all members, to:

- Review the composition of the Board in terms of its balanced mix of skills, experience and expertise;
- Review the performance of each Director;
- Review performance of Audit and Risk Management Committee and each of its members; and
- Review and evaluate the level of independence of a Director who has served more than nine years;

The Board is satisfied with the overall performance of the individual Directors, Board and the Board Committees for the financial year under review, with improvement seen for performance of the Board and Board Committees.

The Board is mindful of the importance for its members to undergo continuous training to keep abreast with changes in regulatory requirements and the impact of such regulatory requirements have on the Group.

The Group provides a dedicated training budget for the Board's continuing development. The Directors continue to undergo relevant training programmes to further enhance their skills and knowledge in the discharge of their stewardship role.

The External Auditors also briefed the Board on any changes to the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards that would affect the Group's financial statements during the financial year under review.

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### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 3. BOARD SELECTION AND ASSESSMENT (CONT'D)

During the financial year, all Board Members have attended pertinent training as below:

No	Participants	Date	Course Name	Training Provider
1	Yong Piaw Soon (Francis)	30 July 2021	Webinar Corporate Liabilities under S.17A of the MACC Act 2009, Migitation Guidelines & ISO 37001 (Anti Bribery Management system)	Institute of Professional Advancement (IPA)
		18 August 2021	Webinar Corporate Tax & Transfer Pricing	Institute of Professional Advancement (IPA)
		24 August 2021	Virtual SSM National Conference 2021	Suruhanjaya Syarikat Malaysia (SSM)
2	Wong Siong Seh (Edward)	24 August 2021	Virtual SSM National Conference 2021	Suruhanjaya Syarikat Malaysia (SSM)
3	Bin Lay Thiam	26 October 2021	Webinar: Branding for Board of Directors	SMART Focus Group
4	Dato'Toh Guan Seng	26 October 2021	Webinar: Branding for Board of Directors	SMART Focus Group
5	Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	7 April 2022	Webinar: AOB's Conversation with Audit Committees	Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board (AOB)
6	Khoi Hoay Ling	26 October 2021	Webinar: Branding for Board of Directors	SMART Focus Group
		7 April 2022	Webinar: AOB's Conversation with Audit Committees	Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board (AOB)
7	Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	7 April 2022	Webinar: AOB's Conversation with Audit Committees	Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board (AOB)

### 4. BOARD REMUNERATION

A Remuneration Committee has been established by the Board, comprising a majority of Independent Non-Executive Director as follows:

Chairman	Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	Independent Non-Executive Director
Members	Khoi Hoay Ling	Independent Non-Executive Director
	Bin Lay Thiam	Independent Non-Executive Director

The Remuneration Committee has been entrusted by the Board to determine that the levels of remuneration are sufficient to attract and retain Directors of quality required to manage the business of the Group. The Remuneration Committee is entrusted under its terms of reference to assist the Board, amongst others, to recommend to the Board the remuneration of the Executive Directors. In the case of Independent Non-Executive Directors, the level of remuneration shall reflect the experience and level of responsibilities undertaken by the Independent Non-Executive Directors concerned. In all instances, the deliberations are conducted, with the Directors concerned abstaining from discussions on their individual remuneration. During the financial year under review, the Remuneration Committee met once on 27 September 2021 attended by all members to review the remuneration package for Executive Directors and key senior management.

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### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 4. BOARD REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

Details of Directors' remuneration for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Directors	Salaries	Fees	Allowances	Benefits- in-kind	Contribution to defined contribution plan and social security contributions	Total
Executive Directors						
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	818,988	-	11,000	-	33,353	863,341
Wong Siong Seh	-	-	4,000	-	-	4,000
Dato'Toh Guan Seng	-	-	4,000	-	-	4,000
Non-Executive Directors						
Bin Lay Thiam	-	52,000	11,000	-	-	63,000
Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	-	52,500	11,000	-	-	63,500
Khoi Hoay Ling	-	49,500	11,000	-	-	60,500
Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	-	36,000	6,000	-	-	42,000
Subsidiaries						
Executive Directors						
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	1,702,556	-	-	-	-	1,702,556
Wong Siong Seh	2,216,044	-	-	9,900	56,167	2,282,111
Dato'Toh Guan Seng	438,100	-	-	24,550	18,117	480,767
Total	5,175,688	190,000	58,000	34,450	107,637	5,565,775

The Company has on the 19<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") held on 29 November 2021 obtained the shareholders' mandate on payment of Director fees and allowance up to RM250,000 from 29 November 2021 to the next AGM of the Company.

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### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 4. BOARD REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

The aggregate remuneration of the top five (5) Senior Management staff of the Group during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 categorised into bands of RM50,000 are as follows:

	Number of Key Sei	nior Management
Amount	Subsidiary	Company
Above RM400,001 to RM450,000	1	-
Above RM450,001 to RM500,000	-	-
Above RM500,001 to RM550,000	1	-
Above RM550,001 to RM600,000	2	-
Above RM600,001 to RM650,000	-	-
Above RM650,001 to RM700,000	-	-
Above RM700,001 to RM750,000	-	-
Above RM750,001 to RM800,000	-	-
Above RM800,001 to RM850,000	-	-
Above RM850,001 to RM900,000	-	-
Above RM900,001 to RM950,000	-	-
Above RM950,001 to RM1,000,000	-	-
Above RM2,000,001 to RM2,050,000	1	-

The remuneration of the top five (5) Senior Management of the Group disclosed above is on an aggregate basis. At this particular juncture, The Board is of the view that disclosure on named basis of the top five senior management may affect talent retention issues as employee poaching is a common phenomenon in the shipping and logistic industry and hence, it is not in the best interest of the Group.

### 5. AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Board aims to provide and present a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects at the end of each reporting period and financial year, primarily through the quarterly announcement of the Group's results to Bursa Securities and the annual financial statements of the Group and Company. The Board is assisted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to oversee the Group's financial reporting processes and the quality of its financial reporting.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee assists the Board to discharge its duties on financial reporting. The composition of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, including its roles and responsibilities, are set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report of this Annual Report. One of the key responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee in its specific terms of reference is to ensure that the financial statements of the Group and Company comply with applicable financial reporting standards in Malaysia. Such financial statements comprise the quarterly financial report announced to Bursa Securities and the annual statutory financial statements.

The Board is committed in upholding the integrity of the group financial reporting. The Audit and Risk Management Committee is responsible to assess, evaluate and recommend the External Auditors to ensure they are of the right calibre with professional ethics and integrity. The Audit and Risk Management Committee also reviews the types of non-audit services permitted to be provided by the External Auditors of the Company so as not to compromise their independence and objectivity.

cont'd

### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 5. AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

In assessing the independence of the External Auditors, the Audit and Risk Management Committee will require written assurance from the External Auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement with the Company in accordance with the independence criteria set out by the International Federation of Accountants and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Having satisfied itself with Messrs Ernst and Young PLT's performance, the Audit and Risk Management Committee will recommend their re-appointment to the Board, upon which the shareholders' approval will be sought at the forthcoming AGM

The Board has private sessions and dialogues through the Audit and Risk Management Committee with the External Auditors, in the absence of the Executive Directors and Management. For the year under review, there was one (1) dialogue session with the External Auditors where there were exchanges of views in relation to the financial reporting of the Group and other issues that needed attention, if any.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

The Board undertakes the responsibility for evaluating, reviewing and monitoring the vital enterprise risks that affect the business and operations. The management has on going process to manage and mitigate key businesses risk with the intent to strengthen the risk management and internal control system as a whole.

### 7. GOVERNANCE, RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

Relevant Internal Control Systems are implemented for the day to day operations of the Group. The Internal Audit Function undertakes regular reviews of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control and risk management process, as well as appropriateness and effectiveness of the corporate governance practices. The Internal Audit Function reports directly to the Audit and Risk Management Committee. Further details on the Internal Audit Function is in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report and the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in this Annual Report.

### 8. CONTINUOUS COMMUNICATION BETWEEN COMPANY AND STAKEHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of being transparent and accountable to the Company's investors and, as such, has various channels to maintain communication with them. The various channels of communications are through the quarterly announcements on financial results to Bursa Securities, relevant announcements and circulars when necessary, the Annual and Extraordinary General Meetings and through the Group's website where shareholders can access pertinent information concerning the Group.

### 9. SHAREHOLDERS PARTICIPATION AT GENERAL MEETINGS

The AGM, which is the principal forum for shareholders dialogue, allows shareholders to review the Group's performance via the Company's Annual Report and pose questions to the Board for clarification. At the AGM, shareholders participate in deliberating resolutions being proposed or on the Group's operation in general.

The Notice of AGM is circulated at least twenty-eight (28) days before the date of the meeting to enable shareholders to go through the Annual Report and papers supporting the resolutions proposed. Shareholders are invited to ask questions both about the resolutions being proposed before putting a resolution to vote as well as matters relating to the Group's operations in general. All the resolutions set out in the Notice of the last 19<sup>th</sup> AGM were voted by way of poll and duly passed. The outcome of the 19<sup>th</sup> AGM was announced to Bursa Securities on the same meeting day.

In the with the MMLR of Bursa Securities, all resolutions tabled at general meetings will be voted by way of poll.

cont'd

### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

### 9. SHAREHOLDERS PARTICIPATION AT GENERAL MEETINGS (CONT'D)

The 19<sup>th</sup> AGM was conducted on a fully virtual basis on 29 November 2021. All the Directors together with the Senior Management team and External Auditors attended the 19<sup>th</sup> AGM to answer any queries from the shareholders.

The Notice of the 19<sup>th</sup> AGM was issued on 29 October 2021 and published in the 2021 Annual Report, NST newspaper and Bursa Securities company announcement. The Shareholders were given sufficient time to make the necessary arrangements for appointing proxy(ies) or attending the AGM.

A notice period of at least 28 days was given prior to the 19th AGM in line with Practice 12.1 of the MCCG.

### **STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board is responsible to ensure that the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2016, Malaysia Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at the end of the financial year and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended.

The Directors are satisfied that in preparing the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group has adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, prudently and reasonably. The Directors also consider that all applicable approved accounting standards have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the notes to the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps sufficient accounting records to disclose with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2016.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement was made in accordance with a resolution of the Board on 26 October 2022.

# **ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION**

#### 1. NON-AUDIT FEES

Details of statutory audit, audit-related and non-audit fees paid/payable in the financial year ended 30 June 2022 to the External Auditors are set out below: -

	Fees paid/payab	Fees paid/payable to Messrs Ernst and Young PLT (RM)			
Description	Company	Subsidiary	Total		
Audit fees	98,000	702,000	800,000		
Non-Audit Fees	73,000	-	73,000		
	171,000	702,000	873,000		
	Fees paid/pa	yable to other audito	rs (SGD/BND)		
Description	Company	Subsidiary	Total		
Audit fees		26,600	26,600		
	Fees paid/	Fees paid/payable to other auditors (HKD)			

	Fees paid/payable to other auditors (HKD)			
Description	Company	Subsidiary	Total	
Audit fees	-	35,000	35,000	

### 2. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There were no material contracts entered into by the Group which involves directors and major shareholders' interest during the financial year.

### 3. RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There are no other recurrent related party transactions transacted by the Company and its subsidiaries except for those disclosed under related party transactions on page 158.

### **AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT**

#### **MEMBERS**

The Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") comprises the following:

Designation	Name of Directors	Directorship	No. of Meetings Attended
Chairman	Bin Lay Thiam	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Member	Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Member	Khoi Hoay Ling	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Member	Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	Independent Non-Executive Director (Appointed on 25 May 2022)	-

The ARMC has four (4) members, all of whom are independent non-executive directors. Two (2) of them, Bin Lay Thiam and Khoi Hoay Ling are members of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants, respectively.

The ARMC met five (5) times during the financial year. Details of attendance by each member of the ARMC are as per above table.

The Group Managing Director, Financial Controller and Compliance Officer were invited to attend all the meetings to provide clarification on matters related to their field of work.

The external auditors responsible for Harbour-Link and its subsidiaries' ("the Group") financial audit were present at three (3) out of five (5) meetings held during the financial year. Private session without the Management's presence was also held to provide an avenue for the external auditors to discuss any issues of concern, if any arising from their audit.

Minutes of each meeting were circulated to the Board at the next most practicable meeting.

The full Terms of Reference of the ARMC is available on Harbour-Link's website at www.harbour.com.my.

### **SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE ARMC**

The activities undertaken by the ARMC were in accordance with the Terms of Reference that included the following:

### **Financial Reporting and Compliance**

- Reviewed the unaudited quarterly financial results and annual audited financial statements to ensure the Group's compliance
  with the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia, applicable approved accounting standards issued by
  Malaysian Accounting Standards Board and other legal and regulatory requirements, before recommending to the Board for
  consideration and approval.
- Reviewed and assessed with the Management and external auditors, the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies and adequacy of financial reporting and disclosure requirements with particular focus on key audit matters and the reasonableness of judgments and projections made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.

### **External Audit**

- Considered the re-appointment of the external auditors and audit fees by evaluating the external auditor's suitability, independence, performance and the scope of work conducted.
- Reviewed the external auditors' Audit Plan which outlined its engagement team, audit approach, audit timeline and areas of audit emphasis for financial year prior to the commencement of audit.

# **AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT**

cont'd

### SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE ARMC (CONT'D)

### External Audit (cont'd)

- Discussed with the external auditors on updates in relation to new or proposed changes in the accounting standards and regulatory requirements and considered the implications to the financial statement's presentation and disclosure arising from the adoption of these changes.
- Reviewed and discussed with the external auditors, the auditing issues and where applicable, the impact of material adjustments and recommendations arising from the final audit.

### **Internal Audit and Risk Management**

- Reviewed the competency of internal audit function including the processes, audit plan and resource requirements as well as
  the internal audit reports presented on the findings, recommendations and management's responses thereto are adequately
  addressed by management.
- Considered and approved the appointment of the outsourced professional service firm and their fees by evaluating their competency, independence and performance.
- Reviewed and assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management framework.
- Reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval the ARMC Report and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the 2022 Annual Report.

### **Related Party Transaction**

- Reviewed the related party transactions and any conflict of interest that may have arisen within the Group.
- Reviewed the Recurrent Related Party Transactions circular and recommended to the Board to seek shareholders' approval for renewal of Shareholders' Mandate.

### SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group outsourced its internal audit assignments to an independent professional service firm. For the financial year under review, the internal audit activities performed were as follows:

- Presented and obtained approval for the Internal Audit Plan which sets out the internal audit work expected to be carried out for the financial year, including any revision thereafter.
- Carried out internal audit reviews in accordance with the approved Internal Audit Plan.
- Presented the Internal Audit Reports with highlights on audit findings, recommendations to improve and management's responses.
- Performed follow-up on prior internal audits and updating the ARMC on the status of management's actions.

The total costs incurred for the internal audit and risk management function of the Group for the financial year was approximately RM119,000.

# STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Directors of Harbour-Link Group Berhad ("**the Board**") is pleased to provide the following Statement which outlines the key elements and scope of the Group's risk management and internal control system for the financial year under review.

#### RESPONSIBILITY

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for safeguarding shareholders' investments and the Group's assets as well as reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management practices and internal control system. However, due to inherent limitations, the risk management and internal control system are designed to manage the Group's risks within an acceptable risk appetite rather than to eliminate the risk that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance against material misstatement, fraud or loss.

In carrying out this responsibility, the Board is assisted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC"). The ARMC is guided by its terms of reference to ensure the adequacy and integrity of the risk management practices and internal control system. This is done through reports to ARMC from the Risk Officer on the risk management activities carried out by the respective risk management committees, Internal Auditors on the internal control system, independent financial audit and the Management, respectively.

The Group's risk management practices and internal control system do not apply to its joint venture and associate companies where the Group does not have full management control over them. The Group's interests are secured through Board representation in the joint venture and associate companies, and periodic review of the companies' management accounts by the Management.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

As the business continues to grow, the emphasis is on the importance of maintaining sound risk management practices and to establish a sustainable risk management governance framework. This is driven through ongoing efforts to embed the risk management framework and policy, where possible into the culture and operations of the Group. The risk management structure spans the entire organization, from the Board right down to the operational level that comprises 12 Risk Management Committees ("RMC"). Through such structure, material risks from each segment of the business are represented and escalated to respective Division Head and finally to the Board, providing a more rounded and all-inclusive approach in capturing and managing the Group's risks. This is a continuous process of identifying, evaluating and managing the Group's material risks. The activities of the RMC are monitored by the Division Head with the assistance of the Risk Officer. The approach adopted by the Group is guided by the globally accepted standard for risk management, ISO 31000 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines for identifying, evaluating, managing and monitoring significant risks. The abovementioned risk management practice of the Group has been in place for the financial year under review and up to the date of the approval of this Statement.

Significant risks that may affect the Group's ability to meet its business objectives are being monitored. The Group has identified the following risks as significant to the business:

- Stiff competition, not only from existing players but also new ones entering into the market; however, the Group has put in place various measures to counteract this risk. Amongst the measures taken are managing and maintaining good relationship with key customers, focusing on delivering quality services and cultivating a well experienced and dedicated team of employees to meet customer expectations.
- Uncertainty in the economy as we transition into the endemic phase of Covid-19 coupled with rising costs of transportation and inflation; however, the Management is closely monitoring the changes in the market and assessing its impact on the Group's business. In addition, having a lean and clear management structure has proven that the Group is able to efficiently manage and re-strategise as needed.

# STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

cont'd

#### INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group's internal audit adopts a risk-based approach to provide assurance to the Board that the internal audit review covers key risk areas and core processes of the Group in accordance with the approved risk based internal audit plan. The internal audit review is outsourced to a professional service firm. They report independently and directly to the ARMC and are free from any relationships or conflicts of interests which could impair their objectivity and independence.

The role of the internal audit in the Group includes the following:

- Review on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls;
- Highlight significant risks and non-compliance issues relating to procedures and operations that impact the Group;
- Where applicable, provide recommendations to improve on the effectiveness of controls and operations and conduct followup reviews to ensure that appropriate actions are being taken to address internal control weaknesses highlighted; and
- Promoting risk awareness and the value and nature of an effective internal control system.

For the financial year under review, the engaged internal auditor performed audits on one of the branch operation and management under the integrated logistics division, ship management and the strategic management of the Group. The results of the internal audit reviews were discussed with the respective unit heads and subsequently, the audit findings including recommendations for improvements were presented to the ARMC as per the audit plan. In addition, follow-up reviews were conducted to ensure that corrective actions have been implemented accordingly. There were some internal control weaknesses identified from the review, all of which have been or are being addressed. None of these weaknesses have resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require a separate disclosure in this Annual Report.

#### OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The other key elements of risk management and internal control systems that further support the maintenance of a strong risk management and internal control environment in the Group are as follows:

- ARMC that comprises wholly independent non-executive directors and its activities undertaken during the financial year under review are set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report;
- Establishment of other Board Committees to assist the Board in providing independent oversight function, namely Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee with responsibilities and authorities clearly specified in their respective terms of reference;
- Active participation by the executive members of the Board in the day-to-day running of the operations and regular dialogues with senior management on operational matters;
- Effective reporting system in generating timely financial information for Management review and decision making;
- An annual budgeting process where each business unit within the Group prepares its budget for the following financial year. The budget is then reviewed by the Management after which, the budget is submitted to the Board for approval;
- Quarterly reviews of the performance and financial results of the Group by the Management and the Board;
- The Board is furnished with timely and detailed Board papers and is further briefed on all significant matters for their consideration and deliberation;
- Existence of limits of authority which provides for the approval of various transactions;
- Review and approval of all proposals relating to significant capital and investment acquisition by the Board;

# STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

cont'd

#### OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

- Adequate insurance coverage on major assets and transactions to prevent material losses and reduce contingent liabilities of the Group;
- Organization structure with clearly defined lines of responsibility, delegation of authority and a process of hierarchical reporting;
- Employment of qualified and capable work force;
- Established training and development plans to ensure staff are kept up to date with necessary competencies to properly carry out their duties and responsibilities;
- Documented policies and standard operating procedures for key processes are updated from time to time in tandem with changes to business environment or regulatory guidelines;
- Established guidelines on prevention of Covid-19 spread for a safe working environment for our employees; and
- Established Whistleblowing Policy and Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy to manage corporate liabilities risk and promote a high standard of business integrity.

#### ASSURANCE FROM MANAGEMENT

The Board has received assurance from the Group Managing Director and Financial Controller that the Group's risk management and internal control system are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and up to the date of this Statement.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Overall, the Board is satisfied that the assessment and review process of the Group's businesses are in place to provide reasonable assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the governance, risk and internal control system of the Group.

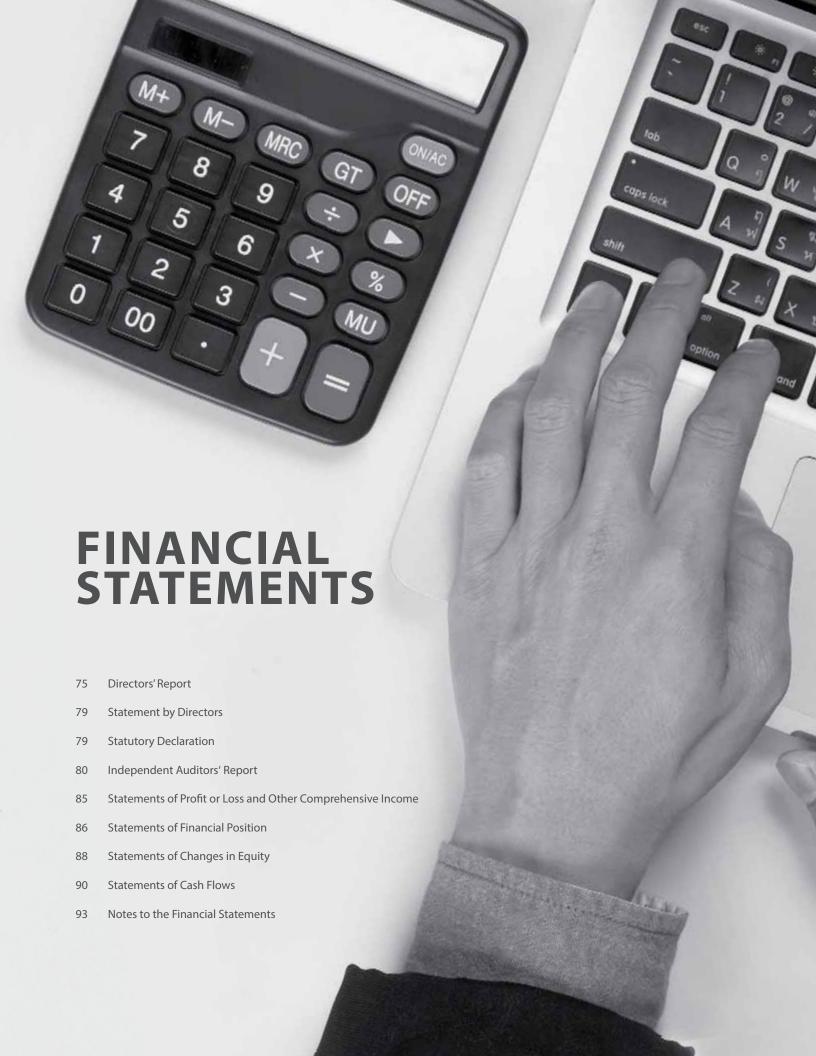
The Board and Management shall continue to review and implement measures to improve and strengthen the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Audit and Assurance Practice Guide 3, *Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report ("AAPG3")* issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that cause them to believe that the statement intended to be included in the Annual Report of the Group, in all material respects has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, or is factually inaccurate.

AAPG3 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Directors and Management thereon. The report from the external auditor was made solely for, and directed solely to the Board in connection with their compliance with the listing requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and for no other purposes or parties. The external auditors do not assume responsibility to any person other than the Board of Directors in respect of any aspect of this report.

This Statement has been approved by the Board on 26 October 2022 based on the recommendation of the ARMC.



The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

#### **RESULTS**

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Profit net of tax	179,467,021	20,055,436
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	149,739,839	20,055,436
Non-controlling interest	29,727,182	-
	179,467,021	20,055,436

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The amount of dividends paid by the Company since 30 June 2021 was as follows:

In respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2022:

	RM
First interim tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 2.5 sen per share on 398,576,708 ordinary shares, declared on 26 November 2021 and paid on 10 January 2022	9,964,424
November 2021 and paid on 10 January 2022	9,964,424

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2022 of 2.5 sen per share on 398,576,708 ordinary shares, amounting to a dividend payable of RM9,964,418 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 June 2023.

cont'd

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company in office at the beginning of the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

Dato Yong Piaw Soon \*\*
Wong Siong Seh \*\*
Dato' Toh Guan Seng \*\*
Datuk Pau Chiong Ung
Bin Lay Thiam
Khoi Hoay Ling
Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak

\*\* These directors are also directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

The directors of the subsidiaries of the Company at the beginning of the financial year and up to the date of this report (excluding the directors listed above) are:

Aidid Bin Abd Kadir Alias @ Awg Alias Bin Timbang Bo Jow Yung Choo Wai Teck Haji Abdul Saman Bin Ahmad Hii Kwong Wui Hooi Yen Peng Kok Giot Huat Lau Chii Hung Lee Seng Chiong Lim Sin Sang Lim Yan Peng Mohd Irwan Bin Abdullah Ong Khoon Seng Ong Leh Kwong Pau Chong Dak Sandra Chan Lee Hung Simon Ngui Moh Yee (Appointed on 18 October 2022) Tan Tiong Pan Tang Kie Ung Wong King Hie Wong Siau Chiin (Resigned on 18 October 2022) Wong Siik Hing Yong Leong Hua Yong Leong Mew Yong Lin Ing

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors or the fixed salary of the full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 32 to the financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS (CONT'D)**

The Company maintains a liability insurance for the directors and officers of the Group. The total sum insured for directors and officers of the Group for the financial year amounted to RM15 million. The insurance premium paid was RM16,626. No payment was made for any indemnity during the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Details of directors' remuneration are disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares				
	01.07.2021	Acquired	Disposal	30.06.2022	
Direct interest					
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	39,826,599	-	-	39,826,599	
Wong Siong Seh	22,274,360	-	-	22,274,360	
Dato' Toh Guan Seng	5,060,000	-	-	5,060,000	
Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	3,000	-	(3,000)	-	
Deemed interest					
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	212,819,726	-	-	212,819,726	
Wong Siong Seh	212,819,726	-	-	212,819,726	

By virtue of their substantial interest in shares in the Company, Dato Yong Piaw Soon and Wong Siong Seh, are deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent the Company has an interest.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other directors of the Company in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
  - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
  - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

cont'd

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
  - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
  - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
  - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
  - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
  - i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due; and
  - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office. Auditors' remuneration are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, as part of the terms of its audit engagement against claims by third parties arising from the audit for an unspecified amount. No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young PLT for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 26 October 2022.

# **STATEMENTS BY DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act 2016

We, Dato Yong Piaw Soon and Wong Siong Seh, being two of the directors of Harbour-Link Group Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 85 to 173 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act

2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial po of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then e	sition of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2022 and
Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the	directors dated 26 October 2022.
Dato Yong Piaw Soon	Wong Siong Seh
	STATUTORY DECLARATION Pursuant to Section 251(1) of the Companies Act 2016
I, <b>Sandra Chan Lee Hung</b> , being the officer primarily responsible for do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial stand I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the sand Declarations Act, 1960.	tatements set out on pages 85 to 173 are in my opinion correct,

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed Sandra Chan Lee Hung at Bintulu in the State of Sarawak on 26 October 2022

Sandra Chan Lee Hung (MIA 14522)

Before me,

YEK SIEW LIN NO. Q187 **COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS** Bintulu, Sarawak

To the Members of **Harbour-Link Group Berhad** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Harbour-Link Group Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2022 of the Group and of the Company, and statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 85 to 173.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2022, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report on the financial statements of the Company. The key audit matters for the audit of the financial statements of the Group are described below. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis of our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

To the Members of **Harbour-Link Group Berhad** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key audit matters (cont'd)

#### 1. Revenue recognition

(Refer to Note 2.19(a)(i), (ii) - accounting policies for revenue recognition on revenue from freight and freight forwarding services and Note 4 - revenue)

The Group's revenue from freight and freight forwarding services is derived from a large volume of individually insignificant transactions. During the financial year, the Group recognised revenue of approximately RM762.2 million from freight and freight forwarding services which accounted for 84% of the Group's total revenue for the financial year. Accordingly, we have identified revenue from freight and freight forwarding services as a key audit matter.

Our procedures include the following:

- (i) obtained an understanding of the relevant controls over the process of recording of revenue and tested the operating effectiveness of relevant controls over the occurrence and measurement of revenue;
- (ii) used our internal data analytical tools to analyse the relationship between revenue, accounts receivables and cash;
- (iii) tested samples of revenue transactions to the supporting documents issued such as invoices, bills of lading and evidence on delivery of services; and
- (iv) tested transactions around the reporting date to determine whether such revenue was recognised in the correct accounting period.

#### 2. Impairment assessment of trade receivables

(Refer to Note 2.13 - accounting policies for financial instruments, Note 3.1(b) - significant accounting judgements and estimates on provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables and contract assets, Note 20 - trade and other receivables and Note 33(d) Credit risk)

As at the reporting date, the Group's trade receivables stood at RM196.2 million which is stated net of allowance for impairment of approximately RM13.8 million. Trade receivables accounted for approximately 20.4% of total assets of the Group. We focused on this area due to the magnitude of the amount involved and significant judgement is required to assess the provision for expected credit losses ("ECL") including forward-looking factors.

We have performed the following procedures to address this area of audit focus:

- (i) obtained and reperformed management's ECL computation;
- (ii) assessed the reasonableness of historical loss rates applied in the ECL computation;
- (iii) understand and discussed the forward-looking information gathered by the management in relation to the provision matrix and the application thereof; and
- (iv) reviewed management's detection of the changes in credit quality not yet detected at an individual level and probabilities of default on a collective basis, considering risk characteristics such as the industry or geographical location of the debtors.

To the Members of **Harbour-Link Group Berhad** (Incorporated in Malaysia) cont'd

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, and the other information in the annual report, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors of the Company and take appropriate action.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

To the Members of **Harbour-Link Group Berhad** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

To the Members of **Harbour-Link Group Berhad** (Incorporated in Malaysia) cont'd

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

**ERNST & YOUNG PLT** (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Kuching, Malaysia

Date: 26 October 2022

**AU YONG SWEE YIN** 202006000003 No. 03101/02/2024 J Chartered Accountant

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE IMCOME

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

			Group	Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
Revenue	4	907,503,480	609,001,452	26,604,500	12,775,533	
Cost of sales		(651,400,605)	(473,017,476)	-	-	
Gross profit		256,102,875	135,983,976	26,604,500	12,775,533	
Other items of income						
Other income	5	16,683,570	13,840,168	1,460,957	752,732	
Other items of expenses						
Administrative and other expenses		(68,284,888)	(61,215,397)	(7,532,821)	(5,617,348)	
Operating profit		204,501,557	88,608,747	20,532,636	7,910,917	
Finance costs	6	(3,610,582)	(4,030,916)	(242,554)	(712,974)	
Share of results of associates		(585,505)	(1,840,107)	-	-	
Share of results of joint venture		1,588	205,671	-		
Profit before tax	7	200,307,058	82,943,395	20,290,082	7,197,943	
Income tax expense	10	(20,840,037)	(8,204,871)	(234,646)	(252,992)	
Profit net of tax		179,467,021	74,738,524	20,055,436	6,944,951	
Other comprehensive income/(loss):						
Other comprehensive income/(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:						
Share of associates' other comprehensive income/ (loss)		956,253	(322,043)	-	-	
Foreign currency translation		179,279	136,931	-	-	
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax		1,135,532	(185,112)	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		180,602,553	74,553,412	20,055,436	6,944,951	
Profit net of tax attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		149,739,839	60,576,553	20,055,436	6,944,951	
Non-controlling interests		29,727,182	14,161,971	-	-	
		179,467,021	74,738,524	20,055,436	6,944,951	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		150,867,815	60,389,572	20,055,436	6,944,951	
Non-controlling interests		29,734,738	14,163,840	20,033,130	-	
Ton controlling interests		180,602,553	74,553,412	20,055,436	6,944,951	
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Earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company (sen per share)						
Basic	11	37.57	15.19			
Diluted	11	37.57	15.19			

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# **STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

As at 30 June 2022

			Group	Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	13	318,794,170	255,960,785	5,136,649	5,357,164	
Investment properties	14	13,378,162	9,667,207	-	-	
Investment in subsidiaries	15	-	-	235,492,154	235,492,154	
Investment in associates	16	11,107,088	10,987,841	1,466,200	1,766,200	
Investment in joint venture	17	38,826	654,738	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	18	2,789,377	1,519,112	-	-	
Inventories	19	43,860,848	44,078,076	-	-	
Trade and other receivables	20	448,400	857,637	7,628,881	9,349,816	
		390,416,871	323,725,396	249,723,884	251,965,334	
Current assets						
Inventories	19	37,091,909	36,011,329	-	-	
Trade and other receivables	20	205,854,833	156,510,813	43,370	37,725	
Other current assets	21	24,433,179	15,369,135	708,551	736,172	
Investment securities	23	43,803,523	26,729,327	8,529,504	1,019,052	
Cash and bank balances	24	260,400,671	174,967,601	1,519,862	612,137	
		571,584,115	409,588,205	10,801,287	2,405,086	
TOTAL ASSETS		962,000,986	733,313,601	260,525,171	254,370,420	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Loans and borrowings	27	23,964,757	30,807,108	1,830,000	815,000	
Trade and other payables	28	151,315,370	94,186,081	9,394,523	14,208,441	
Other current liabilities	29	6,027,910	4,690,132	-	-	
Income tax payable		9,488,366	2,517,595	-	140,822	
		190,796,403	132,200,916	11,224,523	15,164,263	
Net current assets/(liabilities)		380,787,712	277,387,289	(423,236)	(12,759,177)	

# **STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

As at 30 June 2022 cont'd

			Group		Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021		
		RM	RM	RM	RM		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)							
Non-current liabilities							
Deferred tax liabilities	18	17,485,998	15,875,207	69,948	66,469		
Loans and borrowings	27	38,849,872	36,253,930	-	-		
		56,335,870	52,129,137	69,948	66,469		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		247,132,273	184,330,053	11,294,471	15,230,732		
Net assets		714,868,713	548,983,548	249,230,700	239,139,688		
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company							
Share capital	25	200,200,008	200,200,008	200,200,008	200,200,008		
Treasury shares	25	(886,951)	(886,951)	(886,951)	(886,951)		
Retained earnings		413,148,230	273,372,815	49,917,643	39,826,631		
Foreign currency translation reserve	26	3,644,728	2,516,752	-	-		
		616,106,015	475,202,624	249,230,700	239,139,688		
Non-controlling interests		98,762,698	73,780,924	-	-		
TOTAL EQUITY		714,868,713	548,983,548	249,230,700	239,139,688		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		962,000,986	733,313,601	260,525,171	254,370,420		

# **STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

Attributable to the owners of the Company —								
	Note	Share capital	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation reserve	Total equity attributed to the owners of the Company	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		(Note 25)	(Note 25)		(Note 26)			
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group								
At 1 July 2021		200,200,008	(886,951)	273,372,815	2,516,752	475,202,624	73,780,924	548,983,548
Profit net of tax		-	-	149,739,839	-	149,739,839	29,727,182	179,467,021
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	1,127,976	1,127,976	7,556	1,135,532
Total comprehensive income		-	-	149,739,839	1,127,976	150,867,815	29,734,738	180,602,553
Transactions with owners								
Dividends	12	-	-	(9,964,424)	-	(9,964,424)	-	(9,964,424)
Dividend paid to non- controlling interest in subsidiaries		-	-	_	_	-	(4,752,964)	(4,752,964)
Total transactions with owners		_		(9,964,424)		(9,964,424)	(4,752,964)	(14,717,388)
At 30 June 2022		200,200,008	(886,951)	413,148,230	3,644,728	616,106,015	98,762,698	714,868,713
At 1 July 2020		200,200,002	(354,028)	216,796,616	2,703,733	419,346,323	60,813,753	480,160,076
Profit net of tax		_		60,576,553		60,576,553	14,161,971	74,738,524
Other comprehensive (loss)/				00/37 0/333				
income		-	-	-	(186,981)	(186,981)	1,869	(185,112)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	60,576,553	(186,981)	60,389,572	14,163,840	74,553,412
Transactions with owners								
Acquisition of treasury shares		-	(532,923)	-	-	(532,923)	-	(532,923)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	-	(14,587)	-	(14,587)	(224,813)	(239,400)
Exercise of warrants		6	-	-	-	6	-	6
Dividends	12	-	-	(3,985,767)	-	(3,985,767)	-	(3,985,767)
Dividend paid to non- controlling interest in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	(971,856)	(971,856)
Total transactions with owners		6	(532,923)	(4,000,354)	_	(4,533,271)	(1,196,669)	(5,729,940)
At 30 June 2021		200,200,008		273,372,815	2,516,752	475,202,624	73,780,924	548,983,548
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# **STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Share capital	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Total equity
		(Note 25)	(Note 25)		
		RM	RM	RM	RM
Company					
2022					
At 1 July 2021		200,200,008	(886,951)	39,826,631	239,139,688
Total comprehensive income		-	-	20,055,436	20,055,436
Transactions with owners					
Dividends	12	-	-	(9,964,424)	(9,964,424)
At 30 June 2022		200,200,008	(886,951)	49,917,643	249,230,700
2021					
At 1 July 2020		200,200,002	(354,028)	36,867,447	236,713,421
Total comprehensive income		-	-	6,944,951	6,944,951
Transactions with owners					
Acquisition of treasury shares		-	(532,923)	-	(532,923)
Exercise of warrants		6	-	-	6
Dividends	12	-	-	(3,985,767)	(3,985,767)
Total transactions with owners		6	(532,923)	(3,985,767)	(4,518,684)
At 30 June 2021		200,200,008	(886,951)	39,826,631	239,139,688

# **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

			Group	Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
Operating activities						
Profit before tax		200,307,058	82,943,395	20,290,082	7,197,943	
Adjustments for:						
Allowance for impairment, net of reversal						
- trade receivables	5, 7	2,236,273	23,481	-	-	
- other receivables	5, 7	-	(783)	492,742	-	
Bad debts written off	7	14,436	120,937	-	-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	31,490,211	29,659,203	279,906	292,106	
Depreciation of investment properties	7	397,456	492,896	-	-	
Dividend income	4	-	-	(24,471,500)	(10,671,500)	
Dividend income from investment securities	5	(213,378)	(187,942)	-	(19,052)	
Fair value gain on investment securities	5	(465,362)	-	(4,220)	-	
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	7	10,149	(2,071,903)	(2,499)	(3,099)	
Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary	5	-	(72,473)	-	-	
Impairment loss on investment in an associate	7	-	-	300,000	-	
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	7	1,440,229	1,176,463	-	-	
Reversal of allowance for impairment on property, plant and equipment	5	(5,965,704)	-	-	-	
Interest expense	6	3,610,582	4,030,916	242,554	712,974	
Interest income	5	(923,528)	(1,066,744)	(416,610)	(617,216)	
Property, plant and equipment written off	7	41,604	75,715	507	737	
Share of results of associates		585,505	1,840,107	-	-	
Share of results of joint venture		(1,588)	(205,671)	-	-	
Unrealised foreign exchange gain, net	5, 7	(511,816)	(1,272,195)	-	-	
Total adjustments		31,745,069	32,542,007	(23,579,120)	(10,305,050)	
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		232,052,127	115,485,402	(3,289,038)	(3,107,107)	

# **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

			Group		Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021		
		RM	RM	RM	RM		
Operating activities (cont'd)							
Changes in working capital							
Inventories		(4,971,763)	(812,648)	-	-		
Trade and other receivables		(51,184,735)	(28,278,456)	1,222,548	19,534,045		
Other current assets		(7,088,497)	(3,009,579)	(6,939)	(633,033)		
Trade and other payables		57,641,106	23,975,783	(4,813,918)	(1,242,110)		
Other current liabilities		1,337,778	(693,779)	-	-		
Total changes in working capital		(4,266,111)	(8,818,679)	(3,598,309)	17,658,902		
Taxes paid, net of refund		(13,528,740)	(10,455,210)	(337,429)	(80,238)		
Interest received		923,529	1,066,744	416,610	636,268		
Interest paid		(3,610,582)	(4,030,916)	(242,554)	(712,974)		
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities	I	211,570,223	93,247,341	(7,050,720)	14,394,851		
Investing activities							
Acquisition of treasury shares	25	-	(532,923)	-	(532,923)		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	13	(67,862,441)	(17,314,546)	(59,899)	(57,455)		
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	(239,400)	-	-		
Acquisition of investment properties		-	(10,002)	-	-		
Acquisition of investment securities, net of redemption		(16,395,451)	(13,134,095)	(7,506,232)	(1,019,052)		
Proceeds from capital reduction of joint venture	17	617,500	-	-	-		
Dividends received		251,500	171,500	24,471,500	10,671,500		
Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries		-	500,332	-	-		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		107,876	5,843,169	2,500	3,100		
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities		(83,281,016)	(24,715,965)	16,907,869	9,065,170		

# **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

		Group	Company	
Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
	(4,174,174)	(2,776,484)	-	-
	(4,752,964)	(971,856)	-	-
12	(9,964,424)	(3,985,767)	(9,964,424)	(3,985,767)
30	(15,746,913)	(14,784,471)	-	-
	(37,199,096)	(26,128,121)	(14,735,000)	(20,385,000)
	23,066,257	5,995,073	15,750,000	-
25	-	6	-	6
	(48,771,314)	(42,651,620)	(8,949,424)	(24,370,761)
	79,517,893	25,879,756	907,725	(910,740)
	1,524,871	(153,620)	-	-
	170,481,183	144,755,047	612,137	1,522,877
24	251,523,947	170,481,183	1,519,862	612,137
	12 30 25	(4,174,174) (4,752,964) 12 (9,964,424) 30 (15,746,913) (37,199,096) 23,066,257  25 - (48,771,314)  79,517,893 1,524,871 170,481,183	Note 2022 2021 RM RM RM  (4,174,174) (2,776,484)  (4,752,964) (971,856)  12 (9,964,424) (3,985,767)  30 (15,746,913) (14,784,471) (37,199,096) (26,128,121) 23,066,257 5,995,073  25 - 6  (48,771,314) (42,651,620)  79,517,893 25,879,756  1,524,871 (153,620)  170,481,183 144,755,047	Note 2022 2021 2022 RM RM RM RM  (4,174,174) (2,776,484) -  (4,752,964) (971,856) -  12 (9,964,424) (3,985,767) (9,964,424) (15,746,913) (14,784,471) -  (37,199,096) (26,128,121) (14,735,000) (23,066,257) 5,995,073 15,750,000  25 - 6 -  (48,771,314) (42,651,620) (8,949,424) (42,651,620) (8,949,424) (153,620) -  1,524,871 (153,620) -  170,481,183 144,755,047 612,137

**Effective for annual** 

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office of the Company is located at Wisma Harbour, Parkcity Commerce Square, Jalan Tun Ahmad Zaidi, 97000 Bintulu, Sarawak, Malaysia.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 26 October 2022.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is also the functional currency of the Company.

#### 2.2 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that, in the current financial year, the Group and the Company adopted the following amended MFRSs (collectively known as "pronouncements"), which are mandatory for annual financial periods as follows:

Description	periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139 and MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark	
Reform – Phase 2	1 January 2021
Amendment to MFRS 16: COVID-19 - Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021

The adoption of these pronouncements did not have any material effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and of the Company.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.3 Pronouncements issued but not yet effective

The standards and amendments (collectively known as "pronouncements"), that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Group's and the Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company intend to adopt these pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 3: Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The directors do not expect any material impact to the Group's and the Company's financial statements from the adoption of the above pronouncements in the period of initial application except as disclosed below:

#### Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

In June 2020, the MASB issued amendments to MFRS 137 to specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The Group will apply these amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.3 Pronouncements issued but not yet effective (cont'd)

Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Disclosure of Accounting Policies

In March 2020, the MASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of MFRS 101 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group and the Company are currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

#### 2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Company considers the following in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- (iii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- iv) Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. The resulting difference is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests, is recognised in profit or loss. The subsidiary's cumulative gain or loss which has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss or where applicable, transferred directly to retained earnings. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of the investment.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transaction costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

#### **Business combinations**

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of MFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss in accordance with MFRS 9. Other contingent consideration that is not within the scope of MFRS 9 is measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any previous interest held over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (CGU) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

#### Business combinations involving entities under common control

Business combinations involving entities under common control are accounted for by applying the pooling of interest method. The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements of the controlling holding company. Any difference between the consideration paid and the share capital of the "acquired" entity is reflected within equity. The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income reflects the results of the combining entities for the full year, irrespective of when the combination takes place. Comparatives are presented as if the entities had always been combined since the date the entities had come under common control.

#### 2.5 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

#### 2.6 Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

On acquisition of an investment in associate or joint venture, any excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee over the cost of investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's or joint venture's profit or loss for the period in which the investment is acquired.

An associate or a joint venture is equity accounted for from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture.

Under the equity method, on initial recognition the investment in an associate or a joint venture is recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture after the date of acquisition. When the Group's share of losses in an associate or a joint venture equal or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.6 Investments in associates and joint ventures (cont'd)

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

The financial statements of the associates and joint ventures are prepared as of the same reporting date as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group applies MFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to its net investment in the associate or joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with MFRS 136 Impairment of Assets as a single asset, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

#### 2.7 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.8 Foreign currencies

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"). For each entity, the Group determines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The Group uses the direct method of consolidation and on disposal of a foreign operation, the gain or loss that is reclassified to profit or loss reflects the amount that arises from using this method.

#### (a) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss with the exception of monetary items that are designated as part of the hedge of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation. These are recognised in other comprehensive income until the net investment is disposed of, at which time, the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss are also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

#### (b) Group companies

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RM at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statements of profit or loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the spot rate of exchange at the reporting date.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.9 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset, if and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Leasehold land is depreciated over the remaining lease term. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life, at the following annual rates:

Leasehold land50 years to 60 yearsBuildings2% to 10%Plant, machinery and containers5% to 20%Vessels5% to 50%Motor vehicles12.5% to 20%Furniture, fittings and equipment and others5% to 20%

Assets under construction included in property, plant and equipment are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised.

#### 2.10 Investment properties

Investment properties comprises principally land and buildings held for long term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment.

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has infinite life. Leasehold land is depreciated over the remaining lease term. Depreciation of investment properties is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of the investment properties to its residual value over the estimated useful life, at the following annual rate:

Buildings 2%

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.10 Investment properties (cont'd)

On disposal of an investment property, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, it shall be derecognised. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the carrying value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment set out in Note 2.9 up to the date of change in use.

#### 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

#### 2.12 Inventories

#### (a) Property inventory

Property acquired or being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory and is measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Costs includes:

- Freehold and leasehold rights for land
- Amount paid to contractors for construction
- Borrowing costs (in accordance with accounting policy Note 2.17), planning and design costs, costs of site
  preparation, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other
  related costs

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.12 Inventories (cont'd)

#### (a) Property inventory (cont'd)

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date and discounted for the time value of money if material, less costs to completion and the estimated costs of sale.

The cost of inventory recognised in profit or loss on disposal is determined with reference to the specific costs incurred on the property sold and an allocation of any non-specific costs based on the relative size of the property sold.

Land held for development are property inventory which consists of land where no development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle, and are hence classified within non-current assets. Land held for development is reclassified to current property inventory at the point when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be complete within normal operating cycle.

#### (b) Maintenance consumables

Maintenance consumables consisting of bunkers, lubricants, spare parts and consumable stores and are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first-in first-out basis.

#### (c) Equipment

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Equipment cost include costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial assets**

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("OCI"), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group and the Company have applied the practical expedient, the Group and the Company initially measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group and the Company have applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under MFRS 15.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement (cont'd)

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI")' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's and the Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (ii) Categories and subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

#### (a) Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Group and the Company measure financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### (b) Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Group and the Company measure debt instruments at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss. At the reporting date, the Group and the Company do not have debt instruments at fair value through OCI.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (ii) Categories and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

#### (c) Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group and the Company benefit from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment. At the reporting date, the Group and the Company do not have financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments).

#### (d) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category. A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (iii) Impairment of financial assets

An allowance is recognised for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments carried at amortised cost and fair value through OCI, contract assets and lease receivables. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows expected to be received, discounted at the original effective interest rate ("EIR"). The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collaterals held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, a simplified approach is applied in calculating ECLs. Therefore, credit risk is not tracked, but instead a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date is recognised. A provision matrix is established that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. For receivables of the Group that are credit impaired at the reporting date, impairment is provided based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows expected to be received, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The Group and the Company consider a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group and the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group and the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group and the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### (iv) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group and the Company have transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group and the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group and the Company have transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group and the Company continue to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group and the Company also recognise an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group and the Company have retained.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (iv) Derecognition (cont'd)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group and the Company could be required to repay.

#### Financial liabilities

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### (ii) Categories and subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### (a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in MFRS 9 are satisfied.

#### (b) Amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'c

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

# 2.15 Treasury shares

When shares of the Company, that have not been cancelled, recognised as equity are reacquired, the amount of consideration paid is recognised in equity. Reacquired shares are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from total equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of treasury shares. When treasury shares are reissued by resale, the difference between the sales consideration and the carrying amount is recognised in equity.

### 2.16 Leases

The Group and the Company assess at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### As a lessee

The Group and the Company apply a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group and the Company recognise lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

# (a) Right-of-use assets

The Group and the Company recognise right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are classified within the same line item as the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

LandLease termBuildings and office space1 to 3 yearsContainers, plant and machinery5 yearsMotor vehicles5 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group and the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.16 Leases (cont'd)

As a lessee (cont'd)

# (b) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group and the Company recognise lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group and the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group and the Company use their incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

### (c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group and the Company apply the short-term lease recognition exemption to their short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). They also apply the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# As a lessor

Leases in which the Group or the Company do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

# 2.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'c

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

#### 2.19 Revenue

#### (a) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group generates its revenue from four principal services: 1) freight services, 2) freight forwarding services, 3) engineering works and 4) property development. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods and services before transferring them to customers, including for those ancillary services like custom clearance, export and import documentation, door-to-door services and other logistic arrangements, that are incidental to the principal services.

The Group also acts as an agent for certain freight forwarding services which the Group is not primarily responsible in fulfilling the promises nor has the control over the services. The fees or commission are recognised as net amount of the consideration that the Group retains after paying other parties the consideration received in exchange for the goods or services to be provided by those parties.

# (i) Revenue from freight services - air, land and sea transport

Freight services for air, sea and land transport are considered as three separate performance obligations satisfied over time. The customer is able to benefit from the Group's performance as it occurs and the other entity would not need to substantially reperform the Group's performance (e.g. distance travelled) to date. The Group has selected the output measure (days travelled) which can most appropriately depict the transfer of control of the service to the customer.

# (ii) Revenue from freight forwarding services

These revenue comprise mainly agency commission, customs clearance, import and export documentation, port related services rendered. These services are considered to represent one single performance obligation satisfied at a point in time.

# (iii) Engineering works

The Group recognises construction revenue over time as the project being constructed has no alternative use to the Group and they have an enforceable right to the payment for the performance completed to date. The stage of completion is measured using the input method, which is based on the costs incurred relative to total estimated costs.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 2.19 Revenue (cont'd)

#### (a) Revenue from contracts with customers (cont'd)

#### (iv) Manpower supply

Manpower supply is recognised when the service is rendered.

#### (v) Maintenance services

The Group provides maintenance services that are either sold separately or bundled together with the sale of equipment to a customer. Contracts for bundled sales of equipment and maintenance services comprised two separate performance obligations because the promises to transfer equipment and provide maintenance services are capable of being distinct and separately identifiable. Accordingly, the Group allocates the transaction price based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the equipment and maintenance services.

The Group recognises revenue from maintenance services over time, using an input method to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the service, because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group. Revenue from the sale of the equipment is recognised at a point in time, generally upon delivery of the equipment.

# (vi) Sale of equipment

Revenue from sale of equipment is recognised at the point in time when control of the assets is transferred to the customers, generally on delivery of the goods.

### (vii) Property development

#### Sale of completed properties

The sale of completed property constitutes a single performance obligation and the Group has determined that it is satisfied at the point in time when control transfers. For unconditional exchange of contracts, this generally occurs when legal title transfers to the customer. For conditional exchanges, this generally occurs when all significant conditions are satisfied. Payments are generally received when legal title passes.

# Sale of property under development

The Group considers whether there are promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. For contracts relating to the sale of properties under development, the Group is responsible for the overall management of the project and identifies various goods and services to be provided, including design work, procurement of materials, site preparation and foundation pouring, framing and plastering, mechanical and electrical work, installation of fixtures and finishing work. The Group accounts for these items as a single performance obligation because it provides a significant service of integrating the goods and services (the inputs) into the completed property (the combined output) which the customer has contracted to buy.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'c

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.19 Revenue (cont'd)

### (a) Revenue from contracts with customers (cont'd)

### (vii) Property development (cont'd)

#### Sale of property under development (cont'd)

For contracts that meet the over-time revenue recognition criteria, the Group's performance is measured using an input method, by reference to the costs incurred to the satisfaction of a performance obligation (e.g., resources consumed, labour hours expended, costs incurred, time elapsed or machine hours used) relative to the total expected inputs to the completion of the properties. The Group excludes the effect of any costs incurred that do not contribute to the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services to the customer (such as unexpected amounts of wasted materials, labour or other resources) and adjusts the input method for any costs incurred that are not proportionate to the Group's progress in satisfying the performance obligation (such as uninstalled materials).

For the sale of properties under development, when the Group has determined that it does not meet the criteria to recognise revenue over time, the revenue is recognised at a point in time when the control is transferred.

#### **Contract balances**

#### (i) Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

### (ii) Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

# (iii) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.19 Revenue (cont'd)

### (b) Revenue from other sources

Revenue from other sources are recognised as follows:

#### (i) Management fees

Management fees are recognised as services are rendered.

#### (ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### (iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

### (iv) Hire of equipment, vessel charter fee and rental income

The Group enters as a lessor into lease agreements that fall within the scope of MFRS 16. Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss.

# 2.20 Taxes

### (a) Current tax

The income tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax expense is determined according to the tax laws of each jurisdiction in which the Group operates and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits, including withholding taxes payable by a foreign subsidiary, associate or jointly controlled entity on distributions of retained earnings to companies in the Group.

# (b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.20 Taxes (cont'd)

### (b) Deferred tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. The adjustment is either treated as a reduction in goodwill (as long as it does not exceed goodwill) if it was incurred during the measurement period or recognised in profit or loss.

The Group offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

### (c) Sales and Services Tax ("SST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of SST except:

- Where the amount of SST incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the SST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of SST included.

The net amount of SST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included as part of other current assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.21 Employee benefits

### **Defined contribution plans**

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss as incurred. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make such contributions to the Employees Provident Fund.

# 2.22 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

# 2.23 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 37, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

### 2.24 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group.

### 2.25 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantees issued are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance; and the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with MFRS 15.

#### 2.26 Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.26 Fair value measurements (cont'd)

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group and the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group and the Company use valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair values are measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group and the Company determine whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group and the Company have determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the assets or liabilities and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's and the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future. There were no material judgements made by the management during the financial year.

# Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below. The Group and the Company based their assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group and of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

# Provision for expected credit losses ("ECL") of trade receivables and contract assets

The provision of ECL is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the ECL to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information including the effects of COVID-19. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables and contract assets is disclosed in Note 33(d).

#### 4. REVENUE

Revenue comprised the following:

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Revenue from contracts with customers	880,744,155	587,764,994	-	
Revenue from other sources:				
Dividend income				
- associates (Note 16(i)(b))	-	-	171,500	171,500
- subsidiaries	-	-	24,300,000	10,500,000
Management fees income	-	-	1,296,600	1,268,600
Hiring of vehicles and equipment	20,967,394	17,635,546	-	-
Rental income				
- land	229,000	297,750	-	-
- premises	116,350	-	836,400	835,433
- warehouse	4,491,191	2,489,671	-	-
Others	955,390	813,491	-	-
	26,759,325	21,236,458	26,604,500	12,775,533
Total revenue	907,503,480	609,001,452	26,604,500	12,775,533

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 4. REVENUE (CONT'D)

# (a) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Freight services		
- air freight	1,513,042	3,909,381
- land transportation	54,873,263	41,601,356
- ocean freight	374,729,920	185,337,593
Freight forwarding services	331,122,016	269,425,263
Engineering works	42,188,456	37,744,006
Maintenance services	9,739,079	988,911
Manpower supply	7,654,576	8,037,036
Sale of completed properties	3,800,000	5,100,000
Sale of equipment	55,123,803	35,621,448
	880,744,155	587,764,994
Timing of revenue recognition:		
- At a point of time	358,632,287	309,594,331
- Over time	522,111,868	278,170,663
	880,744,155	587,764,994

Revenue from freight services and freight forwarding services are predominantly attributed to the shipping and marine services and integrated logistics segments.

# (b) Transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Within one year		
- Engineering works	45,092,618	1,472,272
- Ocean freight	6,906,185	4,416,558
	51,998,803	5,888,830

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 5. OTHER INCOME

	Group		Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Bad debts recovered	33,179	72,136	-	-		
Dividend income from investment securities	213,378	187,942	-	19,052		
Fair value gain on investment securities	465,362	-	4,220	-		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,170,227	2,241,236	2,499	3,099		
Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary	-	72,473	-	-		
Interest income - third parties	923,528	1,066,744	188,458	4,480		
- subsidiaries	-	-	228,152	612,736		
Insurance claims	-	1,825,492	-	-		
Management fee income	-	138,560	-	-		
Reversal of allowance for impairment on						
- trade receivables (Note 33(d))	2,047,052	4,533,047	-	-		
- other receivables (Note 33(d))	-	783	1,000,000	-		
- property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	5,965,704	-	-	-		
Rental income	333,653	288,647	-	-		
Realised foreign exchange gain	3,021,917	732,946	-	-		
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	511,816	1,395,229	-	-		
Sundry income	1,997,754	1,284,933	37,628	113,365		
	16,683,570	13,840,168	1,460,957	752,732		

# 6. FINANCE COSTS

	Group		(	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Interest expense on:				
Invoice financing	-	180,893	-	-
Interest paid to subsidiaries	-	-	162,893	311,971
Lease liabilities (Note 27)	2,517,366	2,268,482	-	-
Overdraft interest	4,987	7,856	-	-
Revolving credit interest	134,787	401,003	79,661	401,003
Term loan interest	953,442	1,172,682	-	-
	3,610,582	4,030,916	242,554	712,974

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax:

	Group		(	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Employee benefits expense (Note 8)	88,402,164	79,496,073	4,081,013	3,790,298
Non-executive directors' remuneration (Note 9)	229,000	210,000	229,000	210,000
Auditors' remuneration				
- current year	877,232	723,658	98,000	75,000
- under provision in prior years	3,500	1,500	-	-
Allowance for impairment				
- trade receivables (Note 33(d))	4,283,325	4,556,528	-	-
- other receivables (Note 33(d))	-	-	1,492,742	-
Bad debts written off	14,436	120,937	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	31,490,211	29,659,203	279,906	292,106
Depreciation of investment properties (Note 14)	397,456	492,896	-	-
Hiring of equipment:				
- short term leases (Note 27)	9,668,319	10,644,786	40,727	32,422
Impairment loss on				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	1,440,229	1,176,463	-	-
- investment in an associate (Note 16)	-	-	300,000	-
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	10,149	(2,071,903)	(2,499)	(3,099)
Property, plant and equipment written off	41,604	75,715	507	737
Realised foreign exchange loss	628,040	522,861		-
Rental of premises	2,658,978	1,243,208	53,100	53,100
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	-	123,034	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Salaries and wages	66,946,101	61,658,708	3,348,298	3,116,253
Allowances	6,012,785	5,041,055	34,510	36,023
Bonus	6,706,059	5,259,630	267,806	250,218
Contributions to defined contribution plan and social security contributions Other benefits	8,311,888 425,331	7,070,178 466,502	420,627 9,772	387,804
	88,402,164	79,496,073	4,081,013	3,790,298

Included in employee benefits expense of the Group and of the Company are executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM5,302,325 (2021: RM3,110,817) and RM871,341 (2021: RM873,341) respectively, as further disclosed in Note 9.

# 9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The details of remuneration receivable by directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	Group		Group Cor	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Executive:				
Salaries and other emoluments	5,058,512	2,657,257	775,000	777,000
Bonus	136,176	331,726	62,988	62,988
Contributions to defined contribution plan and social security contributions	107,637	121,834	33,353	33,353
Total executive directors' remuneration (excluding benefits-in-kind)	5,302,325	3,110,817	871,341	873,341
Estimated money value of benefits-in-kind	34,450	34,450	-	-
Total executive directors' remuneration (including benefits-in-kind)	5,336,775	3,145,267	871,341	873,341
Non-executive directors' remuneration:				
Allowance	39,000	35,000	39,000	35,000
Fees	190,000	175,000	190,000	175,000
Total non-executive directors' remuneration (Note 7)	229,000	210,000	229,000	210,000
Total directors' remuneration (Note 32(b))	5,565,775	3,355,267	1,100,341	1,083,341

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 are:

	Group		up Comp	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Current income tax:				
Malaysian income tax	20,823,536	9,961,498	231,921	244,350
(Over)/under provision in prior years	(323,406)	(974,559)	(754)	13,496
	20,500,130	8,986,939	231,167	257,846
Deferred income tax (Note 18):				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	306,307	(482,013)	348	(2,533)
Under/(over) provision in prior years	33,600	603,324	3,131	(2,321)
	339,907	121,311	3,479	(4,854)
Overprovision of real property gain tax ("RPGT") in prior years	-	(903,379)	-	-
Total income tax and RPGT recognised in profit or loss	20,840,037	8,204,871	234,646	252,992

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Tax for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdiction. The corporate tax rate applicable to the Singapore subsidiaries of the Group is 17% (2021: 17%).

Section 54A of the Income Tax Act, 1967 was amended effective from Year of Assessment ("YA") 2012, in which the tax exemption on shipping profits was reduced from 100% to 70%. The implementation of the amended Section 54A, however, was deferred and on 10 July 2020, the Ministry of Finance ("MoF") issued an approval letter for the extension of the 100% shipping tax exemption up to YA 2023. On 6 October 2022, the Income Tax (Exemption) (No. 7) Order 2022 was gazetted which provides for the exemption on shipping profits from YA 2021 until YA 2023. The exemption is subject to each qualifying entity obtaining annual verification from the Ministry of Transport ("MoT") that the following conditions have been fulfilled:

- (a) incurs annual operating expenditure of at least RM250,000 for each Malaysian ship; and
- (b) has met the minimum prescribed number of full-time employees for each Malaysian ship.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

Reconciliations of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective tax rate of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Profit before tax	200,307,058	82,943,395
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%)	48,073,694	19,906,415
Different tax rate in other countries	(40,900)	(29,367)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,553,032	2,152,059
Income not subject to tax	(28,149,971)	(9,525,243)
Share of results of associates and joint venture	140,139	392,265
Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year	110,458	622,663
Utilisation of previously unrecognised unutilised tax		
losses and unabsorbed capital allowances	(1,556,609)	(4,039,307)
Over provision of tax expense in prior years	(323,406)	(974,559)
Under provision of deferred tax in prior years	33,600	603,324
Over provision of real property gain tax in prior years	-	(903,379)
Income tax expense for the year	20,840,037	8,204,871
		Company
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Profit before tax	20,290,082	7,197,943
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%)	4,869,620	1,727,506
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,237,305	1,075,471
Income not subject to tax	(5,874,656)	(2,561,160)
(Over)/under provision of tax expense in prior years	(754)	13,496
Under/(over) provision of deferred tax in prior years	3,131	(2,321)
Income tax expense for the year	234,646	252,992

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares with the exercise of warrants, excluding treasury shares held by the Company. The Company do not have any dilutive instruments as at reporting date and therefore, diluted earnings per share is presented as equal to basic earnings per share.

The following table reflects the profit and share data used in the computation of basic earnings per share for the years ended 30 June:

	Group	
	2022	2021
Profit net of tax attributable to the owners of the Company used in the computation of basic earnings per share (RM)	149,739,839	60,576,553
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	398,576,708	398,744,287
Basic earnings per share (sen)	37.57	15.19

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

#### 12. DIVIDENDS

	<b>Group/Company</b>	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Recognised during the year:		
Dividends on ordinary shares		
First interim tax exempt single-tier dividend in respect of 2022: 2.5 sen per share	9,964,424	
First interim tax exempt single-tier dividend in respect of 2021: 1.0 sen per share	-	3,985,767

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2022 of 2.5 sen per share on 398,576,708 ordinary shares, amounting to a dividend payable of RM9,964,418 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 June 2023.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	* Land and buildings	Plant, machinery and containers	Vessels	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fittings, equipment, and others	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group						
Cost						
At 1 July 2020	98,118,324	242,095,466	133,079,916	17,430,355	18,307,184	509,031,245
Additions	2,648,498	8,374,548	10,020,591	604,084	1,784,740	23,432,461
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	(6,871,758)	-	(1,057,958)	(98,790)	(8,028,506)
Disposals/written off	(2,468)	(4,253,519)	(8,951,756)	(422,228)	(1,039,234)	(14,669,205)
Reclassification	(1,950,750)	1,950,750	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	(16,241)	-	-	-	(20,970)	(37,211)
Modification of leases	(347,339)	(549,130)	-	-	-	(896,469)
At 30 June 2021 / 1 July 2021	98,450,024	240,746,357	134,148,751	16,554,253	18,932,930	508,832,315
Additions	7,084,194	41,213,647	40,707,716	1,594,370	2,098,959	92,698,886
Disposals/written off	(578,498)	(1,315,967)	(9,089,085)	(1,013,790)	(438,916)	(12,436,256)
Exchange differences	30,589	-	-	-	23,062	53,651
Reclassification	(154,298)	-	-	-	154,298	-
Modification of leases	-	(979,375)	-	-	-	(979,375)
At 30 June 2022	104,832,011	279,664,662	165,767,382	17,134,833	20,770,333	588,169,221
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
At 1 July 2020	14,035,861	140,050,649	54,707,399	14,910,750	13,999,711	237,704,370
Depreciation charge for the year	4,495,021	16,101,642	8,546,039	848,255	1,556,696	31,547,653
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)	4,293,024	14,501,682	8,546,039	806,467	1,511,991	29,659,203
Recognised in construction contracts (Note 22)	201,997	1,599,960	_	41,788	44,705	1,888,450
Disposal of subsidiaries		(5,239,772)		(1,048,572)	(95,207)	
Disposals/written off			(6 885 628)			(6,383,551) (10,822,224)
Impairment loss (Note 7)	_	(2,672,259) 1,176,463	(6,885,628)	(422,223)	(842,114)	1,176,463
Exchange differences	(2,911)	1,170,703	_	_	(2,314)	(5,225)
Modification of leases	(251,280)	(94,676)	_	_	(2,317)	(345,956)
At 30 June 2021 / 1 July 2021	18,276,691	149,322,047	56,367,810	14,288,210	14,616,772	252,871,530

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

	* Land and buildings	Plant, machinery and containers	Vessels	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fittings, equipment, and others	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group (cont'd)						
Accumulated depreciation and impairment (cont'd)						
Depreciation charge for the year	6,000,839	17,870,234	7,178,567	892,134	1,523,984	33,465,758
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)	5,798,842	16,162,590	7,178,567	849,294	1,500,918	31,490,211
Recognised in construction contracts (Note 22)	201,997	1,707,644	-	42,840	23,066	1,975,547
Disposals/written off	(578,498)	(1,253,044)	(9,089,004)	(1,013,783)	(342,298)	(12,276,627)
Reversal of impairment (Note 5)	-	-	(5,965,704)	-	-	(5,965,704)
Impairment loss (Note 7)	-	1,440,229	-	-	-	1,440,229
Exchange differences	17,969	-	-	-	17,771	35,740
Modification of leases	-	(195,875)	-	-	-	(195,875)
At 30 June 2022	23,717,001	167,183,591	48,491,669	14,166,561	15,816,229	269,375,051
Net carrying amount						
At 30 June 2021	80,173,333	91,424,310	77,780,941	2,266,043	4,316,158	255,960,785
At 30 June 2022	81,115,010	112,481,071	117,275,713	2,968,272	4,954,104	318,794,170

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

# \* Land and buildings of the Group

	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Buildings RM	Total RM
At 30 June 2022				
Cost				
At 1 July 2020	10,104,310	25,024,788	62,989,226	98,118,324
Additions	-	-	2,648,498	2,648,498
Disposals/written off	-	-	(2,468)	(2,468)
Reclassification	-	-	(1,950,750)	(1,950,750)
Exchange differences	-	-	(16,241)	(16,241)
Modification of leases	-	-	(347,339)	(347,339)
At 30 June 2021 / 1 July 2021	10,104,310	25,024,788	63,320,926	98,450,024
Additions	-	-	7,084,194	7,084,194
Disposals/written off	-	-	(578,498)	(578,498)
Reclassification	-	-	(154,298)	(154,298)
Exchange differences	-	-	30,589	30,589
At 30 June 2022	10,104,310	25,024,788	69,702,913	104,832,011
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 July 2021	-	4,920,285	9,115,576	14,035,861
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1,772,883	2,722,138	4,495,021
Exchange differences	-	-	(2,911)	(2,911)
Modification of leases	-	-	(251,280)	(251,280)
At 30 June 2021 / 1 July 2021	-	6,693,168	11,583,523	18,276,691
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1,635,703	4,365,136	6,000,839
Exchange differences	-	-	17,969	17,969
Modification of leases	-	-	(578,498)	(578,498)
At 30 June 2022	-	8,328,871	15,388,130	23,717,001
Net carrying amount				
30 June 2022	10,104,310	16,695,917	54,314,783	81,115,010
30 June 2021	10,104,310	18,331,620	51,737,403	80,173,333

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

	Land and	Motor	Furniture, fitting and equipment	
	buildings	vehicles	and others	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Company				
At 30 June 2022				
Cost				
At 1 July 2021	6,482,834	1,348,871	2,291,857	10,123,562
Additions	-	1	59,898	59,899
Disposals/written off	-	(28,233)	(19,347)	(47,580)
At 30 June 2022	6,482,834	1,320,639	2,332,408	10,135,881
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 July 2021	1,648,542	1,348,864	1,768,992	4,766,398
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 7)	129,657	-	150,249	279,906
Disposals/written off	-	(28,231)	(18,841)	(47,072)
At 30 June 2022	1,778,199	1,320,633	1,900,400	4,999,232
Net carrying amount	4,704,635	6	432,008	5,136,649
At 30 June 2021				
Cost				
At 1 July 2020	6,482,834	1,386,741	2,249,007	10,118,582
Additions	-	1	57,454	57,455
Disposals/written off	-	(37,871)	(14,604)	(52,475)
At 30 June 2021	6,482,834	1,348,871	2,291,857	10,123,562
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 July 2020	1,518,885	1,386,734	1,620,410	4,526,029
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 7)	129,657	-	162,449	292,106
Disposals/written off	-	(37,870)	(13,867)	(51,737)
At 30 June 2021	1,648,542	1,348,864	1,768,992	4,766,398
Net carrying amount	4,834,292	7	522,865	5,357,164

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment during the financial year were by the following means:

		Group		Company
	2022 202		2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash Lease arrangements (Note 27)	67,862,441 24,836,445	17,314,546 6,117,915	59,899	57,455 -
	92,698,886	23,432,461	59,899	57,455

- (b) During the year, the Group carried out an assessment of the recoverable amounts of its assets in the containers shipping operations. As the recoverable amount determined based on the value-in-use of the Group is higher than net carrying amount, accordingly, the Group recognised a reversal of impairment loss of RM5,965,704 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.
- (c) The net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged for loans and borrowings (Note 27) are as follows:

	Group		
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Buildings	7,560,891	7,762,888	
Freehold land	10,054,310	10,054,310	
Leasehold land	12,116,271	12,116,271	
Vessels	21,569,450	19,512,385	
	51,300,922	49,445,854	

(d) Titles of certain leasehold land and buildings of the Group and of the Company have yet to be issued by the relevant authority:

		Group	(	Company		
	2022 2021		2022	2021		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Land and buildings	8,476,155	9,114,330	4,704,635	4,834,292		

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

# (e) Right-of-use assets

Included in the net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are right-of-use assets as follows:

		Buildings and	Containers, plant and	Motor	
	Land	office space	machinery	vehicles	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group					
At 1 July 2021	14,569,690	5,094,206	58,906,475	677,836	79,248,207
Additions	4,451,318	2,958,755	26,019,913	-	33,429,986
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 27)	(1,118,183)	(1,988,874)	(10,674,004)	(278,666)	(14,059,726)
Exchange difference	-	12,621	-	-	12,621
Modification of lease	-	(783,500)	-	-	(783,500)
At 30 June 2022	17,902,825	5,293,208	74,252,384	399,170	97,847,588
At 1 July 2020	15,307,590	6,371,389	61,537,049	1,157,757	84,373,785
Additions	-	915,213	4,907,203	98,676	5,921,092
Disposal	-	(43,343)	(222,987)	-	(266,330)
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 27)	(737,900)	(2,039,664)	(6,860,336)	(447,708)	(10,085,608)
Reclassification	-	-	-	(130,889)	(130,889)
Exchange difference	-	(13,330)	-	-	(13,330)
Modification of lease	-	(96,059)	(454,454)	-	(550,513)
At 30 June 2021	14,569,690	5,094,206	58,906,475	677,836	79,248,207

The Group has lease contracts for land, buildings, containers, plant and machinery and motor vehicles used in its operations.

There are several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with the Group's business needs. Management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

# (e) Right-of-use assets (cont'd)

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use assets recognised on the statements of financial position:

	Land	Buildings and office space	Containers, plant and machinery	Motor vehicles
Group				
30 June 2022				
No. of right-of-use assets leased	9	30	168	15
No. of leases with extension options	2	12	3	-
No. of leases with termination options	2	12	3	-
30 June 2021				
No. of right-of-use assets leased	9	28	159	16
No. of leases with extension options	2	11	3	-
No. of leases with termination options	2	11	3	-

The Company has no right-of-use assets as at year end.

# 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Cost		
At 1 July	11,803,536	11,793,534
Additions	-	10,002
Transfer from inventories	4,108,411	
At 30 June	15,911,947	11,803,536
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		
At 1 July	2,136,329	1,643,433
Depreciation for the year (Note 7)	397,456	492,896
At 30 June	2,533,785	2,136,329
Net carrying amount	13,378,162	9,667,207
Fair value of the investment properties	37,854,838	26,655,000

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties with aggregate carrying amount of RM650,167 (2021: RM826,620) are pledged as security for borrowings as disclosed in Note 27. Investment properties comprise a number of commercial properties leased to third parties.

As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the fair values of the properties are based on a combination of external valuations performed by accredited independent valuers and directors' valuation. The directors based their valuations on recent published prices of similar type of properties in similar locations.

The Group has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Rental income from investment properties	1,060,150	1,343,700
Direct operating expenses from:		
- income generating properties	(41,029)	(400,332)
- non-income generating properties	-	(2,695)

#### 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company		
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Unquoted shares at cost	240,835,893	240,835,893	
Accumulated impairment losses	(5,343,739)	(5,343,739)	
	235,492,154	235,492,154	

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities	interest	nership held by	interest non-cor	nership held by ntrolling rest <sup>®</sup>
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("HLM")*	Malaysia	Management services and investment holding	100	100	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities	interest	nership held by	non-cor	nership held by ntrolling rest <sup>®</sup>
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Harbour Agencies (Sarawak) Sdn. Bhd. ("HAS")*	Malaysia	Shipping and forwarding	100	100	-	-
Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn. Bhd. ("ESEC")*	Malaysia	Investment holding, multi- discipline engineering and procurement	100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Navigation Sdn. Bhd. ("HLN")*	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Lines Sdn. Bhd. ("HLLines")*	Malaysia	Container shipping and agency services	85	85	15	15
HLG Resources Sdn. Bhd. ("HLG Resources")*	Malaysia	Investment holding, trading and sale, services and rental of machinery	100	100	-	-
HLG Petroleum Sdn. Bhd. ("HLG Petroleum")*	Malaysia	Investment holding, container shipping and agency services	100	100	-	-
Harbour Hornbill Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ship owning and ship operator services	85	85	15	15
Harbour Ivory Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ship owning and ship operator services	80	80	20	20
Arcadia Properties Sdn. Bhd. ("APSB")*	Malaysia	Investment holding and property development	51	51	49	49
Subsidiaries of HLM						
HLG Engineering Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Consultancy services and provision of engineering works	100	100	-	-
Harbour Services Corporation Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Freight forwarding, transportation and material handling	100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Logistics Sdn. Bhd.("HLLogistics")*	Malaysia	Equipment, hiring and transportation	100	100	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities	interest	nership held by	interest non-cor	nership held by ntrolling rest <sup>®</sup>
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Subsidiaries of HLM (cont'd)						
Harbour Services Sdn. Bhd.* (Note 15(a))	Malaysia	Forwarding and shipping agencies	47	47	53	53
Harbour Services (Miri) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Leasing Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Leasing	100	100	-	-
Best Success Bonded Store Supply Sdn. Bhd. *	Malaysia	Provision of storage facilities	60	60	40	40
Serimaju Konsortium Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Provision of logistic for mineral and bulk materials	100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Forwarders Sdn. Bhd. *	Malaysia	Provision of logistic and agencies services	70	70	30	30
Harbour Global Forwarders Sdn. Bhd. *	Malaysia	Forwarding and transportation	70	70	30	30
Subsidiaries of HLLogistics						
Siong Jaya Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ceased operation	100	100	-	-
Subsidiaries of HAS						
Harbour Agencies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Shipping and forwarding	100	100	-	-
Union Star Shipping Pte. Ltd.**	Singapore	Shipping services	100	100	-	-
A.T. Dunia (Btu) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Forwarding and transportation	100	100	-	-
Harbour Agencies Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Shipping	100	100	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

# 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities	interest	nership held by up <sup>®</sup>	interest non-cor	nership held by htrolling rest <sup>®</sup>
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Subsidiaries of ESEC						
ESE Energy Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Civil engineering and ancillary works	100	100	-	-
Eastern Soldar (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.**	Singapore	Provision of civil, mechanical and engineering works, construction and procurement	100	100	-	-
Subsidiaries of HLN						
Harbour Eagle Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	٦	100	100	-	-
Harbour Challenger Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Satun Shipping Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour Gemini Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour Services (Kuching) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour Agencies (Sibu) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ship owning and ship management	100	100	-	-
Navasco Shipping Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour Xtra Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour Ruby Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		85	85	15	15
Harbour Zenith Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		85	85	15	15
AM Lines Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		85	85	15	15
Harbour-Link Shipping Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		85	85	15	15
Harbour-Link Marine Services Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ship management and consultancy services	100	100	-	-
Harbour Frida Sdn. Bhd. *	Malaysia	Dormant	85	85	15	15

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

# 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities	interest	nership held by oup <sup>®</sup>	interest non-cor	nership held by ntrolling rest <sup>®</sup>
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Subsidiaries of HLLines						
Harbour-Link Lines (JB) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		90	90	10	10
Harbour-Link Lines (KCH) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Lines (KK) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Lines (PK) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	<ul><li>Port agent, ship operator and provision of freighting and marine services</li></ul>	60	60	40	40
Harbour-Link Lines Ltd.**	Hong Kong		100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Lines (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.**	Singapore		100	100	-	-
Harbour-Link Lines (B) Sdn. Bhd.**	Brunei Darussalam		55	55	45	45
Harbour Jupiter Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ship owning and ship management	100	100	-	-
Subsidiaries of HLG Resources						
HLG Equipment Sdn. Bhd.* ("HLG Equipment")	Malaysia	Provision of port related services	60	60	40	40
Harbour-Link Trading Pte. Ltd.**	Singapore	General importer, exporter, traders and commission agents	100	100	-	-
Subsidiary of HLG Equipment						
HLG Equipment (B) Sdn. Bhd.**	Brunei Darussalam	Provision of port related services	99	99	1	1

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Principal activities		nership held by up <sup>®</sup>	% of ow interest non-cor inte	held by trolling
			2022	2021	2022	2021
			%	%	%	%
Subsidiary of APSB						
Sarawak Edible Oils Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Property developer	100	100	-	-
Subsidiary of HLG Petroleum						
Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Port agent, ship operator and provision of freighting and marine services	54.79	54.79	45.21	45.21
Subsidiaries of Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd.						
AML Shipping Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		100	100	-	-
AML Shipping (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.**	Singapore	Port agent, ship operator and provision of freight and marine services	100	100	-	-
AML Shipping (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia		51	51	49	49

<sup>\*</sup> Audited by Ernst & Young PLT, Malaysia.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Audited by firms of auditors other than Ernst & Young PLT, Malaysia.

B Equal to proportion of voting rights held

<sup>(</sup>a) Although the Group owns 47% (2021: 47%) of the equity interest of Harbour Services Sdn. Bhd. ("HSSB"), the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of HSSB.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

(i) Summarised statements of financial position

presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination.

The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI") are set out below. The summarised financial information

	Arcadia Sdn	Arcadia Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Harbo Lines S	Harbour-Link Lines Sdn. Bhd.	Advanc Lines S	Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd.	HLG Ec Sdn	HLG Equipment Sdn. Bhd.	Harbou Sdn	Harbour Services Sdn. Bhd.
	ษี	Group	Ū	Group	Ğ	Group				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000
Non-current assets	51,017	47,226	151,756	51,206	2,016	1,261	1,608	1,763	635	334
Current assets	24,421	27,606	204,609	128,888	50,372	36,660	11,803	10,698	25,444	22,283
Total assets	75,438	74,832	356,365	180,094	52,388	37,921	13,411	12,461	26,079	22,617
Current liabilities	3,718	4,808	130,202	72,600	22,054	18,551	1,654	1,209	19,520	16,836
Non-current liabilities	47	62	23,519	12,122	221	395	255	333	20	70
Total liabilities	3,765	4,870	153,721	84,722	22,275	18,946	1,909	1,542	19,540	16,906
Equity attributable to owners of										
the Company	36,553	35,680	169,546	78,562	15,952	9,817	6,901	6,547	3,073	2,684
Non-controlling interests	35,120	34,281	33,098	16,810	14,161	9,158	4,601	4,372	3,466	3,027
Total equity	71,673	69,961	202,644	95,372	30,113	18,975	11,502	10,919	6,539	5,711

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

cont'd

Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (ii)

presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination. (cont'd)

The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI") are set out below. The summarised financial information

	Arcadia Sdr	Arcadia Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Harbo Lines	Harbour-Link Lines Sdn. Bhd.	Advand Lines	Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd.	HLG Eq Sdn	HLG Equipment Sdn. Bhd.	Harbou Sdn	Harbour Services Sdn. Bhd.
	Ū	Group	פֿ	Group	ש	Group				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000
Revenue	4,621	5,728	483,428	328,321	89,466	74,004	17,425	13,254	50,482	36,571
Profit for the year	1,712	3,137	128,368	51,166	11,948	3,954	1,093	1,068	828	872
Profit attributable to:										
Owners of the Company	873	1,600	127,032	42,436	6,546	1,893	929	641	389	410
Non-controlling interest	839	1,537	1,336	8,730	5,402	2,061	437	427	439	462
	1,712	3,137	128,368	51,166	11,948	3,954	1,093	1,068	828	872
Dividend paid to non- controlling interests	1	1	1,112	430		392	1	1	1	1

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

(iii)

The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination. (cont'd)	ibsidiaries tha « is the amoun	t have mat It before int	material non-controlling interests ("NCl") are set out below. The summarised financial information e inter-company elimination. (cont'd)	ontrolling / eliminatio	interests (' in. (cont'd)	"NCI") are	set out bel	low. The su	mmarised	financial in	formation
(iii) Summarise	Summarised cash flows										
		Arcadia Sdn	Arcadia Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Harb Lines 5	Harbour-Link Lines Sdn. Bhd.	Advanc Lines 5	Advance Mariner Lines Sdn. Bhd.	HLG Ec Sdn	HLG Equipment Sdn. Bhd.	Harbou Sdn	Harbour Services Sdn. Bhd.
		Ū	Group	Ū	Group	Ū	Group				
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
		RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000	RM′000
Net cash (u operatin	Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(110)	(354)	141,458	698'69	11,204	3,907	536	2,594	1,200	629
Net cash (u investing	Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	(53)	11	(65,581)	(2,123)	(3,225)	(283)	1,567	(2,988)	(7)	(661)
Net cash fr financing	Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	626	(1,491)	(38,831)	(36,497)	(655)	(657)	(681)	(169)	(102)	(113)
Net increase/(decre in cash and cash equivalents	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	463	(1,734)	37,046	31,249	7,324	2,967	1,422	(563)	1,091	(145)
Effects of exchange rate changes	exchange	ī	1	39	7	I	224	(4)	ı	1	1
Cash and cash equivalents. beginning o	ish and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	593	2,327	60,094	28,838	16,878	13,687	975	1,538	3,142	3,287
Cash and cash equivalents at t end of the year	ish and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,056	593	97,179	60,094	24,202	16,878	2,393	975	4,233	3,142

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Unquoted shares in Malaysia, at cost Share of post-acquisition reserves Accumulated impairment losses	2,091,719 9,015,369	2,091,719 8,896,122	1,766,200 - (300,000)	1,766,200
	11,107,088	10,987,841	1,466,200	1,766,200

Details of the associates are as follows:

Name of associates	Country of incorporation	Principal activities		of interest e Groupß
			2022	2021
			%	%
Held by the Company				
ECL (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. **	Malaysia	Shipping and services related	49	49
HKK Jaya Sdn. Bhd. **	Malaysia	Ship owning and operator services	57#	57#
Poseidon Autoliners Sdn. Bhd. **	Malaysia	Ship owning and operator services	57#	57#
Held through Harbour-Link Lines (PK) Sdn. Bhd.				
Smart Shipping Sdn. Bhd. **	Malaysia	Shipping and services related	40	40
Held through Harbour-Link Logistics Sdn. Bhd.				
Harbour-Link Logistics (S) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Shipping and services related	30	30
Held through AML Shipping Sdn. Bhd.				
T & T Forwarding Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Custom declaration, handling and forwarding	49	49
Held through Harbour Link (M) Sdn. Bhd.				
Harbour Global Logistics Co. Ltd**	South Korea	Global professional project forwarding business	19	19

<sup>\*</sup> Audited by Ernst & Young PLT, Malaysia.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Audited by firms of auditors other than Ernst & Young PLT, Malaysia.

B Equal to proportion of voting rights held

<sup>#</sup> Represents effective interest i.e. 15% directly held by the Company and 85% held through ECL (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.

ECL (Malaysia)

ECL (Malaysia)

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

All the results of the Group's associates were consolidated using the equity method.

(i) Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associate is set out below. The summarised financial information represents the amounts extracted from the financial statements of the associate prepared using the MFRS framework and not the Group's share of those amounts.

The following table summarises the financial information in respect of the Group's material associate:

			5dn. Bhd. Group
		2022	2021
		RM	RM
(a)	Summarised statements of financial position		
	Assets and liabilities		
	Current assets	34,147,722	31,679,107
	Non-current assets	247,539,673	187,264,029
	Total assets	281,687,395	218,943,136
	Current liabilities	26,395,714	18,049,042
	Non-current liabilities	237,663,970	181,678,379
	Total liabilities	264,059,684	199,727,421
	Net assets	17,627,711	19,215,715

# (b) Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

		Sdn. Bhd. Group	
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Revenue	96,711,836	78,755,798	
Loss before tax	(3,972,910)	(2,928,829)	
Income tax expense	(595,120)	(893,033)	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	1,521,553	(482,088)	
Total comprehensive loss	(3,046,477)	(4,303,950)	
Dividend received from the associates during the year (Note 4)	171,500	171,500	

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

### 16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

(i) The following table summarises the financial information in respect of the Group's material associate: (cont'd)

# (c) Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount

		ECL (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. Group	
	202	22 2021	
	R	RM RM	
As at 30 June			
Net assets	17,627,7	19,215,715	
Less: Non-controlling interest	(224,43	(1,189,162)	
Net assets attributable to shareholders of the Company	17,403,27	18,026,553	
Effective interest in associates	49	9% 49%	
Group's share of net assets	8,527,60	8,833,011	

### 17. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares at cost	650,000	650,000
Capital reduction	(617,500)	-
Share of post-acquisition reserve	6,326	4,738
	38,826	654,738

The Group is entitled to 50% of the voting rights of its joint arrangement under the contractual arrangements and unanimous consent is required by all parties to the arrangement for all relevant activities.

The joint arrangement is structured via a separate entity and provides the Group with the rights to the net assets of the entity under the arrangement. Therefore, this entity is classified as joint venture of the Group.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 17. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONT'D)

Details of the joint venture are as follows:

Name of Joint Venture	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	intere	nership st held Group <sup>®</sup>	Accounting model applied
			2022	2021	
			%	%	
A&H Project Services Sdn. Bhd. **	Malaysia	Transportation and crane renting	50	50	Equity method

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Equals to the proportion of voting right held

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material joint venture is set out below. The summarised financial information represents the amounts extracted from the financial statements of the joint venture prepared using the MFRS framework and not the Group's share of those amounts.

		Group	
		2022	2021
		RM	RM
(i)	Summarised statements of financial position		
	Assets and liabilities		
	Current assets	77,652	1,330,762
	Non-current assets	-	840
	Total assets	77,652	1,331,602
	Current liabilities	-	22,125
	Total liabilities	-	22,125
	Net assets	77,652	1,309,477

## (ii) Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Group		
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Revenue	-	-	
Profit for the year	3,152	411,340	
Profit for the year representing total comprehensive income	3,152	411,340	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Audited by firms of auditors other than Ernst & Young PLT, Malaysia.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

### 17. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONT'D)

## (iii) Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
As at 30 June		
Net assets	77,652	1,309,477
Effective interest in joint venture	50%	50%
Group's share of net assets	38,826	654,738

### 18. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

		Group	•	Company	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
At 1 July 2021/2020	(14,356,095)	(14,511,783)	(66,469)	(71,323)	
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	276,505	-	-	
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 10)	(339,907)	(121,311)	(3,479)	4,854	
Exchange difference	(619)	494	-	-	
At 30 June 2022/2021	(14,696,621)	(14,356,095)	(69,948)	(66,469)	

The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the statement of financial position:

	Group			Company	
	2022 2021		2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Deferred tax assets	2,789,377	1,519,112	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	(17,485,998)	(15,875,207)	(69,948)	(66,469)	
	(14,696,621)	(14,356,095)	(69,948)	(66,469)	

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

(69,948)

(66,469)

### 18. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

At 30 June 2022/2021

						perty, plant equipment
					RM	RM
Group						
Deferred tax liabilities						
At 1 July 2021/2020					(17,975,552)	(17,922,546)
Disposal of subsidiaries					-	276,505
Recognised in profit or loss					(1,365,709)	(330,005)
Exchange difference					(619)	494
At 30 June 2022/2021					(19,341,880)	(17,975,552)
Group						
	Inventories	Unutilised tax losses	Unabsorbed capital allowances	Tra receivabl		
	RM	RM	RM	F	RM RM	I RM
Deferred tax assets:						
At 1 July 2021	676,227	142,927	1,191,612	1,608,6	91	- 3,619,457
Recognised in profit or loss	(222,639)	39,385	(666,156)	683,3	24 1,191,888	3 1,025,802
At 30 June 2022	453,588	182,312	525,456	2,292,0	15 1,191,888	3 4,645,259
At 1 July 2020	453,584	691,498	670,709	1,594,9	70	- 3,410,761
Recognised in profit or loss	222,643	(548,571)	520,903	13,7	21	- 208,696
At 30 June 2021	676,227	142,927	1,191,612	1,608,6	91	- 3,619,457
Deferred tax liabilities					(	Company
					2022	2021
					RM	RM
At 1 July 2021/2020					(66,469)	(71,323)
Recognised in profit or loss					(3,479)	4,854

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 18. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:		
Unutilised tax losses	12,175,000	16,796,000
Unabsorbed capital allowances	4,387,000	6,274,000
Other deductible temporary differences	1,023,000	540,000
	17,585,000	23,610,000

Deferred tax assets were not recognised as it was not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unutilised tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other deductible temporary difference can be utilised. The above benefits of the Group are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the respective companies in Malaysia and are subject to no substantial changes in shareholdings under the Income Tax Act, 1967 ("the Act") and guidelines issued by the tax authority.

Pursuant to Section 44(5F) of the Act 1967, the unutilised tax losses can be carried forward until the following years of assessment:

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Year of assessment 2025	-	8,984,000
Year of assessment 2026	-	2,487,000
Year of assessment 2027	-	787,000
Year of assessment 2028	7,683,000	4,538,000
Year of assessment 2029	2,487,000	-
Year of assessment 2030	710,000	-
Year of assessment 2031	704,000	-
Year of assessment 2032	591,000	-
	12,175,000	16,796,000

In prior year, unabsorbed business losses from YA 2019 was only allowed to be carried forward for a maximum period of seven (7) consecutive years of assessment. Any amount which is not utilised at the end of the period of seven (7) years of assessment shall be disregarded. However, based on the Finance Act 2021 which was gazetted on 31 December 2021, the period to carry forward the unabsorbed business losses has been extended to ten (10) years of assessment effective from the year of assessment 2019.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 19. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Non-current		
At cost		
Land held for property development	43,860,848	44,078,076
Current		
At cost		
Properties held for sale	16,297,831	16,976,585
Property development cost	2,224,061	5,340,541
Bunkers and lubricants	9,139,650	5,930,041
Spare parts and consumable stores	5,740,385	3,237,541
Equipment	3,689,982	4,526,621
	37,091,909	36,011,329
	80,952,757	80,089,405
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	150,153,598	126,056,466

### 20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Current					
Trade receivables					
Third parties	208,439,292	159,990,512	-	-	
Finance lease receivables	621,382	3,145,374	-	-	
Associate	500,484	-	-	-	
Trade receivables	209,561,158	163,135,886	-	-	
Less: Allowance for impairment					
Third parties	(13,770,142)	(11,498,861)	-	-	
Trade receivables, net	195,791,016	151,637,025	-	-	

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

		Group	(	Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Current (cont'd)					
Other receivables					
Deposits	3,640,093	3,100,962	43,184	37,679	
Sundry receivables	6,423,724	1,772,826	186	46	
	10,063,817	4,873,788	43,370	37,725	
Total current	205,854,833	156,510,813	43,370	37,725	
Non-current					
Trade receivables					
Third parties	448,400	448,400	-	-	
Finance lease receivables	-	409,237	-	-	
	448,400	857,637	-	-	
Other receivables					
Amounts due from subsidiaries	-	-	15,726,570	16,954,763	
Less: Allowance for impairment	-	-	(8,097,689)	(7,604,947)	
Other receivables, net	-	-	7,628,881	9,349,816	
Total non-current	448,400	857,637	7,628,881	9,349,816	
Total trade and other receivables	206,303,233	157,368,450	7,672,251	9,387,541	

## (a) Trade receivables

Credit terms of trade receivables range from cash terms to 120 days (2021: range from cash terms to 120 days).

Information on exposure to credit risk and its expected credit loss are disclosed in Note 33(d).

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

### (b) Finance lease receivables

Finance lease receivables consist of the following:

	Gross receivables	Unearned interest	Net receivables
	RM	RM	RM
Group			
At 30 June 2022			
Less than 1 year	635,420	(14,038)	621,382
At 30 June 2021			
Less than 1 year	3,216,272	(70,898)	3,145,374
Between 1 and 5 years	419,397	(10,160)	409,237
	3,635,669	(81,058)	3,554,611

### **Related party balances**

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, receivable on demand and non-interest bearing, except for amounts totaling RM2,750,000 (2021: RM2,750,000) which earn interest at rates ranging from 4.50% to 6.85% (2021: 4.50% to 6.85%) per annum.

### 21. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Group			Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Current					
Contract assets (Note 22)	5,871,339	3,832,062	-	-	
Tax recoverable	6,352,125	4,050,825	28,975	63,535	
Prepayments	12,209,715	7,486,248	679,576	672,637	
	24,433,179	15,369,135	708,551	736,172	

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

### 22. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	•	Group
	RM	RM
At 1 July 2021/2020	(858,070)	(3,731,669)
Revenue recognised during the year	43,984,035	38,567,606
Progress billings during the year	(43,282,536)	(35,694,007)
At 30 June 2022/2021	(156,571)	(858,070)
Analysed as follows:		
Contract assets (Note 21)	5,871,339	3,832,062
Contract liabilities (Note 29)	(6,027,910)	(4,690,132)
Retention sums on contracts, included within trade receivables	1,851,031	6,024,398

The costs incurred to date on construction contracts include the following charges made during the financial year:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Hire of plant and machinery	1,358,095	1,246,209
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	1,975,547	1,888,450
Expenses related to short term leases (Note 27)	297,574	217,682

### 23. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

	Group			Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Held for trading investments, at fair value					
Quoted money market funds	43,803,523	26,729,327	8,529,504	1,019,052	

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 24. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group			Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Cash at bank and on hand Short-term deposits with licensed banks	237,554,567 22,846,104	156,963,013 18,004,588	1,519,862	612,137	
	260,400,671	174,967,601	1,519,862	612,137	

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods from 3 days to 12 months (2021: 3 days to 12 months) depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. The weighted average effective interest rates as at 30 June 2022 for the Group were 1.56% to 1.9% (2021: 1.60% to 3.35%). Short-term deposits with licensed banks of the Group amounting to RM4,398,457 (2021: RM3,646,227) are pledged as security for banking facilities utilised as disclosed in Note 27.

For the purpose of statements of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following at the reporting date:

	Group			Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Cash and short-term deposits Bank overdrafts (Note 27)	260,400,671 (284,280)	174,967,601 (68,147)	1,519,862	612,137	
Short-term deposits with maturity more than 3 months	(8,592,444)	(4,418,271)	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	251,523,947	170,481,183	1,519,862	612,137	

#### 25. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES

## **Group and Company**

	Number of	Ordinary		
	Sha	res	<b>←</b> Amo	ount
	Share capital (Issued and fully paid)	Treasury shares	Share capital (Issued and fully paid)	Treasury shares
			RM	RM
At 1 July 2021 and 30 June 2022	400,400,008	(1,823,300)	200,200,008	(886,951)
At 1 July 2020	400,400,004	(706,700)	200,200,002	(354,028)
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	(1,116,600)	-	(532,923)
Exercise of warrants	4	-	6	-
At 30 June 2021	400,400,008	(1,823,300)	200,200,008	(886,951)

In the prior financial year, the issued and paid-up capital of the Company was increased from RM200,200,002 to RM200,200,008 pursuant to the exercise of 4 warrants out of a total 36,400,000 warrants at the exercise price of RM1.56 each.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 25. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES (CONT'D)

#### **Treasury shares**

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company. The amount consists of the acquisition costs of treasury shares net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance.

Of the total 400,400,008 (2021: 400,400,004) issued and fully paid ordinary shares as at 30 June 2022, 1,823,300 (2021: 1,823,300) are held as treasury shares by the Company. As at 30 June 2022, the number of outstanding ordinary shares in issue after the set-off is therefore 398,576,708 (2021: 398,576,708) ordinary shares.

The directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased are held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 127 of the Companies Act 2016.

#### **Warrants**

Warrants were constituted under the Deed Poll dated 17 March 2016. Under the Deed Poll, a total of 36,400,000 warrants had been issued to the shareholders. On 9 April 2021, 4 warrants were successfully exercised and issued at the exercise price of RM1.56. The remaining warrants expired on 2 April 2021.

#### 26. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE

The foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

#### 27. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

			Group		Company
	Maturity	2022	2021	2022	2021
		RM	RM	RM	RM
Current					
Secured:					
Lease liabilities	2023	16,633,735	13,480,506	-	-
Bank overdrafts (Note 24)	On demand	284,280	68,147	-	-
Term loans - RM loan:					
BLR - 0.5%	2022	-	770,103	-	-
BLR - 0.75%	2023	423,365	397,005	-	-
BLR - 1.5%	2023	446,500	422,944	-	-
Term Financing-i	2023	397,273	367,825	-	-
BLR + 0% (a)	2022	-	398,529	-	-
BLR + 0% (b)	2023	600,000	600,000	-	-
BLR + 0.35%	2023	359,840	336,854	-	-
BLR + 0.5%	2023	755,661	1,646,193	-	-
3.38% p.a. fixed rate & BLR - 2%	2023	816,859	69,332	-	-
		20,717,513	18,557,438	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 27. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

		Group			Company	
	Maturity	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
Unsecured:						
Bankers' acceptances	2022	-	5,899,500	-	-	
Invoice financing	2023	1,417,244	5,535,170	-	-	
Revolving credit	2023	1,830,000	815,000	1,830,000	815,000	
		3,247,244	12,249,670	1,830,000	815,000	
Total current		23,964,757	30,807,108	1,830,000	815,000	
Non-current						
Secured:						
Lease liabilities	2024	27,417,675	20,900,607	-	-	
Term loans - RM loan:						
BLR - 0.5%	2024 - 2025	2,388,672	3,234,486	-	-	
BLR - 0.75%	2024 - 2026	1,164,988	1,611,535	-	-	
BLR - 1.5%	2024 - 2025	1,657,604	2,132,350	-	-	
Term Financing-i	2024 - 2029	2,409,001	2,844,393	-	-	
BLR + 0% (b)	2024	1,000,000	1,600,000	-	-	
BLR + 0.35%	2024 - 2029	2,811,932	3,179,425	-	-	
BLR + 0.5%		-	751,134	-	-	
Total non-current		38,849,872	36,253,930	-	-	
Total loans and borrowings		62,814,629	67,061,038	1,830,000	815,000	

### **Bank overdrafts**

Bank overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating charges over certain landed properties of the Group (Note 13), short-term deposits of the Group (Note 24) and against corporate guarantees from the Company. The effective interest rates as at reporting date ranged from BLR + 1% to BLR + 1.25% per annum.

### Bankers' acceptances

Bankers' acceptances are secured against the corporate guarantee of the Company. The effective interest rate as at reporting date of previous financial year ranged from 3.82% to 4.50% per annum.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 27. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

#### **Invoice financing**

Invoice financing are secured against the corporate guarantee of the Company. The effective interest rate as at reporting date is at 4.37% (2021: 4.21%).

#### **Revolving credit**

The revolving credit bore interest at 3.45% (2021: 4.22%) per annum at the reporting date.

#### RM loan at BLR - 0.5%

This loan is secured by a fixed charge over the leasehold land of a subsidiary, Harbour-Link (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("HLM") and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

#### RM loan at BLR - 0.75%

This loan is secured by a fixed charge over land and buildings of a subsidiary, Harbour-Link Logistics Sdn. Bhd. ("HLLG") and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

#### RM loan at BLR - 1.5%

This loan is secured by a fixed charge over certain leasehold land of HLLG and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

#### Term Financing-i

This loan is secured by a fixed charge over freehold land and buildings of a subsidiary, Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn. Bhd. and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

#### RM loan at BLR + 0%

- (a) This loan is secured by a fixed charge over vessel of a subsidiary, Harbour-Link Shipping Sdn. Bhd. and a corporate guarantee from the Company.
- (b) This loan is secured by a fixed charge over leasehold land of a subsidiary, Harbour Services Corporation Sdn. Bhd. and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

### RM loan at BLR + 0.35%

This loan is secured by a fixed charge over the leasehold land of a subsidiary, HLLG. and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

#### RM loan at BLR + 0.5%

This loan is secured by fixed charges over the vessels of subsidiaries, Harbour Ruby Sdn. Bhd. and Harbour Zenith Sdn. Bhd. and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

### RM bank loan at 3.38% fixed for the first year and BLR - 2% subsequently

The loan is secured by way of legal charges on investment properties of HLM and a corporate guarantee from the Company.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 27. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

#### **Lease liabilities**

The movement of lease liabilities during the financial year is as follows:

	RM	RM
Group		
At 1 July 2021/2020	34,381,113	43,524,426
Additions (Note 13)	24,836,445	6,117,915
Interest charged (Note 6)	2,517,366	2,268,482
Payments	(18,264,279)	(17,052,953)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	(663,926)
Exchange difference	1,363,507	828,724
Modification of lease	(782,742)	(641,555)
At 30 June 2022/2021	44,051,410	34,381,113

The expenses relating to payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are as follows:

	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Group		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 13(e))	14,059,726	10,085,608
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 6)	2,517,366	2,268,482
Short term leases		
- recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)	9,668,319	10,644,786
- recognised in contract assets (Note 22)	297,574	217,682

The Group had total cash outflows for leases amounting to RM28,230,172 (2021:RM27,915,421) during the financial year.

There were no leases with residual value guarantee or leases which have yet to commence of which the Group have committed.

The effective interest rate as at reporting date ranged from 2.18% to 7.75% (2021: 2.18% to 7.75%) per annum.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		Group	(	Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Trade payables					
Third parties	123,547,126	68,296,657	-	-	
Accruals	2,712,844	3,812,465	-	-	
	126,259,970	72,109,122	-	-	
Other payables					
Accrued operating expenses	12,359,367	10,697,402	438,498	379,376	
Sundry payables	11,048,508	9,921,151	641,098	754,494	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	-	8,314,927	13,074,571	
Deposit received	1,647,525	1,458,406	-	-	
	25,055,400	22,076,959	9,394,523	14,208,441	
Total trade and other payables	151,315,370	94,186,081	9,394,523	14,208,441	

## (a) Trade and other payables

These amounts are non-interest bearing. Credit terms of trade and other payables ranged from 30 to 180 days (2021: ranged from 30 to 180 days).

### (b) Amounts due to subsidiaries

These amounts are unsecured, repayable on demand and bear interest of 4.5% (2021: 4.5%) per annum.

#### 29. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Contract liabilities (Note 22)	6,027,910	4,690,132

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

### 30. CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Lease liabilities	Term loans	Revolving credit	Bankers' acceptance	Invoice financing	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group						
At 1 July 2021	34,381,113	20,362,108	815,000	5,899,500	5,535,170	66,992,891
New leases	24,836,445	-	-	-	-	24,836,445
Cashflows	(15,746,913)	(5,130,413)	1,015,000	(5,899,500)	(4,117,926)	(29,879,752)
Exchange differences	1,363,507	-	-	-	-	1,363,507
Modification of leases	(782,742)	-	-	-	-	(782,742)
At 30 June 2022	44,051,410	15,231,695	1,830,000	-	1,417,244	62,530,349
At 1 July 2020	43,524,426	26,105,229	21,200,000	1,233,792	4,205,805	96,269,252
New leases	6,117,915	-	-	-	-	6,117,915
Cashflows	(14,784,471)	(5,743,121)	(20,385,000)	4,665,708	1,329,365	(34,917,519)
Disposal of subsidiaries	(663,926)	-	-	-	-	(663,926)
Exchange differences	828,724	-	-	-	-	828,724
Modification of leases	(641,555)	-	-	-	-	(641,555)
At 30 June 2021	34,381,113	20,362,108	815,000	5,899,500	5,535,170	66,992,891
Company						
At 1 July 2021	-	-	815,000	-	-	815,000
Cashflows	-	-	1,015,000	-	-	1,015,000
At 30 June 2022	-	-	1,830,000	-	-	1,830,000
At 1 July 2020	-	-	21,200,000	-	-	21,200,000
Cashflows	-	-	(20,385,000)	-	-	(20,385,000)
At 30 June 2021	-	-	815,000	-	-	815,000

## 31. COMMITMENTS

## **Capital commitments**

Capital expenditure as at the reporting date is as follows:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Approved and contracted for:		
Property, plant and equipment	5,776,399	7,345,691

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 32. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company had the following significant transactions at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year:

	<b>Balance outstanding</b>		Transaction values	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group				
Related parties:				
Income				
Sales of services				
- Azam Teroka Sdn. Bhd.	18,409	24,643	164,395	162,744
- Herdsen Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	-	-	538,665	2,217,633
- Herdsen Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	500,479	35,485	260,342	126,963
- Herdsen Sago Industrial Sdn. Bhd.	3,741	30,879	44,736	64,740
- Magna Goldenway Sdn. Bhd.	500	-	156,673	30,202
- Marup Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	-	17,050	4,372	49,283
- Sri Minah Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	2,000	-	2,100	-
Sales of property, plant and equipment				
- Herdsen Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	2,308,985	-	6,451,891	-
Sales of equipment and spare parts				
- Herdsen Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	-	133,303	74,147	1,515,498
- Marup Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	1,940	5,212	592,668	23,893
Expenditure				
Purchase of services				
- Azam Teroka Sdn. Bhd.	-	(7,000)	39,360	69,280
- Herdsen Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	(16,265)	(120,791)	94,044	915,061
- Ricardon Sdn. Bhd.	(1,500)	(1,500)	6,000	7,000
- Y C Logistic Sdn. Bhd.	(908,900)	-	1,942,300	335,426
Purchase of parts, tyres, materials and equipment				
- Herdsen Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	-	-	1,825	69,854
- Sri Minah Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	-	-	68,032	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 32. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company had the following significant transactions at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year: (cont'd)

	Balan	ce outstanding	Trans	<b>Transaction values</b>	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Group					
Related parties (cont'd):					
Expenditure (cont'd)					
Rental of equipment and premises					
- Herdsen Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	-	-	-	931	
- Magna Goldenway Sdn. Bhd.	(459,040)	(415,530)	880,000	877,513	
- Marup Quarry Sdn. Bhd.	(1,376)	-	7,152	3,372	
- Sri Minah Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	(232,212)	(340,952)	767,588	829,905	
- Director of the subsidiaries					
- Lee Jia Yen	-	-	14,400	14,400	
- Lee Yeong Shing	-	-	19,200	19,200	

Related parties represent companies/persons connected to the directors of the Company namely Dato Yong Piaw Soon, Wong Siong Seh and directors of subsidiaries namely Lee Seng Chiong, Hii Kwong Wui, Yong Leong Mew and Yong Leong Hua.

	Trans	saction values
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Associates		
Income		
Sales of services	(11,698,386)	(37,045)
Dividend income	171,500	171,500
Expenditure		
Purchase of services	5,062,676	2,016,046

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 32. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company had the following significant transactions at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year: (cont'd)

	Trans	saction values
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Company		
Transactions with subsidiaries:		
Income		
Dividend income	24,300,000	10,671,500
Interest income	228,152	405,921
Management fee income	1,296,000	1,176,600
Rental income	836,400	835,433
Expenditure		
Interest expense	162,893	311,971

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel represent those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the directors of the Group and certain members of senior management of the Group.

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	Group		(	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Short-term employee benefits	14,551,254	11,641,980	1,145,334	1,808,764
Post-employment benefits:				
Defined contribution plan	822,207	844,583	127,967	123,263
Benefits-in-kind	81,500	112,531	-	-
	15,454,961	12,599,094	1,273,301	1,932,027
Included in the total key management personnel are:				
Directors' remuneration (Note 9)	5,565,775	3,355,267	1,110,341	1,083,341

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Group's overall financial risk management objective is to minimise any potential adverse effects from the unpredictability of financial markets on the Group's financial performance in order to ensure the Group creates value for its shareholders. Financial risk management is carried out through risk reviews, internal control systems, insurance programmes and adherence to the Group's financial risk management policies. The management regularly reviews these risks and approves the treasury policies, which covers the management of these risks.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risk and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

### (a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Currency risks as defined by MFRS 7 arise on account of monetary assets and liabilities being denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency.

The Group is exposed to currency translation risk arising from its net investments in foreign operations, including Singapore, Brunei Darussalam and Hong Kong.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable possible change in United States Dollar ("USD"), Singapore Dollar ("SGD"), Chinese Yuan ("CNY") and Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD") exchange rates, with all other variable held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax are shown below:

		Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
RM / USD - Strengthen 10% (2021: 3%)	3,879,610	1,445,080
RM / USD - Weaken 6% (2021: 3%)	(2,419,597)	(1,541,419)
RM / SGD - Strengthen 4% (2021: 1%)	522,479	131,957
RM / SGD - Weaken 3% (2021: 2%)	(409,614)	(194,842)
RM / CNY - Strengthen 1% (2021: 1%)	(13,679)	7,490
RM / CNY - Weaken 3% (2021: 6%)	61,000	(44,720)
RM / HKD - Strengthen 10% (2021: 3%)	(239,550)	(111,323)
RM / HKD - Weaken 5% (2021: 3%)	130,272	107,176

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (a) Foreign currency risk (cont'd)

The currency exposure profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities is disclosed as follows:

	Net financial receivables/(payables) and cash and bank balances held in non-functional currencies									
	USD	USD SGD CNY						SGD	HKD	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM					
Functional currency of Group - RM										
At 30 June 2022	96,439,470	12,168,271	688,750	(2,405,764)	106,890,727					
At 30 June 2021	44,444,247	10,609,121	708,034	(3,232,417)	52,528,985					

#### (b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest bearing assets are primarily short-term bank deposits with financial institutions. The interest rates on these deposits are monitored closely to ensure that they are maintained at favourable rates. The Group considers the risk of significant changes to interest rates on deposits to be low.

The Group's primary interest rate risk relates to interest-bearing debts. The Group manages its interest rate exposure by closely monitoring the debt market and where necessary, maintaining a prudent mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings and a mix of interest revision dates. This strategy allows it to capitalise on cheaper funding in a low interest rate environment and to achieve a certain level of protection against rate hikes.

If the Group's borrowings at variable rates on which hedges have not been entered into changes in the following basis points, with all other variables being held constant, the effects on profit before tax would be as follows:

		Group	(	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Borrowings based on cost of funds (KLIBOR):				
- Increase by 75/25 basis points	(13,725)	(2,038)	(13,725)	(2,038)
- Decrease by 75/25 basis points	13,725	2,038	13,725	2,038
Borrowings based on base lending rate (BLR):				
- Increase by 75/25 basis points	(116,370)	(50,902)	-	-
- Decrease by 75/25 basis points	116,370	50,902	-	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities at a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from both capital markets and financial institutions and balances its portfolio with some short-term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness.

### Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	On demand or within one year	More than 1 year and less than 2 years	More than 2 years and less than 5 years	5 years and more	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group					
At 30 June 2022					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	151,315,370	-	-	-	151,315,370
Loans and borrowings	26,084,593	23,553,036	15,599,375	4,410,017	69,647,021
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	177,399,963	23,553,036	15,599,375	4,410,017	220,962,391
At 30 June 2021					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	94,186,081	-	-	-	94,186,081
Loans and borrowings	38,252,756	15,656,434	18,779,905	5,046,551	77,735,646
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	132,438,837	15,656,434	18,779,905	5,046,551	171,921,727

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (c) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (cont'd)

	On demand or within one year	More than 1 year and less than 2 years	More than 2 years and less than 5 years	5 years and more	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Company					
At 30 June 2022					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	9,557,416	-	-	-	9,557,416
Loans and borrowings	1,893,329	-	-	-	1,893,329
Financial guarantee contracts *	66,931,000	-	-	-	66,931,000
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	78,381,745	-	-	-	78,381,745
At 30 June 2021					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	14,294,601	-	-	-	14,294,601
Loans and borrowings	843,036	-	-	-	843,036
Financial guarantee contracts *	49,840,000	-	-	-	49,840,000
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	64,977,637	-	-	-	64,977,637

<sup>\*</sup> Based on the maximum amount that be called under financial guarantee contracts.

### (d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

For trade and other receivables, the Group controls these risk by the application of credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures. The Group also minimises its exposure through analysing the counterparties' financial condition prior to entering into any services/contracts where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via Group's management reporting procedures. For other financial assets (deposits, cash and bank balances with financial institutions) the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with counterparties of high credibility (i.e. banks and financial institutions).

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Credit risk (cont'd)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events and current and forecasted industry conditions including the effects of COVID-19. Generally, trade receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets disclosed in below. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

### **Exposure to credit risk**

At the reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by:

- the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance; and
- a nominal amount of RM66,931,000 (2021: RM49,840,000) relating to corporate guarantees provided by the Company to banks on the subsidiaries' borrowings.

#### Credit risk concentration profile

The Group determines concentration of credit risk by monitoring the trade and other receivables on an ongoing basis. At the reporting date, approximately 18% (2021: 14%) of the Group trade receivables are two major customers located in Malaysia.

#### (i) Exposure to credit risk for trade receivables

#### Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

The following table provides information about exposure to credit risk and expected credit loss for trade receivables of the Group as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021:

	Expected credit loss rate	Total gross carrying amount	Expected credit loss
	in %	RM	RM
Group			
30 June 2022			
Current (not past due)	2.04	110,766,378	2,255,839
Days past due:			
1-90 days	1.06	74,575,749	788,148
91-180 days	12.34	11,821,700	1,458,498
181-360 days	60.81	7,485,979	4,552,576
More than 360 days	87.97	5,359,752	4,715,081
		210,009,558	13,770,142

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (d) Credit risk (cont'd)

Credit risk concentration profile (cont'd)

(i) Exposure to credit risk for trade receivables (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

	Expected credit loss rate	Total gross carrying amount	Expected credit loss
	in %	RM	RM
Group (cont'd)			
30 June 2021			
Current (not past due)	2.70	83,815,590	2,262,825
Days past due:			
1-90 days	2.14	54,540,827	1,168,993
91-180 days	28.91	9,549,805	2,761,147
181-360 days	22.41	7,601,976	1,703,416
More than 360 days	42.46	8,485,325	3,602,480
	_	163,993,523	11,498,861

The movement in allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") during the year for the Group and the Company are shown below:

RM	RM
11,498,861	11,479,107
4,283,325	4,556,528
(2,047,052)	(4,533,047)
14,436	-
2,250,709	23,481
20,572	(3,727)
13,770,142	11,498,861
	11,498,861 4,283,325 (2,047,052) 14,436 2,250,709 20,572

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (d) Credit risk (cont'd)

Credit risk concentration profile (cont'd)

### (ii) Other receivables that are impaired

Movement in allowance accounts:

		Group	C	Company		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
At 1 July 2021/2020	-	783	7,604,947	7,604,947		
Charge for the year (Note 7)	-	-	1,492,742	-		
Reversal of impairment losses (Note 5)	-	(783)	(1,000,000)	-		
At 30 June 2022/2021	-	-	8,097,689	7,604,947		

### 34. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments, categories as follows:

- (a) Amortised cost ("AC")
- (b) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

		<b>←</b>	30	June 2022 —		<b>←</b>	30	June 2021 —	
			Group	Co	ompany		Group	Co	ompany
	Note	AC	FVTPL	AC	FVTPL	AC	FVTPL	AC	FVTPL
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets									
Trade and other receivables	20	206,303,233	-	7,672,251	-	157,368,450	-	9,387,541	-
Investment securities	23	-	43,803,523	-	8,529,504	-	26,729,327	-	1,019,052
Cash and bank balances	24	260,400,671	-	1,519,862	-	174,967,601	-	612,137	-
		466,703,904	43,803,523	9,192,113	8,529,504	332,336,051	26,729,327	9,999,678	1,019,052
Financial liabilities									
Loans and borrowings	27	62,814,629	-	1,830,000	-	67,061,038	-	815,000	-
Trade and other payables	28	151,315,370	-	9,394,523	-	94,186,081	-	14,208,441	-
		214,129,999	-	11,224,523	-	161,247,119	-	15,023,441	-

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 35. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### **Determination of fair value**

Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

	Note
Trade and other receivables	20
Trade and other payables	28
Loans and borrowings	27

The carrying amount of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

The carrying amounts of the current portion of loans and borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

The fair values of current loans and borrowings are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at market incremental lending rate for similar types of lending, borrowing or leasing arrangements at the reporting date.

### Fair value hierarchy

The Group classifies fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 35. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONT'D)

### Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's and Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2022 and 2021:

		Date of	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Note	valuation	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group						
Assets measured at fair value						
Investment securities	23	30 June 2022	43,803,523	-	-	51,246,235
Assets for which fair values are disclosed						
Investment properties	14	30 June 2022	-	-	37,854,838	37,854,838
Assets measured at fair value						
Investment securities	23	30 June 2021	26,729,327	-	-	26,729,327
Assets for which fair values are disclosed						
Investment properties	14	30 June 2021	-	-	26,655,000	26,655,000
Company						
Assets measured at fair value						
Investment securities	23	30 June 2022	8,529,504	-	-	8,529,504
	23	30 June 2021	1,019,052	-	-	1,019,052

### **36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholders value. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment, return capital to shareholders, obtain new financing facilities or dispose assets to reduce borrowings.

Management monitors capital based on the Group's and the Company's gearing ratios. The Group and the Company are also required by certain banks to maintain a gearing ratio of not exceeding certain percentage varying between 100% and 200%. The Group's and the Company's strategies are to maintain gearing ratio of not exceeding 100%.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

#### 36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by equity capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total loans and borrowings, trade and other payables less investment securities, cash and bank balances. Capital is equivalent to capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company.

				Company		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
Loans and borrowings	27	62,814,629	67,061,038	1,830,000	815,000	
Trade and other payables	28	151,315,370	94,186,081	9,394,523	14,208,441	
Less:						
Investment securities	23	(43,803,523)	(26,729,327)	(8,529,504)	(1,019,052)	
Cash and bank balances	24	(260,400,671)	(174,967,601)	(1,519,862)	(612,137)	
Net (cash)/debt		(90,074,195)	(40,449,809)	1,175,157	13,392,252	
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company		616,016,015	475,202,624	249,230,700	239,139,688	
Capital and net debt		525,941,820	434,752,815	250,405,857	252,531,940	
Gearing ratio		N/A*	N/A*	0.5%	5.30%	

<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable as the Group was in a net cash position.

#### 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION

### (a) Reporting format

The primary segment reporting format is determined to be business segments as the Group's risks and rates of return are affected predominantly by differences in the services provided. Secondary information is reported geographically. The operating businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of the services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that serves different markets.

#### (b) Business segments

The Group is organised into five major business segments:

- (i) Investment holding
- (ii) Shipping and marine services
- (iii) Integrated logistics
- (iv) Engineering works
- (v) Property development

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Group financing (including finance costs) and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

The directors are of the opinion that all inter-segment transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from those obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

### 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets, liabilities and other information by business segment:

	Investment holding	Shipping and marine services	Integrated logistics	Engineering works	Property development	Elimination adjustments	Note	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM		RM
30 June 2022								
Revenue								
External sales	-	610,436,026	249,056,224	42,049,706	5,961,524	-		907,503,480
Inter-segment sales	29,604,500	19,012,826	8,608,256	-	342,011	(57,567,593)	Α	-
Total revenue	29,604,500	629,448,852	257,664,480	42,049,706	6,303,535	(57,567,593)		907,503,480
Segment results								
Profit before tax	20,290,082	168,963,967	31,506,945	1,981,797	2,512,573	(24,948,306)	Α	200,307,058
Depreciation	279,906	12,596,225	16,620,811	2,298,078	180,537	(87,890)	Α	31,887,667
Impairment loss	-	-	1,440,229	-	-	-		1,440,229
Reversal of impairment loss	-	(5,965,704)	-	-	-	-		(5,965,704)
Finance costs	242,554	1,173,696	2,659,371	164,620	228,152	(857,811)	Α	3,610,582
Income tax expense	234,645	13,781,448	5,395,114	717,499	720,035	(8,704)		20,840,037
Share of results of associates	(815,864)	(14,086)	244,445	-	-	-		(585,505)
Share of results of joint venture	-	-	(86,321)	-	-	-		(86,321)
Assets								
Investment in associates	-	11,107,088	-	-	-	-		11,107,088
Investment in joint venture	-	-	38,826	-	-	-		38,826
Addition to non-current assets	59,899	69,024,106	18,535,503	4,984,553	94,825	-	В	92,698,886
Segment assets	25,033,018	451,543,565	318,913,433	92,139,721	76,473,387	(2,102,138)	C	962,000,986
Liabilities								
Segment liabilities	2,979,544	123,110,099	105,999,284	14,343,413	3,805,797	(3,105,864)	D	247,132,273

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022 cont'd

### 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets, liabilities and other information by business segment: (cont'd)

	Investment holding	Shipping and marine services	Integrated logistics	Engineering works	Property development	Elimination adjustments	Note	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM		RM
30 June 2021								
Revenue								
External sales	-	396,014,375	168,982,869	35,665,782	8,338,426	-		609,001,452
Inter-segment sales	12,775,533	8,295,083	10,353,314	-	194,900	(31,618,830)	Α	
Total revenue	12,775,533	404,309,458	179,336,183	35,665,782	8,533,326	(31,618,830)		609,001,452
Segment results								
Profit before tax	7,197,943	68,407,005	14,228,032	4,248,468	3,225,993	(14,364,046)	Α	82,943,395
Depreciation	292,106	8,690,986	16,678,227	4,323,864	175,659	(8,743)	Α	30,152,099
Impairment loss	-	-	1,176,463	-	-	-		1,176,463
Finance costs	712,974	1,527,828	2,200,783	187,450	405,501	(1,003,620)	Α	4,030,916
Income tax expense	252,991	4,888,254	1,935,231	1,249,806	(12,687)	(108,724)		8,204,871
Share of results of associates	-	(1,956,156)	116,049	-	-	-		(1,840,107)
Share of results of joint venture	-	-	205,671	-	-	_		205,671
Assets								
Investment in associates	-	10,987,841	-	-	-	-		10,987,841
Investment in joint venture	-	-	654,738	-	-	-		654,738
Addition to non-current assets	57,455	16,442,333	6,347,256	128,803	466,616	-	В	23,442,463
Segment assets	18,878,266	293,197,925	266,273,634	87,494,882	76,369,536	(8,900,642)	C	733,313,601
Liabilities								
Segment liabilities	3,588,150	97,962,180	74,010,489	10,145,613	5,115,987	(6,492,366)	D	184,330,053

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2022

#### 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- A Elimination of inter-segment unrealised profit at consolidation.
- **B** Additions to non-current assets consists of:

	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Property, plant and equipment (Note 13) Investment properties (Note 14)	92,698,886	23,432,461 10,002
	92,698,886	23,442,463

**C** The following items deducted from segment assets to arrive at total assets reported in the consolidated statement of financial positions.

	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Inter-segment assets elimination Unrealised gain on inter-segment transactions	(361,598) (1,740,540)	(7,096,076) (1,804,566)
	(2,102,138)	(8,900,642)

**D** The following items are deducted from segment liabilities to arrive at total liabilities reported in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Inter-segment liabilities elimination	(3,105,864)	(6,492,366)

## (c) Geographical segments

Sales to external customers disclosed in geographical segments are based on the geographical location of its customers. The Group's five business segments operate in following geographical areas:

	Total revenue from external customers		
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Malaysia	615,580,354	505,982,889	
Hong Kong/China	288,142,136	100,187,514	
Singapore	2,417,925	1,450,639	
Brunei	1,363,065	1,380,410	
Consolidated	907,503,480	609,001,452	

## **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

As at 30 September 2022

Total number of Issued Shares : 400,400,008 Class of Shares : Ordinary Shares

Voting Rights : One vote per ordinary share

# SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS as at 30 September 2022

Size of Holdings	No. of Shareholders	Total Holdings	%
Less than 100 shares	11,025	398,592	0.10
100 to 1,000 shares	3,012	819,022	0.21
1,001 to 10,000 shares	1,443	6,378,844	1.59
10,001 to 100,000 shares	580	17,832,029	4.45
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	137	115,478,196	28.84
5% and above of issued shares	7	259,493,325	64.81
	16,204	400,400,008	100.00

# DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS as at 30 September 2022

		Direct In	Indirect Interest		
No.	Name	Shares	%#	Shares	%#
1.	Dato Yong Piaw Soon	39,826,599	9.99	212,819,726*	53.40
2.	Wong Siong Seh	22,274,360	5.59	212,819,726*	53.40
3.	Dato' Toh Guan Seng	5,060,000	1.27	-	-
4.	Datuk Pau Chiong Ung	-	-	-	-
5.	Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak	5,000	@	-	-
6.	Bin Lay Thiam	-	-	-	-
7.	Khoi Hoay Ling	-	-	-	-

Excluding a total of 1,823,300 shares bought-back by the Company and retained as treasury shares.

Deemed interest through shareholdings in Enricharvest Sdn Bhd and United Joy Sdn Bhd by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.

<sup>@</sup> Negligible

# **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

As at 30 September 2022 cont'd

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS as at 30 September 2022

		Direct II	Indirect Interest		
No.	Name	Shares	% <sup>#</sup>	Shares	% <sup>#</sup>
1.	Enricharvest Sdn Bhd	126,258,306	31.68	-	-
2.	United Joy Sdn Bhd	86,561,420	21.72	-	-
3.	Dato Yong Piaw Soon	39,826,599	9.99	212,819,726*	53.40
4.	Wong Siong Seh	22,274,360	5.59	212,819,726*	53.40
5.	Quintet Luxembourg for Samarang Ucits - Samarang Asian Prosperity	24,447,000	6.13	-	-

- # Excluding a total of 1,823,300 shares bought-back by the Company and retained as treasury shares.
- \* Deemed interest through shareholdings in Enricharvest Sdn Bhd and United Joy Sdn Bhd by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.
- @ Negligible

# THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS as at 30 September 2022

No.	Names	No. of Shares held	%#
1	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR UNITED JOY SDN BHD	47,665,420	11.96
2	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ENRICHARVEST SDN BHD	47,458,400	11.91
3	ENRICHARVEST SDN BHD	40,402,340	10.14
4	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR YONG PIAW SOON	39,826,599	9.99
5	UNITED JOY SDN BHD	31,196,000	7.83
6	ENRICHARVEST SDN BHD	28,497,566	7.15
7	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD QUINTET LUXEMBOURG FOR SAMARANG UCITS - SAMARANG ASIAN PROSPERITY	24,447,000	6.13
8	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SIONG SEH	11,617,400	2.91
9	ENRICHARVEST SDN BHD	9,900,000	2.48
10	LEE POH IM	8,355,440	2.10
11	UNITED JOY SDN BHD	7,700,000	1.93
12	RHB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SIONG SEH	7,356,960	1.85
13	TOH GUAN SENG	4,600,000	1.15
14	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR HII KWONG WUI	4,237,500	1.06
15	CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SIONG SEH	3,300,000	0.83

# **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

As at 30 June 2022 cont'd

# THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D) as at 30 September 2022

No.	Names	No. of Shares held	%#
16	CIMB GROUP NOMINEES (ASING) SDN. BHD.  EXEMPT AN FOR DBS BANK LTD	3,246,828	0.81
17	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SING KUOK	2,757,540	0.69
18	LAU CHII HUNG	2,660,000	0.67
19	RHB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR LEE SENG CHIONG	2,209,800	0.55
20	DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (ASING) SDN BHD THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FOR ENSIGN PEAK ADVISORS INC.	2,061,400	0.52
21	UNIVERSAL TRUSTEE (MALAYSIA) BERHAD KAF CORE INCOME FUND	1,767,900	0.44
22	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SING KUOK	1,753,260	0.44
23	LIEW KIM MAN	1,680,000	0.42
24	DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (ASING) SDN BHD THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FOR ACADIAN EMERGING MARKETS MICRO-CAP EQUITY MASTER FUND	1,664,200	0.42
25	CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG LING POH	1,336,000	0.34
26	ALLIANCEGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR KONG KOK CHOY	1,210,000	0.30
27	LOH CHAI KIAM	1,150,000	0.29
28	AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR LAU SII HIN	1,012,300	0.25
29	MOHAMED SALLEH BIN BAJURI	901,560	0.23
30	DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (ASING) SDN BHD THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FOR ACADIAN EMERGING MARKETS SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND, LLC	892,900	0.22

<sup>#</sup> Excluding a total of 1,823,300 shares bought-back by the Company and retained as treasury shares.

# **LIST OF PROPERTIES**

As at 30 June 2022

Description	Tenure	Existing use	Land area/ Built-up area	Approximate age of building	Net book value at 30 June 2022 (RM'000)	Date of acquisition
Harbour-Link Group Bhd						
Unit 6-12, Lot 2646, Parkcity Commerce Square, Jalan Tun Ahmad Zaidi, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 18.02.2057	Office	2,561.7 sq metres	15 years	4,705	18 August 2006
Harbour-Link (M) Sdn Bhd						
Lot 3064, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 11.10.2062	Workshop, storage area and warehouse	20,240.0 sq metres	20 years	3,732	20 February 1998
Lot 3065, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Bintulu Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 11.10.2066	Workshop, storage area and warehouse	8,096.0 sq metres	20 years	379	29 March 2000
Lot 4010, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 24.01.2067	Workshop, storage area and warehouse	12,139.0 sq metres	20 years	1,746	2 August 2002
Lot 4052, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Kidurong Industrial Area, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 25.03.2067	Workshop and storage Storage area	2,902.0 sq metres	16 years	454	5 July 2005
Block 5, 3rd Floor, Unit 1 of Lot 1079, Block 31, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land 60 years from the date of registration of the lease	Residential apartment used as staff quarters	74.3 sq metres	23 years	46	7 October 1998
Lot 2525, Block 32, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 06.05.2059	Residential double- storey semi-detached house used as staff quarters	383.1 sq metres	20 years	101	18 June 2002
Lot 2526 Block 32 Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 06.05.2059	Residential double- storey semi-detached house used as staff quarters	397.1 sq metres	20 years	101	18 June 2002
Lot 660, Block 4, Muara Tebas Land District, Kuching, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 31.12.2036	Container storage yard	28,730.0 sq metres	15 years	1,241	28 January 2004
		Office Cum Warehouse		4 year	8,275	01 May 2019

# **LIST OF PROPERTIES**

As at 30 June 2022 cont'd

Description	Tenure	Existing use	Land area/ Built-up area	Approximate age of building	Net book value at 30 June 2022 (RM'000)	Date of acquisition
Lot 4054, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 08.02.2070	Storage yard rented to 3rd party	5,798 sq metres	13 years	1,643	11 March 2009
Harbour Agencies (Sarawak) Sdn Bhd						
Lot 3429, Block 32, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 06.09.2058	Double-storey semi- detached house rented to 3rd party	305.8 sq metres	23 years	126	19 February 2004
Sublot 32 (Survey Lot 8099) of Parent Lots 1559 and 1561, Lambir Land District, Miri, Sarawak	Leasehold land	Double-storey terraced House Vacant	349.3 sq metres	7 years	515	9 March 2016
Lot 1684, Block 11, Seduan Land District, Sibu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 03.12.2034	Vacant Agriculture land	9,220.0 sq metres	-	450	2 October 2003
Harbour Agencies (Sibu) Sdn Bhd						
Lot 2553, Block 7, Sibu Town District, Sibu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 28.09.2052	Office 3-storey corner shophouse	123.8 sq metres	30 years	134	25 October 1995
Harbour Services (Miri) Sdn Bhd						
Lot 2132, Kuala Baram Land District, Miri, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 05.02.2064	Single storey warehouse industrial building	5,260.0 sq metres	16 years	474	6 February 2004
Harbour-Link Logistics Sdn Bhd						
Lot 3120, Block 26, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 16.01.2058	Warehouse and office	39,580.0 sq metres	6 years	14,204	26 October 2010
Lot 19, Industrial Zone 4, Kota Kinabalu Industrial Park Jalan Sepanjar, Kota Kinabalu, Sabah	Leasehold land expiring on 31.12.2098	Workshop and storage yard	12,205.8 sq metres	15 years	3,955	11 July 2005
Lot 317, Block 1, Kemena Land District at Samalaju Industrial Park, Bintulu, Sarawak	Leasehold land expiring on 20.01.2079	Storage yard	38,910.53 sq metres	4 years	3,060	1 May 2019

# **LIST OF PROPERTIES**

As at 30 June 2022 cont'd

Description	Tenure	Existing use	Land area/ Built-up area	Approximate age of building	Net book value at 30 June 2022 (RM'000)	Date of acquisition
Lot 31, Phase 3A, Lahad Datu,Sabah	Leasehold land 99 years from the date of Registration of Lease	Vacant industrial land	4.49 acres	-	3,772	30 November 2019
Eastern Soldar Engineering & Construction Sdn Bhd						
Lot 17239, Jalan Haruan 2, Oakland Industrial Park, 70200 Seremban	Freehold	Factory and office	10,219.0 sq metres	28 years	3,869	10 November 1992
Lot No. 14849, Town of Seremban, District of Seremban, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold land	Intermediate double- storey shophouse rented to 3rd party	153.0 sq metres	33 years	157	30 June 1994
Lot No. 11441, No. 1, Jalan Kesuma 3/7, Bandar Tasik Kesuma, 43700 Beranang, Selangor	Freehold land	Vacant Corner lot three-storey shopoffice	224 sq metres	20 years	116	20 April 1999
PT 11643, Jalan Techvalley 1/2, Sendayan Techvalley 2, 71950 Bandar Sri Sendayan, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold land	Workshop	28,329.0 sq metres	5 years	13,746	22 May 2013
ESE Energy Sdn Bhd						
Lot No. 21953, Pekan of Bukit Kepayang, District of Seremban, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold land	Three-storey shopoffice Staff house and store	92.9 sq metres	22 years	225	24 June 1996
Sarawak Edible Oils S/B						
Lot 1218, Block 20, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak.	Leasehold land expiring on 31.10.2071	Vacant/ Industrial Land	312,579.19 sq metres	-	44,348	26 April 2010
Lot 2701, Block 2545, Block 20, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, sarawak.	Leasehold land 60 years from the date of registration of lease	Industrial Building	814.3 sq metres	6 years	938	01 April 2018

# **LIST OF PROPERTIES**

As at 30 June 2022 cont'd

Description	Tenure	Existing use	Land area/ Built-up area	Approximate age of building	Net book value at 30 June 2022 (RM'000)	Date of acquisition
Lot 7 (2581), Lot 2535, Block 20, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak.	Leasehold land 60 years from the date of registration of the lease	Office 3-storey shophouse	222.8 s q metres	6 years	785	23 March 2016
Lot 59 (2633) Lot 2535, Block 20, Kemena Land District, Bintulu, Sarawak.	Leasehold land 60 years from the date of registration of the lease	Office 3-storey shophouse	140 sq metres	6 years	522	1 April 2017
Harbour Services Corporation Sdn Bhd						
PN 5048, Lot 205310934 at Kg. Bukit Kalam, Wilayah Persekutuan Labuan	Leasehold land expiring on 13.01.2056	Single storey house	17,377.2 sq metres	2 years	5,801	6 January 2015



**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT** the Twentieth Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") of the Company will be conducted on a virtual basis at the Broadcast Venue at Wisma Harbour, Parkcity Commerce Square, Jalan Tun Ahmad Zaidi, 97000 Bintulu, Sarawak on Monday, 28 November 2022 at 10.00 a.m. for the purpose of transacting the following businesses:-

#### **AGENDA**

- To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 2. To approve a final single tier dividend of 2.5 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

(Resolution 1)

3. To approve the payment of Directors' fees and allowances up to RM350,000.00 for the period from this AGM until the next AGM of the Company.

(Resolution 2)

- 4. To re-elect the following Directors retiring in accordance with Article 86 of the Company's Constitution and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:
  - i) Dato Yong Piaw Soon

(Resolution 3) (Resolution 4)

ii) Datuk Pau Chiong Ung

5. To re-appoint Messrs. Ernst & Young PLT as Auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration.

(Resolution 5)

#### **AS SPECIAL BUSINESS**

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following as ordinary resolutions: -

#### 6. **AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES**

(Resolution 6)

"THAT pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 ("the Act") and subject to the approvals from the relevant governmental and/or regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the time of submission to the authority AND THAT the Directors be and are also hereby empowered to obtain the approval from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued AND THAT such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

AND THAT pursuant to Section 85 of the Act to be read together with Article 3 of the Company's Constitution, approval be and is hereby given to waive the statutory pre-emptive rights of the shareholders of the Company to be offered new Company shares ranking equally to the existing issued Company shares arising from any issuance of the new Company shares pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Act."

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 PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE AND PROPOSED NEW SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE ("PROPOSED SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE") (Resolution 7)

"THAT the mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company at the Nineteenth AGM held on 29 November 2021 pursuant to paragraph 10.09 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, authorizing the Company and its subsidiary ("**HLG Group**") to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature as set out in Section 2.3(i) of the Circular to Shareholders dated 28 October 2022 with the related parties mentioned therein which are necessary for HLG Group's day-to-day operations, be and is hereby renewed.

THAT approval be and is hereby given for HLG Group to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature as set out in Section 2.3(ii) of the Circular to Shareholders dated 28 October 2022, which are necessary for HLG Group's day-to-day operations.

THAT the HLG Group be and is hereby authorised to enter into the recurrent transactions with the related parties mentioned therein provided that:-

- a) the transactions are in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms which are not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of the Company; and
- b) the disclosure will be made in the Annual Report of the breakdown of the aggregate value of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions conducted pursuant to the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate during the financial year based on the type of Recurrent Related Party Transactions made, the names of the related parties involved in each type of Recurrent Related Party Transactions and their relationships with the Company.

THAT authority conferred shall continue to be in force until:-

- i) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company following the forthcoming Twentieth AGM at which the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate is approved, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the AGM, the mandate is again renewed;
- ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM of the Company is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2)(b) of the Act, (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act); or
- iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting,

whichever is earlier;

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate."

8. To transact any other business which may properly be transacted at an AGM for which due notice shall have been given.

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#### NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT AND PAYMENT

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN THAT, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Twentieth AGM, a final single tier dividend of 2.5 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 will be paid on 28 December 2022 to depositors whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 30 November 2022.

A Depositor shall qualify for entitlement to the Dividend only in respect of:-

- a) Shares transferred to the Depositor's securities account before 4.30 p.m. on 30 November 2022 in respect of transfers.
- b) Shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

By Order of the Board

LIM SECK WAH (MAICSA NO. 0799845)
M. CHANDRASEGARAN A/L S. MURUGASU (MAICSA NO. 0781031)
Company Secretaries
Sarawak

Dated: 28 October 2022

#### Notes:-

- 1. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Twentieth AGM, the Company shall be requesting the Record of Depositors as at 21 November 2022. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 21 November 2022 shall be entitled to attend the said meeting or appoint proxies to attend, speak and vote on his/her behalf.
- 2. A member may appoint up to two (2) proxies who need not be members of the Company to attend, speak and vote at the same meeting. Where a member appoints two (2) proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. (i) Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Central Depositories Act 1991, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy but not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
  - (ii) Where a member of the company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorized nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy, in the case of an individual, shall be signed by the appointer or by his attorney duly authorised in writing, and in the case of a corporation, shall be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney of the corporation duly authorised.
- 5. The Form of Proxy or the instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney (if any) under which it is signed or authorised certified copy thereof must be deposited at the office of the Poll Administrator, Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd situated at Level 15-2, Bangunan Faber Imperial Court, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur or email to AGM-support.HLGB@megacorp.com.my not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof. You also have the option to register directly at <a href="https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB">https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB</a> to submit the proxy appointment electronically not later than Saturday, 26

cont'd

November 2022 at 10.00 a.m. For further information on the electronic submission of proxy form, kindly refer to the annexure of the Administrative Notes.

Explanatory Notes to Special Business

i) Ordinary Resolution 6 – Authority to issue shares

The effect of the Ordinary Resolution if passed, will give the Directors of the Company, from the date of the Twentieth AGM, authority to allot and issue shares up to 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit and in the interest of the Company. The authority, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

The mandate obtained last year was not exercised and hence no proceed was raised therefrom.

The Board would like to renew the mandate to enable the Directors of the Company to issue and allot shares at any time to such persons in their absolute discretion without convening a general meeting as it would be both time and cost consuming to organise a general meeting. The renewed authority for allotment of shares will provide flexibility to the Company for the allotment of shares for the purpose of funding future investment, working capital, repayment of bank borrowings and/or acquisitions.

ii) Ordinary Resolution 7 – Proposed Shareholders' Mandate

The explanatory note on Ordinary Resolution 7 is set out in the Circular to Shareholders dated 28 October 2022.



## **ADMINISTRATIVE NOTES**

For the 20<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ("20<sup>th</sup> AGM")

Date : Monday, 28 November 2022

Time : **10.00 a.m.** 

Venue : Broadcast Venue at Wisma Harbour, Parkcity Commerce Square, Jalan Tun Ahmad Zaidi, 97000 Bintulu,

Sarawak

#### Voting via Digital Ballot Form at a Virtual 20th AGM

1. The 20<sup>th</sup> AGM of Harbour-Link Group Berhad ("**the Company**") will be conducted on a virtual basis through remote participation and electronic voting from the Broadcast Venue.

- 2. The Broadcast Venue is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act 2016 which requires the Chairman of the meeting to be present at the main venue of the meeting. Members will not be allowed to physically present at the AGM in person at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the meeting.
- 3. Shareholders who wish to participate in the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM will therefore have to do so remotely. Pre-registration of attendance is required via the link at <a href="https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB">https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB</a> (please refer to paragraph 4 for further details). After the registration is validated and accepted, shareholders will receive an email with a link to grant access to the **Digital Ballot Form** ("DBF").
- 4. With the DBF, you may exercise your right as a shareholder of the Company to participate (including to pose questions to the Board/Management of the Company) and vote during the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM, at the comfort of your home or from any location.
- 5. Shareholders may use the *Questions' Pane* facility (located at the top right corner of the screen) to submit questions in real time during the meeting via the Live-Streaming solution. Shareholders may also submit questions before the meeting via email to the following e-mail address in relation to the agenda items for the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM:

#### AGM-support.HLGB@megacorp.com.my

#### **Registration Procedure**

- 6. Kindly follow the steps below to ensure that you are able to obtain your DBF and details to log in to the Live-Streaming session to participate and vote remotely during the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM online:
  - a. Open this link <a href="https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB">https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB</a>, or scan the QR code at the top right corner of this document, and submit all requisite details at least forty-eight (48) hours before the date of 20<sup>th</sup> AGM.
  - b. Only shareholders are allowed to register their details online. Shareholders can also appoint proxies or Chairman of the meeting as proxy via online, as in step (a) above. Please ensure that your details are accurate as non-compliance would result in you not being able to participate in the Meeting.
  - c. Alternatively, you may deposit your Proxy Form, duly completed with the proxy's email address and mobile phone number, at the office of the Poll Administrator at least 48 hours before the date of the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM at:

#### Mega Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd.

Level 15-2, Bangunan Faber Imperial Court, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan or;

Submit via e-mail to:

#### AGM-support.HLGB@megacorp.com.my

d. For corporate shareholders/nominee accounts, please execute Form of Proxy as per step (c) above.

## **ADMINISTRATIVE NOTES**

For the 20<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ("20<sup>th</sup> AGM") cont'd

- e. Upon verification on your registration, the Poll Administrator, Mega Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd., will send the following via email:
  - i. **Meeting Link** for the Live-Streaming Session
  - ii. **DBF** for Voting Purposes

#### Record of Depositors ("ROD") for the 20<sup>TH</sup> AGM

7. The date of ROD for the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM is Monday, 21 November, 2022. As such, only shareholders whose name appear in the ROD shall be entitled to participate, speak and vote at the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM or appoint proxy(ies)/corporate representative(s) to participate, speak and vote on his/her behalf.

#### **Poll Voting**

- 8. The voting of the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM will be conducted by poll. The Company has appointed Mega Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd. as the Poll Administrator to conduct the polling process by way of e-voting, and Cygnus Technology Solutions Sdn. Bhd. as Scrutineers to verify the poll results.
- 9. Shareholders can proceed to vote on the resolutions and submit your votes during the voting period as stipulated in the DBF. Upon completion of the voting session for the 20<sup>th</sup> AGM, the Scrutineers will verify the poll results after which the Chairman will announce the poll results of the resolutions.

#### **Enquiry**

If you have any enquiries on the above, please contact the Poll Administrator during office hours (Monday to Friday):

### Mega Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd.

Email: AGM-support.HLGB@megacorp.com.my

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### HARBOUR-LINK GROUP BERHAD

Registration No. 200201025239 (592902-D) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## **FORM OF PROXY**

No. of shares held	:	
CDS Account No.	:	

(Befor	efore completing this form please refer to the notes below)			ount No.			
I/We*	(Full name in block)	NRIC/Passport/Registra	tion No.* _				
of	(ran name in block)						
OI		(Address)					
with e	mail address	Mobile ph	one no				
being	a member/members* of <b>Harbour-Link Group Berhad</b>	("the Company") hereby a	ppoint(s):-				
Full Name (in Block) NRIC/Passport No.				Percentage of Shareholdings			
			%				
Add	ress						
Ema	il Address						
Mob	ile Phone No.						
and/o	r*						
Full	Name (in Block)	NRIC/Passport No.		Percentage of Shareholdings %			
Add	ress						
Ema	il Address						
Mob	ile Phone No.						
at the Wisma a.m. o	ing him/her, the Chairman of the Meeting as *my/our p Twentieth Annual General Meeting (" <b>AGM</b> ") of the Ca Harbour, Parkcity Commerce Square, Jalan Tun Ahmar r at any adjournment thereof.	company to be conducted d Zaidi, 97000 Bintulu, Sara	on a virti awak on M	ual basis at th Ionday, 28 No	e Broado vember 2	ast Venue at 2022 at 10.00	
tne pr	oxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretio	n.					
000	INARY DESCRIPTIONS			T PROXY		ID PROXY	
1.	INARY RESOLUTIONS  To approve a final single tier dividend of 2.5 sen p	or ordinary share for the	FOR	AGAINST	FOR	AGAINST	
1.	financial year ended 30 June 2022	er ordinary snare for the					
2.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees and allowances up to RM350,000.00 for the period from this AGM until the next AGM of the Company						
3.	To re-elect the director, Dato Yong Piaw Soon						
4.	To re-elect the director, Datuk Pau Chiong Ung						
5.	To re-appoint the retiring auditors, Messrs. Ernst & Young PLT						
6.	. Authority to Issue Shares						
7. Proposed renewal of shareholders' mandate and proposed new shareholders' mandate for recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature							
* delet	e whichever is not applicable.						
Dated	this day of 20	022					

#### Notes:-

- 1. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Twentieth AGM, the Company shall be requesting the Record of Depositors as at 21 November 2022. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 21 November 2022 shall be entitled to attend the said meeting or appoint proxies to attend, speak and vote on his/her behalf.
- 2. A member may appoint up to two (2) proxies who need not be members of the Company to attend, speak and vote at the same meeting. Where a member appoints two (2) proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy.
  - (i) Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Central Depositories Act 1991, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy but not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
  - (ii) Where a member of the company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorized nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy, in the case of an individual, shall be signed by the appointer or by his attorney duly authorised in writing, and in the case of a corporation, shall be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney of the corporation duly authorised.
- 5. The Form of Proxy or the instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney (if any) under which it is signed or authorised certified copy thereof must be deposited at the office of the Poll Administrator, Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd situated at Level 15-2, Bangunan Faber Imperial Court, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur or email to <u>AGM-support.HLGB@megacorp.com.my</u> not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof. You also have the option to register directly at <a href="https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB">https://vps.megacorp.com.my/w1HsZB</a> to submit the proxy appointment electronically not later than Saturday, 26 November 2022 at 10.00 a.m. For further information on the electronic submission of proxy form, kindly refer to the annexure of the Administrative Notes.

Fold	along	this	line	(1)

Please Affix Stamp

The Company Secretary

HARBOUR-LINK GROUP BERHAD (Registration No. 200201025239 (592902-D)

c/o Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd

Level 15-2, Bangunan Faber Imperial Court, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan

Fold along this line (2)

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### HARBOUR-LINK GROUP BERHAD

[Registration No. 200201025239 (592902-D)]

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